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<b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/US98/04147 <b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 4 March 1998 (04.03.98) <b>(30) Priority Data:</b> 08/811,682      5 March 1997 (05.03.97)      US <b>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):</b> NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY [US/US]; 1 Holladay Hall, Campus Box 7003, Raleigh, NC 27695-7003 (US). <b>(72) Inventors; and</b> <b>(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only):</b> TOMPKINS, Wayne, A., F. [CA/US]; 4700 Hillsborough Street, Raleigh, NC 27695 (US). TOMPKINS, Mary, B. [CA/US]; 4700 Hillsborough Street, Raleigh, NC 27695 (US). YANG, Joo-Sung [KR/US]; 4311 Spruce Creek Street, Philadelphia, PA (US). <b>(74) Agents:</b> BENNETT, Virginia, C. et al.; Myers, Bigel, Sibley & Sajovec, L.L.P., P.O. Box 37428, Raleigh, NC 27627 (US).		<b>(81) Designated States:</b> AL, AM, AT, AT (Utility model), AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, CZ (Utility model), DE, DE (Utility model), DK, DK (Utility model), EE, EE (Utility model), ES, FI, FI (Utility model), GB, GE, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK (Utility model), TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).  <b>Published</b> <i>With international search report.</i>
<b>(54) Title:</b> FELINE IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS CLONE JSY3		
<b>(57) Abstract</b>  A full length genomic clone (JSY3) of FIV-NCSU <sub>1</sub> was isolated and sequenced. The JSY3 molecular clone retains in the <i>in vivo</i> biological characteristics of the parent virus, including the ability to cause a significant inversion of the CD4 <sup>+</sup> /CD8 <sup>+</sup> ratio by six weeks post infection.		

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## FELINE IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS CLONE JSY3

This invention was made with government support under Public Health Service grant NO1 AI 35515 from the NIAIDS-DAIDS. The government may have certain rights to this invention.

### Field of the Invention

This invention concerns a Feline Immunodeficiency Virus molecular clone which is highly infectious *in vivo* and which produces immunodeficiency in infected subjects.

### Background of the Invention

Feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV), a lentivirus of cats, is associated with feline acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). See N. Pedersen et al., *Science* 235: 790 (1987). Disorders associated with FIV infection include chronic gingivitis/stomatitis, chronic upper respiratory infections, chronic enteritis, and recurrent ocular disease. See R. English et al., *J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc.* 196: 1116 (1990); N. Pedersen et al., *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.* 21: 111 (1989); J. Yamamoto et al., *J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc.* 194: 213 (1989). What is known to date of the pathogenesis of FIV infection suggests that it is a valuable animal model for other retroviral diseases, such as human immunodeficiency virus-1 (HIV-1) infection. HIV-1 and FIV belong to the lentivirus subfamily of retroviruses, have similar morphology, protein composition, and  $Mg^{2+}$ -dependency of their reverse transcriptases (RT). See N. Pedersen et al., *Science* 235: 790 (1987); N.

Pedersen et al., *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.* 21:111 (1989). They both display tropism for T lymphocytes and monocytes and are capable of inducing these cells to form syncytia. See D. Brunner and N. Pedersen, *J. Virol.* 63: 5483 (1989);  
5 M. Gardner and P. Luciw, *FASEB Journal* 3: 2593 (1989). HIV-1 displays a particular tropism for CD4<sup>+</sup> lymphocytes, which leads to their gradual depletion and an inversion of the CD4<sup>+</sup>:CD8<sup>+</sup> ratio. See A. Dalglish et al., *Nature* 312: 763 (1984). The pathogenesis of HIV-1 infection has been  
10 attributed to virus-induced reduction of CD4<sup>+</sup> lymphocyte numbers and functions, resulting in decreased immune responsiveness and subsequent severe secondary infections. See M. McChesney and M. Oldstone, *Ad. Immunol.* 45: 335 (1989).

15 Yamamoto et al. studied the early events in the pathogenesis of FIV in kittens. See J. Yamamoto et al., *Am. J. Vet. Res.* 49: 1246 (1988). These kittens developed an acute infection syndrome similar to that seen in HIV-1, including low grade fever and transient generalized  
20 lymphadenopathy. More recent studies by Ackley et al., *J. Virol.* 64: 5652 (1990), utilized monoclonal antibodies directed against feline CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup> homologues and Pan T cells to analyze lymphocyte profiles in SPF cats experimentally infected with FIV. These authors reported  
25 that a significant inversion of the CD4<sup>+</sup>:CD8<sup>+</sup> ratios occurred only in cats infected for 18 months or more. The inversion was associated with a decrease in absolute number of CD4<sup>+</sup> cells and an increase in CD8<sup>+</sup> cells.

A panel of monoclonal antibodies specific for feline T  
30 cell subsets (M. Tompkins et al., *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.* 26: 305 (1990)) has been used to analyze T cell numbers and profiles in cats naturally infected with FIV. See C. Novotney et al., *AIDS* 4: 1213 (1990). Similar to the observation of Ackley et al. *supra*, cats naturally  
35 infected with FIV have an inverted CD4<sup>+</sup>:CD8<sup>+</sup> ratio characterized by a selective reduction in CD4<sup>+</sup> cells.



### Summary of the Invention

A first aspect of the present invention is an isolated feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV) having all of the identifying characteristics of FIV clone JSY3.

5 A further aspect of the present invention is an isolated feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV) whose proviral DNA comprises a DNA sequence selected from SEQ ID NO:1 and sequences which vary from SEQ ID NO:1 due to the degeneracy of the genetic code.

10 A further aspect of the present invention is a biologically pure culture of host cells containing feline immunodeficiency virus as described above.

A further aspect of the present invention is isolated DNA comprising a DNA sequence selected from SEQ ID NO:1 and  
15 sequences which vary from SEQ ID NO:1 due to the degeneracy of the genetic code; vectors containing such DNA; and host cells containing and capable of expressing such vectors.

A further aspect of the present invention is isolated DNA comprising a DNA sequence selected from (a) SEQ ID  
20 NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:13, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:19, and (b) sequences which vary from those of (a) above due to the degeneracy of the genetic code; vectors containing such DNA; and host cells containing and capable  
25 of expressing such vectors.

A further aspect of the present invention is a polypeptide having a sequence selected from SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID  
NO:12, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:17, and SEQ ID NO:20.

30 A further aspect of the present invention is a specific pathogen free (SPF) cat infected with feline immunodeficiency virus clone JSY3.

### Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1A - 10 provide the DNA sequence of the FIV-NCSU,  
35 insert of the lambda clone. The first three nucleotides are part of the lambda vector DNA sequence; the FIV

proviral DNA sequence begins with the fourth nucleotide of Figure 1A. The gag region (and the p15, p25, p24a and p10 regions therein), the pol region (and two open reading frames (orf) therein, and the env region (and the transmembrane (TM) protein therein) are indicated.

Figure 2A - 2H aligns the group specific antigen (gag) open reading frame of the FIV NCSU<sub>1</sub> JSY3 molecular clone with those of six known FIV strains: FIV PPR, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 14, FIV TM1 and FIV TM2.

Figure 3A - 3O aligns the envelope protein sequence of FIV NCSU<sub>1</sub> JSY3 molecular clone with those of five known FIV strains: FIV 14, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 19k, and FIV PPR.

Figure 4 is a schematic of the strategy used for the molecular cloning of the FIV JSY3 full-length genome, beginning with total cellular DNA from FCD4E cells directly infected with FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub>.

### Detailed Description of the Invention

A major limitation of the FIV model for the study of retroviral infection is the unavailability of molecular clones that retain the pathogenic characteristics of the wild-type viruses. Genetically homogeneous molecular clones of FIV that retain the biological and disease-causing properties of the pathogenic wild-type populations are useful for understanding the molecular basis for determinants of FIV pathogenesis, treatment of FIV, and the relevance of FIV to other retroviral infections.

The FIV molecular clones FIV-14 (Olmsted et al., *PNAS USA* 86:2448 (1989)), FIV-pF34 of FIV-Petaluma (Sparger et al., *Virology* 205:546 (1994)), FIV-pPPR of FIV-PPR (Sparger et al., *Virology* 205:546 (1994)), pFTM191CG of FIV-TM1 (Miyazawa et al., *J. Virol.* 65:1572 (1991)), and 19K1 of FIV Amsterdam-19 (Siebelink et al., *J. Virol.* 66:1091 (1992)), have been reported to be infectious *in vivo* as determined by seroconversion, cell-associated virus, and the presence of FIV provirus. No clone has been reported as pathogenic to the extent that it causes immunodeficiency

-5-

and increased susceptibility to secondary opportunistic infections.

An isolate of FIV (FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub>) that is pathogenic in vivo, as measured by a severe loss of CD4+ cells and development of secondary infections, severe wasting, neurological disease, and B-cell lymphomas, has been described recently (English et al., *J. Infect. Dis.* 170:543 (1994)). Davidson et al. (*Am. J. Pathol.* 143:1486 (1993)) were able to demonstrate that FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> causes a relatively early and profound state of immunodeficiency, as measured by loss of resistance to challenge with a *Toxoplasma gondii* strain with a low level of virulence. This dual FIV-*T. gondii* infection provides a model with which to determine the ability of FIV isolates as well as molecular clones of FIV to cause immunodeficiency.

A full length FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> genome (JSY3) was cloned directly from FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> infected feline CD4+ lymphocyte (FCD4E) genomic DNA and identified by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplification with 5'-LTR, gag, env, 3'-LTR primer sets. Supernatant collected from FCD4E cells cocultured with JSY3-transfected Crandell feline kidney (CrFK) cells was used as inoculum. Cell-free JSY3 virus was cytopathogenic for FCD4E lymphocytes, but did not infect CrFK cells in vitro. To determine in vivo infectivity and pathogenesis, 6 young adult SPF cats were inoculated with cell-free JSY3 virus. Provirus was detected at 2 wk post-infection, and was still detectable at 25 weeks post infection as determined by gag region PCR/Southern blot analysis of peripheral blood mononuclear cell (PBMC) lysates. Infectious virus was recovered from PBMC at six weeks and 25 weeks post infection, and antibody response to FIV was detected by four weeks post infection. In the acute phase of infection, JSY3 provirus was found only in the CD4+ lymphocyte subset; however, by 14 weeks post infection the greatest provirus burden was detected in B lymphocytes. All six cats were panleukopenic at two weeks post infection, CD4+:CD8+ ratios were inverted by six

-6-

weeks post-infection, and 5/6 cats developed lymphadenopathy by ten weeks post infection. To determine if the JSY3 molecular clone caused immunodeficiency similar to the parent wild-type FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub>, the cats were challenged with the low virulence ME49 strain of *Toxoplasma gondii* (5 *T. gondii*) at 29 weeks post infection. Five of six cats developed acute respiratory distress and required euthanasia. Histopathologic examination of the severely affected cats revealed generalized inflammatory reactions and the presence of *T. gondii* tachyzoites in multiple (10 tissues. None of the six age- and sex-matched SPF cats inoculated with only *T. gondii* developed clinical disease. These results indicate that the pathogenesis of the molecularly cloned NCSU<sub>1</sub> JSY3 isolate is similar to the (15 wild-type FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> and induces immunodeficiency in cats.

The JSY3 molecular clone retains the essential *in vitro* and *in vivo* biological characteristics of the parent virus. This clone was obtained from an EMBL3 lambda phage library made from FCD4E cells, and the intact genomic structure was (20 confirmed by PCR comparison with the FIV-pPPR molecular clone. The JSY3 molecular clone recovered was highly infectious for PBMCs and FCD4E cells but failed to infect CrFK cells, thus retaining the tropism of the parent FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> virus. Miyazawa et al. (Miyazawa et al., *J. Virol.* 25 65:1572 (1991)) and Siebelink et al. (Siebelink et al., *J. Virol.* 66:1091 (1992)) reported that CD4+ lymphoblastoid cell line MYA-1 cell-derived or bone marrow-derived molecular clones of FIV recovered from transfected CrFK cells failed to reinfect CrFK but retained their tropism (30 for PBMC and CD4+ cell cultures. Similarly, the PBMC-derived molecular clone FIV-pPPR replicated efficiently in PBMCs but did not infect adherent cells such as CrFK or G355-5 cells (Phillips et al., *J. Virol.* 64:4605 (1990)), whereas the FIV-p34 clone, derived from the CrFK-adapted Petaluma isolate, replicated efficiently in feline adherent (35 cells, including CrFK cells, but inefficiently in PBMCs (Sparger et al., *Virology* 205:546 (1994)).

The JSY3 clone retains the *in vivo* biological characteristics of the parent NCSU<sub>1</sub> virus. Both viruses caused a significant inversion of the CD4<sup>+</sup>/CD8<sup>+</sup> ratio by six weeks post infection. As reported previously for a number of biological isolates of FIV (Ackley et al., *J. Virol.* 64:5652 (1990); Torten et al., *J. Virol.* 65:2225 (1991); Willett et al., *Immunology*, 78:1 (1993)), including the NCSU<sub>1</sub> isolate (English et al., *J. Infect. Dis.* 170:543 (1994); Tompkins et al., *J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc.* 199:1311 (1991)), the inverted CD4<sup>+</sup>/CD8<sup>+</sup> ratio caused by the JSY3 clone was the result of a loss of CD4<sup>+</sup> lymphocytes and an increase in CD8<sup>+</sup> lymphocytes. Consistent with the NCSU<sub>1</sub> biological isolate, the JSY3 molecular clone caused a strong antibody response to gag and env antigens, and PBMCs had a high burden of FIV provirus during the acute-stage infection.

The JSY3 clone exhibited a pattern similar to the parent FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> (English et al., *J. Virol.* 67:5175 (1993)) of high provirus burden in CD4<sup>+</sup> cells during acute-stage infection, followed by a gradual shift to a panlymphotropic pattern during the transition from the acute to the asymptomatic stage of infection.

Derivation of molecular clones of viruses from *in vitro* culture systems poses the risk of selection of some viral genotypes over others (see Dahl et al., *J. Virol.* 61:1602 (1987); Evans et al., *J. Immunol.* 138:3415 (1987); Meyerhans et al., *Cell* 58:901 (1989)), or introduction of modifications in cultured virus, (see Hirsch et al., *Nature* 341:767 (1989); Kodama et al., *J. Virol.* 63:4709 (1989)). For FIV, Sparger et al. (Sparger et al., *Virology* 205:546 (1994)) reported that the pF34 clone derived from the CrFK-adapted Petaluma isolate is less pathogenic than the parent Petaluma virus isolated from PBMCs. In contrast the FIV-pPPR molecular clone derived from PPR-infected PBMCs and the biological parent PPR isolate show similar pathogenicities, including virus burden in PBMCs and reduced CD4<sup>+</sup>/CD8<sup>+</sup> ratios (Sparger et al., *Virology* 205:546

(1994)). The JSY3 molecular clone also retains the essential biological characteristics of the parent isolate. This may be largely because the risk of culture-related artifacts was minimized by isolating FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> genomic DNA from FIV-inoculated CD4<sup>+</sup> lymphocytes (FCD4E cells). The FCD4E cells used had been in laboratory culture for several years, but remained interleukin-2 dependent and appeared to express a normal rather than a transformed phenotype and thus represent as near as possible in vitro the primary in vivo target of FIV.

The value of a molecular clone for studies of pathogenesis depends on its ability to replicate the disease caused by its biological parent virus. The NCSU<sub>1</sub> isolate of FIV causes an acute-stage clinical disease characterized by fever and lymphadenopathy that is transient and resolves as the infection progresses to the clinically asymptomatic stage of infection. The JSY3 acute-stage infection was also characterized by a fever and lymphadenopathy that was followed by a clinically asymptomatic stage.

Davidson et al. (Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)) reported that cats infected with FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> become highly susceptible to a normally avirulent strain of *T. gondii* as early as 18 weeks post-FIV infection. This dual FIV-*T. gondii* infection was utilized herein to determine if infection with clone JSY3 also caused an immunodeficiency early in the asymptomatic stage of infection; *T. gondii* infection of cats with prior JSY3 infection resulted in severe clinical infection as described below.

The present observations indicate that the JSY3 molecular clone causes a major impairment in the immune response, resulting in enhanced susceptibility to secondary infection by *T. gondii*. Thus, JSY3 possesses all of the essential biological characteristics of the parent NCSU<sub>1</sub> isolate, including induction of immunodeficiency.

### A. The JSY3 Genome

The DNA sequence of the JSY3 provirus clone of FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> is provided in **Figure 1**, with the group specific antigen (*gag*), polymerase (*pol*), and envelope protein (*env*) regions marked. The JSY3 proviral DNA sequence consists of 9471 base pairs (SEQ ID NO:1).

The coding region of *gag* is nucleotides 631-1980 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:4) and encodes a 450 amino acid product (SEQ ID NO:2).

The coding region for the p15 protein is nucleotides 631-1035 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:5), with a polypeptide product of 135 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:6).

The coding region for the p25 protein is nucleotides 1036-1704 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:7), with a polypeptide product of 223 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:8).

The coding region for the p24a protein is nucleotides 1264-1305 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:9), with a polypeptide product of 14 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:10).

The coding region for the p10 protein is nucleotides 1717-1980 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:11), with a polypeptide product of 88 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:12).

The coding region of *pol* is amino acids 2151-5991 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:13). Two open reading frames (orfs) are found in the *pol* region. Orf 1 is nucleotides 2151-5243 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:14), encoding a product of 1031 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:15); Orf 2 is nucleotides 5239-5991 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:16) and encodes a product of 251 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:17).

The *env* coding region is nucleotides 6269-8824 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:18) and encodes a protein of 852 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:3). The transmembrane (TM) peptide is encoded by nucleotides 8339-8374 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:19), and is 12 amino acids in length (SEQ ID NO:20).

**Figure 2** aligns the *gag* open reading frames of the JSY3 clone of NCSU<sub>1</sub> (FIV-NCSU), FIV PPR, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 14, FIV TM1, and FIV TM2. **Figure 3** aligns the whole envelope protein sequence of clone JSY3 of NCSU<sub>1</sub> with FIV 14, FIV Z1,

-10-

FIV CG, FIV 19k, and FIV PPR.

Amino acid sequences disclosed herein are presented in the amino to carboxy direction, from left to right. The amino and carboxy groups are not presented in the sequence.

5 Nucleotide sequences are presented herein by single strand only, in the 5' to 3' direction, from left to right. Nucleotides and amino acids are represented herein in the manner recommended by the IUPAC-IUB Biochemical Nomenclature Commission, or (for amino acids) by three

10 letter code in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.822 and established usage. See, e.g. Patent In User Manual, 99-102 (Nov. 1990) (U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, Office of the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington D.C. 20231); U.S. Patent No. 4,871,670 to Hudson et al. at Col.

15 3, lines 20-43 (applicants specifically intend that the disclosure of this and all patent references cited herein are to be incorporated herein by reference).

Aspects of the present invention are achieved by a viral clone having the DNA sequence as provided herein for

20 Feline Immunodeficiency Virus clone JSY3.

#### B. Identification of Antigenic Fragments

Antigenic fragments of the present invention are peptides which contain at least one epitope (antibody binding site) which binds antibodies which bind to the FIV

25 clone of the present invention. The antigenic fragments are preferably capable of inducing an immune response when administered to a feline subject, as discussed in greater detail below. In addition, the antigenic fragments preferably bind antibodies which do not bind to prior FIV

30 isolates. DNA encoding such antigenic fragments may be used to transform host cells to thereby produce such antigenic fragments, as explained in greater detail below.

Antigenic fragments may be identified by a variety of means. A protein from FIV clone JSY3 (such as the envelope protein, the gag open reading frame product, or a gag

35 peptide such as p10, p15, p24a or p25) may be fragmented



-11-

with a protease, and the fragments tested to determine whether or not a fragment reacts with antiserum against the protein. See, e.g., J. Robinson et al., *Mol. Cell Biochem.* 21, 23-32 (1978). Another technique is to synthesize peptides which are fragments of the entire protein, and determine whether the individual fragments are recognized by neutralizing antibodies against the protein. See, e.g., J. Gerin et al., in *Vaccines 85: Molecular and Chemical Basis of Resistance to Parasitic, Bacterial and Viral Diseases*, 235-239 (Lerner et al., eds. 1985). Still another method useful for obtaining immunogenic fragments of a protein is by isolation and identification of monoclonal escape mutants. In this strategy, FIV is produced in the presence of a monoclonal antibody to the virus. The only virus which can grow under these conditions are those with a mutation in the nucleotide sequence which codes for an epitope to which the monoclonal antibody binds. A mutant virus which grows under these conditions is referred to as the "monoclonal escape mutant." The monoclonal escape mutant is then sequenced and the mutant sequence compared with the nucleotide sequence of clone JSY3 to find the specific location of the mutation. The mutation is located in a region which codes for a protective epitope, or an "immunogenic fragment." See, e.g., J. Lopez et al., Location of a Highly Conserved Neutralizing Epitope in the F Glycoprotein of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus, *J. Virol.* 64, 927 (1990).

#### C. Genetic Engineering Techniques

The production of DNA, vectors, transformed host cells, FIV virus, proteins, and protein fragments of the present invention by genetic engineering techniques can be carried out in accordance with methods known in the art. See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,761,371 to Bell et al. at Col. 6 line 3 to Col. 9 line 65; U.S. Patent No. 4,877,729 to Clark et al. at Col. 4 line 38 to Col. 7 line 6; U.S. Patent No. 4,912,038 to Schilling at Col. 3 line 26 to Col.

14 line 12; and U.S. Patent No. 4,879,224 to Wallner at Col. 6 line 8 to Col. 8 line 59.

Vectors are replicable DNA constructs used to either amplify or express DNA of the present invention. An expression vector is a replicable DNA construct in which DNA of the present invention is operably linked to control sequences capable of expressing that DNA in a suitable host. Generally, control sequences include a transcriptional promoter, an optional operator sequence to control transcription, a sequence encoding suitable mRNA ribosomal binding sites, and sequences which control the termination of transcription and translation. Suitable vectors include plasmids, viruses (e.g., vaccinia virus, adenovirus, baculovirus, cytomegalovirus), phage, and integratable DNA fragments (i.e., fragments integratable into the host genome by recombination).

DNA regions are operably linked or operably associated when they are functionally related to each other. For example, a promoter is operably linked to a coding sequence if it controls the transcription of the sequence; or a ribosome binding site is operably linked to a coding sequence if it is positioned so as to permit translation.

Transformed host cells are cells which have been transformed or transfected with vectors as described above. Transformed host cells ordinarily express the DNA of the present invention. As used herein, host cells containing the FIV clone JSY3 refer to isolated cells (or cultures of such cells) naturally infected with JSY3, including cells containing the JSY3 proviral DNA integrated into cellular DNA. Suitable host cells include prokaryote, yeast or higher eukaryotic cells such as mammalian cells and insect cells.

Prokaryote host cells include gram negative or gram positive organisms, for example *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) or *Bacilli*. Exemplary host cells are *E. coli* W3110 (ATCC 27,325), *E. coli* B, *E. coli* X1776 (ATCC 31,537), *E. coli* 294 (ATCC 31,446). A broad variety of suitable prokaryotic

and microbial vectors are available. *E. coli* is typically transformed using pBR322. Promoters most commonly used in recombinant microbial expression vectors include the  $\beta$ -lactamase (penicillinase) and lactose promoter systems (Chang et al., *Nature* 275:615 (1978); and Goeddel et al., *Nature* 281:544 (1979)), a tryptophan (*trp*) promoter system (Goeddel et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.* 8:4057 (1980) and EPO App. Publ. No. 36,776) and the *tac* promoter (H. De Boer et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:21 (1983)). The promoter and Shine-Dalgarno sequence are operably linked to the DNA of the invention, i.e., they are positioned so as to promote transcription of messenger RNA from the DNA.

Eukaryotic microbes such as yeast cultures may also be transformed with vectors of the present invention. See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,745,057. *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* is the most commonly used yeast, although other yeast may also be used. Yeast vectors may contain an origin of replication from the 2 micron yeast plasmid or an autonomously replicating sequence (ARS), a promoter, a JSY3 coding region, sequences for polyadenylation and transcription termination, and a selection gene. An exemplary plasmid is YRp7, (Stinchcomb et al., *Nature* 282:39 (1979); Kingsman et al., *Gene* 7:141 (1979); Tschemper et al., *Gene* 10:157 (1980)). Suitable promoting sequences in yeast vectors include the promoters for metallothionein, 3-phosphoglycerate kinase (Hitzeman et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 255:2073 (1980) or other glycolytic enzymes (Hess et al., *J. Adv. Enzyme Reg.* 7:149 (1968); and Holland et al., *Biochemistry* 17:4900 (1978)).

Host cells such as insect cells (e.g., cultured *Spodoptera frugiperda* cells) and expression vectors such as the baculovirus expression vector (e.g., vectors derived from *Autographa californica* MNPV, *Trichoplusia ni* MNPV, *Rachiplusia ou* MNPV, or *Galleria ou* MNPV) may be employed in carrying out the present invention, as described in U.S. Patents Nos. 4,745,051 and 4,879,236 to Smith et al. In general, a baculovirus expression vector comprises a

5 baculovirus genome containing the gene or coding region to be expressed inserted into the polyhedrin gene at a position ranging from the polyhedrin transcriptional start signal to the ATG start site and under the transcriptional control of a baculovirus polyhedrin promoter.

10 Examples of useful mammalian host cell lines are VERO and HeLa cells, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell lines, and WI138, BHK, COS-7, CV, and MDCK cell lines. The transcriptional and translational control sequences in expression vectors to be used in transforming vertebrate cells are often provided by viral sources. For example, commonly used promoters are derived from polyoma, Adenovirus 2, and Simian Virus 40 (SV40). See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,599,308. An origin of replication may be  
15 provided either by construction of the vector to include an exogenous origin, such as may be derived from SV40 or other viral (e.g. Polyoma, Adenovirus, VSV, or BPV) source, or may be provided by the host cell chromosomal replication mechanism. If the vector is integrated into the host cell  
20 chromosome, the latter is often sufficient. Rather than using vectors which contain viral origins of replication, one can transform mammalian cells by the method of cotransformation with a selectable marker and DNA of the present invention, as described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,399,216.

25 Alternatively, the invention DNA sequences can be translated into RNA, which can then be transfected into amphibian cells for transcription into protein. Suitable amphibian cells include *Xenopus* oocytes.

30 Use of the phrase "substantial sequence similarity" in the present specification and claims means that DNA, RNA or amino acid sequences which have slight and non-consequential sequence variations from the actual sequences disclosed and claimed herein are considered to be equivalent to the sequences of the present invention. In  
35 this regard, "slight and non-consequential sequence variations" mean that "similar" sequences (i.e., the sequences that have substantial sequence similarity with

the DNA, RNA, or proteins disclosed and claimed herein) will be functionally equivalent to the sequences disclosed and claimed in the present invention. Functionally equivalent sequences will function in substantially the same manner to produce substantially the same compositions as the nucleic acid and amino acid compositions disclosed and claimed herein.

As used herein, the term 'gene' refers to a DNA sequence that incorporates (1) upstream (5') regulatory signals including the promoter, (2) a coding region specifying the product, protein or RNA of the gene, (3) downstream (3') regions including transcription termination and polyadenylation signals and (4) associated sequences required for efficient and specific expression.

The term 'promoter' refers to a region of a DNA sequence that incorporates the necessary signals for the efficient expression of a coding sequence. This may include sequences to which an RNA polymerase binds but is not limited to such sequences and may include regions to which other regulatory proteins bind together with regions involved in the control of protein translation and may include coding sequences.

#### D. Vaccines and Vaccine Formulations.

The present invention provides for a variety of different vaccines useful for protecting feline species against FIV. Examples include live attenuated clone JSY3 virus, fixed whole virus, host cells which express virus antigen on the surface thereof (with the cells optionally fixed), preparations of virus fragments, purified proteins, antigenic fragments of proteins, and antigenic peptides which are derivatives of the antigenic fragments (as discussed in detail below). These various compounds and mixtures are generically referred to herein as active agents.

Live attenuated FIV clone JSY3 virus is made by serial passage of the virus in tissue culture or genetically

-16-

altered by recombinant techniques, in accordance with known procedures. Fixed virus is made by contacting live virus (attenuated or unattenuated) to a suitable fixative, such as formalin.

5       Preparations of viral fragments are made by lysing host cells, such as *E. coli* cells, transformed with a vector encoding the FIV of the present invention or a portion thereof. For example, the vector may encode a JSY3 DNA segment which produces hollow virus particles which are  
10       antigenic. The lysate may be used in crude form, partially purified, or a particular viral protein (or antigenic fragment thereof) such as the envelope protein purified to homogeneity, and used as an active agent for a vaccine against FIV.

15       Host cells such as yeast cells may be transformed with vectors of the present invention capable of expressing JSY3 proteins, or antigenic fragments thereof, on the surface of the host cells, and the transformed host cells used as an active vaccine agent per se or fixed (e.g., with formalin)  
20       and used as an active agent.

      Antigenic peptides are selected from the group consisting of antigenic fragments of FIV clone JSY3 proteins, such as the envelope protein, the gag open reading frame product, and gag peptides (such as p10, p15, p24a, p25) and the antigenic equivalents thereof (i.e.,  
25       analogs or derivatives). Antigenic peptides may be chemically synthesized or produced by recombinant techniques. The antigenic fragments are preferably not more than 20 amino acid residues in length, and are more  
30       preferably not more than 10 amino acid residues in length. The antigenic equivalents are selected from the group consisting of: (a) modified peptides comprising the aforesaid antigenic fragments modified by the inclusion of one or more changes to the amino acid sequence thereof;  
35       and (b) longer peptides which incorporate the sequence of the aforesaid fragments or the aforesaid modified peptides and which have (i) up to four extra amino acid residues

attached to the C-terminal end thereof, (ii) up to four extra amino acid residues attached to the N-terminal end thereof, or (iii) up to four extra amino acid residues attached to the C-terminal end thereof and up to four extra amino acid residues attached to the N-terminal end thereof.

5 The term "antigenic equivalents," as used herein, refers to proteins or peptides which bind to an antibody which binds to the protein or peptide with which equivalency is sought to be established. Antibodies which are used to select such antigenic equivalents are referred to as "selection antibodies" herein. Preferred selection antibodies are monoclonal antibodies which bind to clone JSY3, but preferably not to isolates of FIV other than FIV strain NCSU<sub>1</sub> (such as the Petaluma strain isolated by N. Pedersen), and most preferably not to other molecular clones of FIV NCSU<sub>1</sub>.

One or more amino acids of an antigenic peptide sequence may be replaced by one or more other amino acids which does not affect the antigenicity of that sequence. Such changes can be guided by known similarities between amino acids in physical features such as charge density, hydrophobicity/hydrophilicity, size and configuration. For example, Thr may be replaced by Ser and vice versa, Asp may be Replaced by Glu and vice versa, and Leu may be replaced by Ile and vice versa.

25 Antigenic equivalents may be formed by modifying reactive groups within a natural sequence or modifying the N-terminal amino and/or C-terminal carboxyl group. Such equivalents include salts formed with acids and/or bases, particularly physiologically acceptable inorganic and organic acids and bases. Other equivalents include modified carboxyl and/or amino groups on the synthetic peptide to produce esters or amides, or amino acid protecting groups such as N-t-butoxycarbonyl. Preferred modifications are those which provide a more stable, active peptide which will be less prone to enzymatic degradation in vivo.

-18-

For use as a vaccine, the active agents of the present invention may be administered to the subject by any suitable means. Exemplary are by intramuscular injection, by subcutaneous injection, by intravenous injection, by intraperitoneal injection, by oral injection, and by nasal spray.

The amount of active agent administered will depend upon factors such as route of administration, species, and the use of booster administrations. In general, a dosage of about .1 to about 100  $\mu\text{g}$  per pound subject body weight may be used, more particularly about 1  $\mu\text{g}$  per pound.

Vaccine formulations of the present invention comprise the active agent in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The active agent is included in the carrier in an amount effective to protect the subject being treated. Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers are preferably liquid, particularly aqueous, carriers, such as sodium phosphate buffered saline. The vaccine formulation may be stored in a sterile glass container sealed with a rubber stopper through which liquids may be injected and formulations withdrawn by syringe.

Vaccine formulations of the present invention may optionally contain one or more adjuvants. Any suitable adjuvant can be used, exemplary being aluminum hydroxide, aluminum phosphate, plant and animal oils, synthetic polymers and the like, with the amount of adjuvant depending on the nature of the particular adjuvant employed. In addition, the vaccine formulations may also contain one or more stabilizer, exemplary being carbohydrates such as sorbitol, mannitol, starch, sucrose, dextrin, and glucose, proteins such as albumin or casein, and buffers such as alkaline metal phosphates and the like.

#### E. Infection of Cats with FIV clone JSY3.

Cats infected with FIV clone JSY3 are useful as a model system for the study of retroviral infections, such as by HIV. Cats used for this purpose are preferably specific



pathogen-free (SPF) cats, which are commercially available from sources such as Charles River Laboratories and Berkshire Laboratories. Infected cats are preferably maintained as a single colony of two or more cats, all infected with FIV clone JSY3. The colony may be maintained in a single room with each cat housed in an appropriate cage, in accordance with standard practices for the maintenance of animals. A colony will consist of a plurality of infected cats, typically from ten, fifteen, twenty, thirty or more cats; the number of individual cats will vary according to need. Preferably, all members of the colony are SPF cats (i.e., free of pathogens other than FIV clone JSY3).

SPF cats may be infected with FIV clone JSY3 by any suitable means, such as by intraperitoneal, intravenous, or subcutaneous injection with a solution containing FIV clone JSY3. The solution may be blood from a previously infected cat, a blood fraction containing peripheral blood mononuclear cells from a previously infected cat, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier such as saline solution containing FIV clone JSY3, etc.

Cats infected with FIV clone JSY3 are particularly useful as a model system for immunodeficient states associated with retroviral infection because of the rapid inversion of the CD4<sup>+</sup>:CD8<sup>+</sup> ratio caused by JSY3. When used as a model system, the cat or cats infected with FIV clone JSY3 is subjected to a treatment, which treatment is a candidate for use in combating retroviral infections, and the progress of the FIV infection cat or cats thereafter examined. A control group of cats infected with FIV clone JSY3 but untreated, or placebo treated, may be included as a control group. A slowing in the progression of the disease in the cats indicates that the treatment may be useful for combating retroviral diseases in other animal subjects. Typically, the candidate treatment will then be subjected to further screening procedures and toxicological testing to determine whether the treatment may be

clinically useful. The treatment to which the cats are subjected may be any treatment, such as the administration of candidate drugs (e.g., candidate antiretroviral compounds) or drug combinations, including small organic compounds, peptides, or proteins, which may be administered orally or parenterally, or may involve treatments other than the administration of drugs such as a biological response modifier or a vaccine. The progress of the disease in the cats after treatment can be monitored by any suitable means, such as examination for inhibition of the deterioration of CD4<sup>+</sup> cell levels, declines in the circulating levels of the FIV GAG protein, the weight of the cat and its general appearance, etc.

An advantage of using JSY3 infected cats as a model for retroviral disease as described above is that the FIV virus is not infectious to humans. A disadvantage of this model is that cats are somewhat large animals; mice are much more practical as animal models of disease.

An additional aspect of the present invention is an immunodeficient mouse containing feline tissue, which feline tissue is capable of infection with feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV). The mouse is infected with FIV clone JSY3, and used as an animal model in essentially the same manner as cats as described above. Any suitable immunodeficient mouse may be employed, such as SCID mice (e.g., the C.B.-17 *scid/scid* mouse) athymic mice such as the nude mouse, and mice which have been rendered immunodeficient by treatment with radiation. The mouse may be deficient in T lymphocytes function alone (e.g., athymic mice), but is preferably deficient in both T and B lymphocyte function.

The feline tissue which the immunodeficient mice contains preferably comprises one or more of the following: feline thymus tissue, feline lymph node tissue, feline liver cells, feline bone marrow cells, feline peripheral blood mononuclear cells such as peripheral blood lymphocytes and peripheral blood monocytes, and feline

spleen cells. The feline tissue may be introduced into the mouse by any suitable means, such as intraperitoneal injection, intravenous injection, surgical implantation, and combinations thereof. Feline tissue may be introduced  
5 as organized tissues (e.g., thymus and lymph node) or as discrete cells. One example is an immunodeficient mouse having feline thymus tissue and/or lymph node tissue surgically implanted. Another example is an immunodeficient mouse into which peripheral blood  
10 mononuclear cells have been intraperitoneally injected.

#### F. Diagnostic Probes.

The FIV clone JSY3 nucleotide sequence can be used to generate hybridization probes which specifically bind to FIV clone JSY3 genetic material, or the genetic material of  
15 FIV clones having all of, or essentially all of, the identifying characteristics of FIV clone JSY3, to determine the presence of such FIV in cats. The hybridization probe may be selected so that it does not bind to known FIV isolates (such as the Petaluma strain) other than NCSU<sub>1</sub>, or  
20 to any FIV isolate or clone other than JSY3. Hybridization probes may be cDNA fragments or oligonucleotides, and may be labelled with a detectable group as discussed hereinbelow. Pairs of probes which will serve as PCR  
25 primers for the JSY3 genome or a portion thereof may be used in accordance with the process described in U.S. Patents Nos. 4,683,202 and 4,683,195.

For example, an illustrative embodiment of the above probes comprises DNA sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS:4,  
5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 18, and 19, or suitable fragments  
30 thereof.

The term "labelled" is used herein to refer to the conjugating or covalent bonding of any suitable detectable group, including enzymes (e.g., horseradish peroxidase,  $\beta$ -glucuronidase, alkaline phosphatase, and  $\beta$ -D-galactosidase), fluorescent labels (e.g., fluorescein,  
35 luciferase), and radiolabels (e.g.,  $^{14}\text{C}$ ,  $^{131}\text{I}$ ,  $^3\text{H}$ ,  $^{32}\text{P}$ , and

<sup>35</sup>S) to the compound being labelled. Techniques for labelling various compounds, including proteins, peptides, and antibodies, are well known. See, e.g., Morrison, *Methods in Enzymology* 32b, 103 (1974); Syvanen et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 284, 3762 (1973); Bolton and Hunter, *Biochem. J.* 133, 529 (1973).

#### G. DNA Sequence and Genome Organization

Isolated DNA from the JSY3 provirus may be used to generate hybridization probes, which may be used in diagnostic assays as discussed above. Isolated DNA capable of expressing antigenic proteins or antigenic fragments thereof may be used for producing proteins which are also useful in diagnostic assays.

An aspect of the present invention is oligonucleotide probes which selectively hybridize to DNA encoding a group antigen (gag) polypeptide (or an antigenic fragment thereof) of FIV clone JSY3 under stringent conditions, which probes do not bind to DNA encoding the group antigen (gag) polypeptide of the following known FIV strains under the same stringency conditions: FIV-Petaluma (U.S. Patent No. 5,037,753); FIV-PPR (Phillips et al., *J. Virology*, 64:4605 (1990)); FIV-TM1 and FIV-TM2 (Miyazawa et al., *Arch. Virology* 108:59 (1989)); FIV-UT113 (Verschoor et al., *J. Cell. Biochem.*, Suppl. 14D:143 (1990)). Conditions which will permit other DNA coding for an FIV gag polypeptide to hybridize to the DNA of FIV clone JSY3 gag polypeptide can be determined in a routine manner. For example, hybridization may be carried out under conditions of reduced stringency or even stringent conditions (e.g., conditions represented by a wash stringency of 0.3M NaCl, 0.03M sodium citrate, and 0.1% SDS at 60°C or even 70° C) to DNA encoding the gag polypeptide of FIV clone JSY3 disclosed herein in a standard *in situ* hybridization assay. See J. Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual* (2nd Ed. 1989) (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory).

In general, DNA which codes for FIV gag polypeptide or

antigenic fragments thereof and which hybridizes to DNA encoding gag polypeptide (or antigenic fragments thereof) of FIV clone JSY3 disclosed herein will have at least 75%, 80%, 85%, or even 90% or more sequence similarity with the DNA of the gag polypeptide (or antigenic fragments thereof) of FIV clone JSY3 disclosed herein. Further, DNA which codes for FIV gag polypeptide (or antigenic fragments thereof), or which codes for a gag polypeptide or antigenic fragment coded for by DNA which hybridizes to the DNA which codes for FIV clone JSY3 gag polypeptide or antigenic fragment thereof, but which differ in codon sequence from these due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, are also an aspect of this invention. The degeneracy of the genetic code, which allows different nucleic acid sequences to code for the same protein or peptide, is well known in the literature. See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,757,006 to Toole et al. at Col. 2, Table 1.

A particular embodiment of the foregoing also disclosed herein is isolated DNA encoding the group antigen (gag) polypeptide or an antigenic fragment thereof, of FIV clone JSY3, and isolated DNA encoding the envelope protein or an antigenic fragment thereof, where the DNA is: (a) isolated DNA encoding group antigen (gag) polypeptide or envelope protein, or an antigenic fragment thereof, of FIV clone JSY3, (b) isolated DNA which hybridizes to isolated DNA of (a) above under stringent conditions and which encodes a feline immunodeficiency virus group antigen (gag) polypeptide, envelope protein, or antigenic fragment thereof with at least 75%, 80%, 85% or even 90% or more sequence similarity to isolated DNA of (a) above; or (c) isolated DNA differing from the isolated DNAs of (a) and (b) above in nucleotide sequence due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, and which encodes a feline immunodeficiency virus group antigen (gag) polypeptide, envelope protein, or antigenic fragment thereof encoded by the isolated DNAs of (a) or (b), above.

An illustrative embodiment of the foregoing DNA which

codes for FIV clone JSY3 gag polypeptide (or antigenic fragments thereof) is DNA according to SEQ ID NO:4 or a portion thereof; DNA according to SEQ ID NO:5 (p15) or a portion thereof; DNA according to SEQ ID NO:7 (p25) or a portion thereof; DNA according to SEQ ID NO:9 (p24a) or a portion thereof; DNA according to SEQ ID NO:11 (p10) or a portion thereof. An illustrative embodiment of the foregoing DNA which codes for FIV clone JSY3 envelope protein (or antigenic fragments thereof) is SEQ ID NO:18 or SEQ ID NO:19. Also disclosed herein are recombinant DNA sequences comprising vector DNA and a DNA encoding group specific antigen (gag) polypeptides of clone JSY3, or the envelope protein of JSY3, or antigenic fragments thereof (as given above).

The FIV provirus includes the structural genes for group-specific antigens (gag gene), envelope proteins (env gene) and reverse transcriptase (pol gene), as well as several short open reading frames similar to those of other lentiviruses. Omsted et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 86, 2448 (1989); Olmsted et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 86, 8088 (1989). The gag gene of FIV has been reported to encode a polyprotein of about 450 amino acids, which is subjected to postranslational cleavage. Talbot et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 86, 5743 (1989); Phillips et al., *J. Virology*, 64, 4605 (1990). The gag gene and its predicted protein product has been reported to be highly conserved among isolates of FIV. Phillips et al., *J. Virology*, 64, 4605 (1990); Morikawa et al., *Virology*, 183, 288 (1991). FIV gag gene has been expressed in baculovirus vectors and assembled into virus-like particles. Morikawa et al., *Virology*, 183, 288 (1991).

Isolated and purified FIV clone JSY3 group antigen (gag) polypeptide, envelope protein, or antigenic fragments thereof are also an aspect of the present invention. These polypeptides or fragments are coded for by: (a) isolated DNA which encodes group antigen (gag) polypeptide or envelope protein, or an antigenic fragment thereof, of FIV

clone JSY3; (b) isolated DNA which hybridizes to isolated DNA of (a) above under stringent conditions and which encodes a FIV gag polypeptide, envelope protein, or antigenic fragment thereof with at least 75% sequence similarity to isolated DNA of (a) above; or (c) isolated DNA differing from the isolated DNAs of (a) and (b) above in nucleotide sequence due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, and which encodes a FIV gag polypeptide, envelope protein, or antigenic fragment thereof encoded by DNAs of (a) or (b), above. By antigenic polypeptide is meant a polypeptide which is able to raise (with the aid of an adjuvant if necessary) an antibody response in cats. The polypeptide may be a fragment of a polypeptide naturally occurring in FIV particles. The fragment may be from a naturally occurring polypeptide or produced by isolation or synthesis of a gene or coding region encoding a desired polypeptide and expression within an appropriate expression system.

An illustrative embodiment of the foregoing polypeptides is the JSY3 group antigen specific polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:2) and peptides thereof (SEQ ID NO:6 (p15); SEQ ID NO:8 (p25); SEQ ID NO:10 (p24a); SEQ ID NO:12 (p10)); and the JSY3 envelope protein (SEQ ID NO:3) and TM protein (SEQ ID NO:19).

The present invention is explained in greater detail in the non-limiting Examples set forth below.

## EXAMPLE 1

### Materials and Methods

**Viruses.** The biological parent virus isolate FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> (US Patent No. 5,413,927 to Tompkins et al.) was obtained from the peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) of a cat naturally infected with FIV and has been described elsewhere (Davidson et al., *Am. J. Pathol.* 143:1486 (1993); English et al., *J. Virol.* 67:5175 (1993); English et al., *J. Infect. Dis.* 170:543 (1994); Tompkins et al., *J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc.* 199:1311 (1991)). The NCSU<sub>1</sub> isolate (or

"NCSU-1") is available from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC Number VR2333), 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, Maryland 20852 USA (deposited in accordance with the provisions of the Budapest Treaty, July 23, 1991). See  
5 U.S. Patent 5,413,927 to Tompkins et al. The FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> molecular clone JSY3 inoculum was collected from an FCD4E feline lymphocyte culture which had been cocultured with transfected Crandell feline kidney (CrFK) cells (see below).

10       **Molecular cloning of the FIV proviral genome.** Genomic DNA was isolated by equilibrium centrifugation in CsCl-ethidium bromide gradients (Maniatis et al., *Molecular cloning: A laboratory manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, NY) from  $5 \times 10^7$  FCD4E cells  
15 (interleukin-2-dependent, FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub>-infected feline CD4+ lymphocytes) inoculated with FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> obtained from the original source cat. As shown in Figure 4, FCD4E genomic DNA which had been partially digested with Sau3AI and size fractionated was cloned into the EMBL3 lambda vector arm.  
20 Genomic libraries were screened primarily by plaque hybridization with a gag region PCR product probe (838 bp) as described elsewhere (Maniatis et al., *Molecular cloning: A laboratory manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, NY). A full-length clone was identified by  
25 PCR of phage suspension with six primer sets designed from FIV-14 sequences (GenBank accession no. M25381). These primer sets amplified 5' long terminal repeat, gag, env, and 3' long terminal repeat regions under the PCR conditions described below. The following primers were  
30 used for identification of the full-length lambda clone JSY3 (each primer designated by the 5' nucleotide of the complete FIV-14 sequence): 3U (U3) 5'-GGA TGA GTA TTG GAA CCC TGA A-3' (SEQ ID NO:21); 337L (U5) 5'-GAT TCC GAG ACC TCA CAG GTA A-3' (SEQ ID NO:22); 447U 5'-AAT AGG GAA GCA  
35 GTA GCA GAC-3' (SEQ ID NO:23); 829L 5'-GTA AAT CGC AAA TAA CCA ACC-3' (SEQ ID NO:24); 919U (FIV7) 5'-TGA CGG TGT CTA CTG CTG CT-3' (SEQ ID NO:25); 1756L (FIV8) 5'-CAC ACT GGT



CCT GAT CCT TTT-3' (SEQ ID NO:26); 1057U 5'-CCA CAA TAT GTA  
GCA CTT GAC C-3' (SEQ ID NO:27); 1639L 5'-GGG TAC TTT CTG  
GCT TAA GGT G-3' (SEQ ID NO:28); 6938U 5'-GGG GGA CCT ACC  
TTG GGG AAT TGG GCT-3' (SEQ ID NO:29); 7252L 5'-GGT GAT CAT  
5 GAT CAG TGG GAT TTG TAA TGG GTC TG-3' (SEQ ID NO:30); 7252L  
5'-GGT GAT CAT GAT CAG TGG GAT TTG TAA TGG GTC TG-3' (SEQ  
ID NO:31); 8859U 5'-ATA AGG GAG ATA CTG TGC TGA-3' (SEQ ID  
NO:32); 9029L 5'- GCG ATC TTC TAA CTC TGT CAT-3' (SEQ ID  
NO:33).

10 **DNA transfection.** Ten micrograms of lambda clone DNA  
was transfected into CrFK and AH927 (a feline embryonic  
fibroblast cell line) cells by using the cationic liposome  
DOTAP (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, Ind.) according  
to the manufacturer's protocol. Twenty-four hours after  
15 transfection, these cells were cocultured for 72 hours with  
FCD4E or concanavalin A (10 µg/ml)-stimulated normal cat  
PBMCs. FCD4E (or PBMCs) and CrFK (or AH927) cells were  
then cultured separately. Culture supernatant was  
collected at 3- to 4- day intervals and assayed for RT  
20 activity. Pooled samples for in vivo infection were  
titrated in FCD4E cells by the 50% tissue culture infective  
dose (TCID<sub>50</sub>) method.

**In vitro infections with JSY3 clone.** Cultures of FCD4E  
or DEAE-dextran-treated CrFK cells were inoculated with  
25 cell-free FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> JSY3 clone containing 2 x 10<sup>4</sup> cpm of RT  
activity. The culture supernatant was collected twice  
weekly and assayed for RT activity.

**In vivo FIV infection.** Six 6-month old female cats were  
inoculated intravenously with 10<sup>6</sup> TCID<sub>50</sub>s of the JSY3 clone.  
30 Nine age- and sex-matched specific-pathogen-free (SPF) cats  
were inoculated with wild-type FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub>, and nine mock-  
infected SPF cats were used as controls. The wild-type  
FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> infected group was examined up to 18 weeks post  
infection (p.i.) in parallel with the JSY3-infected cats.

35 **Blood sampling.** Whole blood was collected by jugular  
venipuncture into sodium citrate anticoagulant tubes.  
Aliquots were removed for complete blood counts and flow

cytometry, and plasma was collected for anti-FIV antibody assays. PBMCs were purified over Percoll as described (Tompkins et al., *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.*, 16:1 (1987)). PBMCs were then cocultured with FCD4E cells for infectious virus recovery, lysed for provirus detection by PCR, or sorted for lymphocyte subset tropism studies.

**Lymphocyte subset analysis by flow cytometry.**

Lymphocyte subsets were determined by two-color flow cytometric analysis as described (Davidson et al., *Am. J. Pathol.* 143:1486 (1993)) using a panel of monoclonal antibodies (MAbs) (Tompkins et al., *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.* 26:305 (1990)). Briefly, plasma was removed, the cells were washed twice in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), and MAbs were added in a combination of fluorescein isothiocyanate-labeled anti-cat immunoglobulin (Kirkegaard & Perry Laboratories, Inc., Gaithersburg, MD) and biotin-labeled anti-pan T-cell antibodies or fluorescein isothiocyanate-labeled anti-CD8 and biotin-labeled anti-CD4 antibodies. Biotin-labeled antibodies were developed with phycoerythrin. Erythrocytes were lysed with fluorescence-activated cell sorter (FACS) lysing solution (Becton Dickinson Immunocytometry Systems, San Jose, CA), and the percent positively stained lymphocytes was determined by flow cytometric analysis using a Becton Dickinson FACScan. The absolute numbers for each lymphocyte subset were calculated by multiplying the percent positive cells by the total number of lymphocytes, determined by a complete blood count and differential performed on the blood sample.

**PCR-Southern blot analysis for FIV-provirus detection.**

Percoll-purified PBMCs were washed with PBS, and cell pellets were stored at -70°C until assayed. Cells ( $10^6$ ) were lysed in 200  $\mu$ l of 1 x PCR buffer and digested with 600  $\mu$ g of proteinase K per ml. An 838-bp length of the FIV gag region was amplified with the primer set 919U-1756L. Amplification was performed as described previously (English et al., *J. Virol.* 67:5175 (1993)), with minor modifications. Briefly, 2  $\mu$ l of cell lysate (equivalent to

-29-

10<sup>4</sup> cells) was amplified in a 100- $\mu$ l PCR mixture (1 x PCR buffer, 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 200  $\mu$ M each deoxynucleoside triphosphate, 0.5  $\mu$ M each primer, and 2.5 U of Taq DNA polymerase over 40 cycles (one cycle was 94°C for 1 minute, 59°C for 2 minutes, and 72°C for 1 minute, final extension was done at 72°C for 10 minutes). Amplified products were resolved on a 1.2% agarose gel, blotted, and hybridized with radiolabeled internal oligonucleotides probe.

Western blot analysis for plasma antibody to FIV. The Western blot (immunoblot) assay was performed as described (Novotney et al., AIDS 4:1213 (1990)).

RT activity assay. The Mg<sup>2+</sup>-dependent RT activity assay was performed as described (Novotney et al., AIDS 4:1213 (1990)) and is a modification of a procedure of Goff et al. (Goff et al., J. Virol. 38:239 (1981)).

Lymphocyte subset sorting of feline PBMCs. The JSY3 clone-infected cat PBMCs were sorted into CD4+, CD8+ and B lymphocyte subsets using MiniMACS (Miltenyi Biotec, Sunnyvale, CA) magnetic beads. Percoll-enriched PBMCs were divided among three tubes and incubated at 4°C for 30 minutes with biotin-labeled anti-CD4 or anti-CD8 or anti-canine B-cell MAb (B5) for a non-immunoglobulin-positive B-cell epitope (English et al., J. Virol. 67:5175 (1993)). Streptavidin-conjugated MiniMACS beads were then added, and the cells were incubated for an additional 20 minutes at 4°C and then positively sorted. A fraction of each sorted subset was analyzed for purity by two-color flow cytometry. Cells were stained with biotin-labeled MAbs, developed with phycoerythrin-conjugated streptavidin, and analyzed on the FACScan. The remaining sorted lymphocytes were stored at -70°C until they were assayed for the presence of FIV provirus by PCR-Southern blotting.

*T. gondii* infection. Twenty-nine weeks after infection with the JSY3 clone, cats were inoculated via the carotid artery with 10,000 tachyzoites of the ME49 strain of *T. gondii* as described (Davidson et al., Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)). Six age- and sex-matched SPF cats were

-30-

also inoculated with *T. gondii* as controls. The cats were examined daily for clinical signs of illness using scoring criteria (Davidson et al., *Am. J. Pathol.* 143:1486 (1993)). Cats with severe clinical signs indicative of generalized toxoplasmosis were euthanized by barbiturate overdose.

Postmortem examination. Following euthanasia, a gross necropsy was performed and tissues were sampled for microscopic examination. Tissues were fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin, embedded in paraffin, sectioned and stained with hematoxylin and eosin stain.

## EXAMPLE .2

### Molecular Cloning and Sequencing of the JSY3 Proviral Genome

A total of  $5 \times 10^7$  FCD4E cells were infected with wild-type FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> from the FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> source cat. Genomic DNA from this culture was cloned into the EMBL3 lambda vector arm. Primary hybridization-positive clones, determined by plaque hybridization with a randomly labeled 838 bp FIV gag PCR product probe, were screened further by PCR as described in Example 1. Five microliters of phage plaque suspensions of each hybridization-positive clone was directly amplified with six different primer sets, and a full-length proviral clone was identified (designated JSY3). The specificity of each FIV PCR product was established by comparing it with the FIV-pPPR plasmid clone (Phillips et al., *J. Virol.* 64:4605 (1990)).

The genomic proviral insert was subcloned into pJEM vectors, and the provirus genome was sequenced by primer directed sequencing, using techniques as are known in the art. Nucleotide and predicted amino acid sequences were computer analyzed, and open reading frames (orfs) were identified.

The provirus DNA sequence of the JSY3 provirus clone of FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> is provided in Figure 1, with the group specific antigen (*gag*), polymerase (*pol*), and envelope protein (*env*) regions marked. As shown in Figure 1, the DNA sequence

5051-332

-31-

consists of 9471 base pairs (SEQ ID NO:1).

The coding region of *gag* is nucleotides 631-1980 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:4) and encodes a 450 amino acid product (SEQ ID NO:2).

5 The coding region for the p15 protein is nucleotides 631-1035 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:5), with a polypeptide product of 135 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:6).

10 The coding region for the p25 protein is nucleotides 1036-1704 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:7), with a polypeptide product of 223 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:8).

The coding region for the p24a protein is nucleotides 1264-1305 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:9), with a polypeptide product of 14 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:10).

15 The coding region for the p10 protein is nucleotides 1717-1980 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:11), with a polypeptide product of 88 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:12).

20 The coding region of *pol* is amino acids 2151-5991 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:13). Two open reading frames (orfs) are found in the *pol* region. Orf 1 is nucleotides 2151-5243 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:14), encoding a product of 1031 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:15); Orf 2 is nucleotides 5239-5991 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:16) and encodes a product of 251 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:17).

25 The *env* coding region is nucleotides 6269-8824 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:18) and encodes a protein of 852 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:3). The transmembrane (TM) peptide is encoded by nucleotides 8339-8374 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:19), and is 12 amino acids in length (SEQ ID NO:20).

30 Figure 2 aligns the *gag* open reading frames of the JSY3 clone of NCSU<sub>1</sub> (FIV-NCSU) with known FIV isolates FIV PPR, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 14, FIV TM1, and FIV TM2. Figure 3 aligns the whole envelope protein sequence of clone JSY3 of NCSU<sub>1</sub> with known FIV isolates FIV 14, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 19k, and FIV PPR.

### EXAMPLE 3

#### Biological Activity of JSY3

To determine the biological activity of the JSY3 clone, lambda DNA was transfected into CrFK, AH927, and FCD4E cells, which were then cocultured with FCD4E cells or PBMCs. While no RT activity was detected in culture supernatants of JSY3-transfected CrFK or AH927 cells when cultured alone, RT activity was detected when the transfected cells were cocultured with either PBMCs or FCD4E cells (data not shown). The replication kinetics of FIV in FCD4E cells is more rapid than in PBMCs because of the greater percentage of CD4+ cells in the FCD4E culture. Supernatants collected at 15 and 19 days of culture from FCD4E cells were filtered (0.2  $\mu$ m pore size) and stored in aliquots for use an in vitro and in vivo inocula. These inocula were designated the FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub>-JSY3 clone. No RT activity was detected in the FCD4E cultures directly transfected with JSY3, suggesting that the transfection was unsuccessful (data not shown).

To determine the in vitro infectivity of the JSY3 clone, FCD4E and CrFK cells were inoculated with cell-free JSY3 clone. Similarly to the FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> wild-type virus (English et al., *J. Virol.* 67:5175 (1993)), the JSY3 clone replicated efficiently in FCD4E cells, resulting in syncytium formation and cell death (data not shown). However, the JSY3 clone was unable to infect CrFK cells.

### EXAMPLE 4

#### In vivo Infectivity of JSY3

To determine the in vivo infectivity of the JSY3 molecular clone, six SPF cats were inoculated intravenously with 10<sub>6</sub> TCID<sub>50</sub> of JSY3 clone. Nine age-matched SPF cats were inoculated with 10<sup>6</sup> TCID<sub>50</sub>s of FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub>, also produced in FCD4E cells. Plasma and PBMCs were collected at various times post infection, and tested for antibodies to FIV by Western blotting and tested for cell-associated FIV

-33-

provirus by PCR. As previously reported (English et al., *J. Infect. Dis.* 170:543 (1994); Tompkins et al., *J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc.* 199:1311 (1991)) cats infected with FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> parent virus were anti-FIV positive by 4 weeks post infection and were provirus positive by PCR by 2 weeks post infection (data not shown).

The response of cats infected with the JSY3 clone was similar to that of the cats infected with the wild-type. By four weeks post infection, all six cats had antibody to the FIV gag proteins p17 and p24, and they were still antibody positive at 25 weeks post infection (data not shown). The presence of FIV provirus in PBMCs from six cats infected with the JSY3 clone was determined by PCR and southern analysis. A PBMC lysate (equivalent to 10<sup>4</sup> cells) was amplified with the gag region primer set 919U-1756L, resolved on an agarose gel, and subjected to Southern blot analysis with a 5'-end-labeled internal probe. Provirus was detected in PBMCs from all cats by two weeks post infection (data not shown). All cats remained provirus positive when the amount of cell lysate in the PCR mixture was increased (data not shown).

To establish the presence of infectious virus in PBMCs from the JSY3-infected cats, PBMCs collected at 6 and 25 weeks post infection were cocultured with FCD4E cells and the supernatants were assayed for RT activity. Syncytium formation and cell death were observed in cocultures from all six cats at both six and 25 weeks p.i. RT activity was detectable in all cocultures by 8 to 10 days and peaked by 16 to 18 days of culture (data not shown).

## EXAMPLE 5

### Lymphocyte Subset Changes in JSY3-infected Cats

Lymphocyte profiles in naturally and experimentally FIV-infected cats are well documented (Ackley et al., *J. Virol.* 64:5652 (1990); English et al., *J. Infect. Dis.* 170:543 (1994); Hoffmann-Fezer et al., *J. Virol.* 66:1484 (1992); Novotney et al., *AIDS* 4:1213 (1990); Tompkins et

al., *J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc.* 199:1311 (1991)). To determine whether the JSY3 clone causes hematologic and immunologic abnormalities similar to those of the biological parent FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub>, lymphocyte subset profiles were analyzed by two-color flow cytometry. As reported for NCSU<sub>1</sub> (English et al., *J. Infect. Dis.* 170:543 (1994); Tompkins et al., *J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc.* 199:1311 (1991)), both the biological virus and the JSY3 clone caused a panlymphopenia two to four weeks p.i. The parent FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> and the JSY3 molecular clone caused parallel alterations in the CD4+/CD8+ ratio (data not shown). At six weeks p.i., the mean CD4+/CD8+ cell ratios ( $\pm$  standard errors) decreased from  $3.48 \pm 0.50$  to  $1.30 \pm 0.21$  for the parent virus-infected cats. By using total cell counts and flow cytometric analysis of lymphocyte subsets, the decrease in the CD4+/CD8+ ratio was determined to be the result of a decrease in CD4+ lymphocytes and an increase in CD8+ lymphocytes (data not shown). These results indicate that the JSY3 clone-infected cats have hematologic and immunologic abnormalities, including CD4+ and CD8+ lymphocyte changes similar to those of cats infected with the biological parent virus.

### EXAMPLE 6

#### In vivo Lymphocyte Tropism

The *in vivo* hematopoietic target cells of FIV isolates, including NCSU<sub>1</sub>, have been reported to be CD4+, CD8+, monocytes, and B lymphocytes (Beebe et al., *J. Virol.* 68:3080 (1994); Brown et al., *J. Virol.* 65:3359 (1991); English et al., *J. Virol.* 67:5175 (1993)). To determine whether the JSY3 molecular clone has a similar panlymphotropism *in vivo*, PBMCs from JSY3 clone infected cats were sorted into CD4+, CD8+, and B lymphocyte populations using antibody-coated magnetic beads. Each cell subset was lysed, PCR amplified with the gag region 919U-1756L primer set, and analyzed by Southern blotting. As previously reported for the NCSU<sub>1</sub> parent virus, FIV



-35-

provirus was first detected in CD4+ lymphocytes during the acute-stage infection with JSY3 (2 to 4 weeks p.i.) (data not shown). At a later stage of infection (as early as 14 weeks p.i.), FIV provirus was found in CD8+ and B lymphocytes in addition to CD4+ lymphocytes, as reported for FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> (English et al., *J. Virol.* 67:5175 (1993)). All six JSY3-infected cats showed similar shifts in provirus burden from predominately CD4+ cells during the acute-stage infection to predominately B cells during the asymptomatic stage. While CD4+ and CD8+ cells were not always positive for provirus under PCR conditions described in Example 1, provirus was always able to be detected in these cells during the asymptomatic-stage infection by increasing cell numbers or using nested primers as described by English et al., *J. Virol.* 67:5175 (1993). The JSY3 molecular clone, similar to the parent biological isolate, exhibits a CD4+ tropism during the acute-stage infection that then shifts to a panlymphotropism as the infection progresses.

## EXAMPLE 7

### JSY3-Infected Cats

**Acute-stage disease.** In the primary phase of infection (2 to 16 weeks p.i.), both the JSY3- and the parent isolate-infected cats developed low-grade fevers, panlymphopenia, neutropenia, and generalized lymphadenopathy (data not shown), as has been reported for a number of biological isolates of FIV (Yamamoto et al., *Am. J. Vet. Res.* 49:1246 (1988)), including NCSU<sub>1</sub> (English et al., *J. Infect. Dis.* 170:543 (1994)).

**Clinical response of JSY3-infected cats to *T. gondii* challenge.** Davidson et al., (*Am. J. Pathol.* 143:1486 (1993)) reported that FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub> causes immune system impairment in cats as early as eighteen weeks after infection and enhances susceptibility to a primary *t. gondii* infection. To determine if the molecular clone JSY3 caused immune impairment early in the asymptomatic stage of

-36-

infection, the cats were parenterally inoculated with the ME49 strain of *T. gondii* 29 weeks after JSY3 infection. six age-matched SPF control cats were similarly infected with *T. gondii*. At the time of *T. gondii* inoculation, all six FIV-infected cats were clinically normal; however, they had a marked decrease in their CD4+/CD8+ ratios in comparison with preinfection ratios and those of the control cats (data not shown). Only one of six *T. gondii*-infected cats in the non-FIV-inoculated group had positive clinical scores, as a result of anorexia and lethargy on days 8 to 11 after inoculation. Cats in this group also developed multifocal chorioretinitis beginning on days 7 to 10 after inoculation, which resolved over a three week course. The infection was otherwise subclinical in these cats. This clinical response is similar to that previously reported for healthy cats challenged with the mildly virulent ME49 strain of *T. gondii* (Davidson et al., *Invest. Ophthalmol. Visual Sci.* 34:3653 (1993); Davidson et al., *Am. J. Pathol.* 143:1486 (1993)).

Five of the six FIV-positive cats challenged with *t. gondii* had positive clinical scores in all three categories (attitude, appetite, and respiratory signs), and the total scores were higher than those of the *T. gondii* control group. Beginning on days 6 to 9 after inoculation, three FIV-infected cats challenged with *T. gondii* developed high fevers, depression, and moderate to severe ocular lesions, including chorioretinitis with subretinal granuloma formation, localized retinal detachment, and fibrinous anterior uveitis. Severe and progressive tachypnea, dyspnea, tachycardia, and icterus were noted, and interstitial and consolidated lung sounds were auscultated. These three cats were euthanized when moribund on day 9 or 10 after inoculation. Two of the three remaining cats developed mild to moderate clinical toxoplasmosis but recovered. This clinical course of *T. gondii* infection in JSY3 infected cats, including the high morbidity, was similar to that reported by Davidson et al. (*Am. J. Pathol.*

-37-

143:1486 (1993)) for cats infected with NCSU<sub>1</sub>.

5       **Postmortem findings.** Postmortem exams were performed  
on the three FIV-T.gondii-infected cats that were  
euthanized to confirm that their clinical disease was due  
to toxoplasmosis. One cat had gross evidence of  
10       interstitial pneumonia. All three animals had foci of  
discoloration in the liver consistent with hepatic  
necrosis, and the hearts contained foci of myocardial  
necrosis. Histologically, lesions were present in the  
15       lungs, livers, hearts, and brains of the three cats, and  
were similar to those seen in cats with dual FIV-NCSU<sub>1</sub>-T.  
gondii infection as described by Davidson et al., (Am. J.  
Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)). Except for the heart, T. gondii  
tachyzoites were seen in all tissues examined. The  
20       tachyzoites were never numerous but most conspicuous as  
clusters inside of macrophages in the regions of severe  
inflammation and necrosis in the brain, lung, and liver.

      The foregoing examples are illustrative of the present  
invention, and are not to be construed as limiting thereof.  
20       The invention is defined by the following claims, with  
equivalents of the claims to be included therein.

- 38 -

## SEQUENCE LISTING

## (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

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Yang, Joo-Sung

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(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
(D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER:  
(B) FILING DATE:  
(C) CLASSIFICATION:

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 9471 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS  
(B) LOCATION: 631..1980

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 6269..8824

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

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90 95 100	
GCA GCT GAA AAT ATG TAC ACT CAG ATG GGA TTA GAC ACT AGA CCA TCT	990

-40-

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ACC CAT CCT CCT GAT GGA CCT AGA CCA TTA CCC TAT TTT ACT GCA GCA Thr His Pro Pro Asp Gly Pro Arg Pro Leu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Ala Ala 220 225 230	1326
GAA ATT ATG GGT ATA GGA TTA ACT CAA GAA CAA CAA GCA GAA GCA AGA Glu Ile Met Gly Ile Gly Leu Thr Gln Glu Gln Gln Ala Glu Ala Arg 235 240 245	1374
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GCC CAA ATA GAT CAA GAA CAA AAT ACA GCT GAA GTT AAG TTA TAT TTA Ala Gln Ile Asp Gln Glu Gln Asn Thr Ala Glu Val Lys Leu Tyr Leu 300 305 310	1566
AAA CAG TCA TTA AGC ATG GCT AAT GCT AAT GCA GAA TGT AAA AAG GCA Lys Gln Ser Leu Ser Met Ala Asn Ala Asn Ala Glu Cys Lys Lys Ala 315 320 325	1614
ATG AGC CAC CTT AAG CCA GAA AGT ACC CTA GAA GAA AAG CTG AGA GCT	1662



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GAAGATGCGG GATATGATTT ATTGGCTGCA AAAGAAATAC ATTTATTGCC AGGAGAGGTA	4100
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GAACAACAAA AGATAGCACA ATTAATAATA TTGCCTTGTA AACATGAAGT ATTAGAACAA	4340
GGAAAAGTTG TAATGGATTC AGAGAGAGGA GACAAAGGTT ATGGGTCAAC AGGAGTATTC	4400
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AAAGCTTGGA TTCAAAAATT CCTACCAGAG ACTACCTCTC TGGATAATGC TCTGGCCCTA	4940
GCCCTGTATA GTCTCAACTT TAAACAAAGG GGTAGACTAG GAAGGATGGC CCCTTATGAA	5000
TTATACATAC AACAAGAATC ATTAAGAATA CAAGACTATT TTTCGCAGAT TCCACAAAAG	5060
TTAATGATGC AGTGGGTGTA TTACAAAGAT CAAAAGACA AAAAATGGAA GGGACCAATG	5120
AGAGTGGAAT ATTGGGGACA AGGATCAGTA TTATTAAAGG ATGAAGAGAA GGGATATTTT	5180
CTTGTACCTA GGAGACACAT AAGAAGAGTC CCAGAACCCT GCACTCTTCC TGAAGGGGAT	5240
GAGTGACGAA GATTGGCAGG TAAGTAGAAG ACTCTTTGCA GTGCTCCAAG GAGGAGTACG	5300
TAGTGCTATG CTATACATAT CTAGACTACC TCCGGACGAA AGAGAAAGGT ATAAAAAGA	5360
CTTTAAGAAA AGGCTTTTGG AAAAGGAAAC AGGATTCATA CAGAGATTAA GAAAAGCGGA	5420
AGGAATAAGG TGGAGCTTCC ATACTAGAGA TTATTATATA GGATATGTAA GAGAGATGGT	5480
GGCCGGATCT AGTCTACCAG ATAGTTTAAG ACTGTATATT TATATAAGCA ATCCATTGTG	5540
GCACTGGTCA TACCGTCTG GCCTGACAAA TTTAATACA GAATGGCCTT TTGTGAATAT	5600
GTGGATAAAG ACAGGATTCA TGTGGGATGA TATTGAAAGC CAGAATATTT GCAAAGGAGG	5660
AGAGATTTCA CATGGATGGG GACCTGGAAT GGTGGGAATT GTGATAAAG CTTTTAGTTG	5720
TGGAGAAAGA AAGATTGAGG CTA CTCTGT AATGATTATA AGAGGAGAAA TAGATCCAAA	5780
AAAATGGTGT GGAGATTGTT GGAATTTGAT GTGTCTTAGG AACTCACCTC CACAGACTTT	5840
ACAAAGACTT GCTATGTTGG CATGTGGCGT GCCGGCTAAG GAGTGGCGAG GATGCTGTAA	5900
TCAACGCTTT GTTCTCCTT ACAGAACGCC TGCTGATTG GAGGTCATTC AATCCAAGCC	5960
CAGCTGGAGT CTATTATGGT CAGGGAGCCT ATGAATGGAA GACATACTAA CATTATTTAA	6020
TAAGGTCAT AAGAACTAG AAAAGGAAAA AGCTATCAGA ATATTTGTAT TAGCACATCA	6080
ATTAGAAAGG GACAAAGTTA TTAGATTACT ACAAGGATTA GTTTGGAGAC ATAGATTTAA	6140

- 44 -

GAAACCCCAA	ACAAAATACT	GTTTATGTTG	GTTCTGTTGC	AAATTCTACT	ATTGGCAGTT	6200
GCAATCTACA	TTATCAATAA	CTACTGCTTA	GAAATACTTA	TAATAATATT	TCATTTGCAA	6260
CAATAATT	ATG GCA GAA GGA TTT GCA GCC AAT AGA CAA TGG ATA GGA CCA					6310
	Met Ala Glu Gly Phe Ala Ala Asn Arg Gln Trp Ile Gly Pro					
	1 5 10					
GAA GAA GCT GAA GAG TTA TTA GAT TTT GAT ATA GCA ACA CAA ATG AAT						6358
Glu Glu Ala Glu Glu Leu Leu Asp Phe Asp Ile Ala Thr Gln Met Asn						
15 20 25 30						
GAA GAA GGG CCA CTA AAT CCA GGG ATG AAC CCA TTT AGG GTA CCT GGA						6406
Glu Glu Gly Pro Leu Asn Pro Gly Met Asn Pro Phe Arg Val Pro Gly						
	35 40 45					
ATA ACA GAT AAA GAA AAG CAA GAC TAT TGT AAC ATA TTA CAA CCT AAG						6454
Ile Thr Asp Lys Glu Lys Gln Asp Tyr Cys Asn Ile Leu Gln Pro Lys						
	50 55 60					
TTA CAA GAT TTA CGG AAT GAA CTT CAA GAG GTA AAA CTA GAA GAA GGA						6502
Leu Gln Asp Leu Arg Asn Glu Leu Gln Glu Val Lys Leu Glu Glu Gly						
	65 70 75					
AAT GCA GGT AAG TTT AGA AGG GCA AGA TAT TTA AGA TAT TCT GAT GAA						6550
Asn Ala Gly Lys Phe Arg Arg Ala Arg Tyr Leu Arg Tyr Ser Asp Glu						
	80 85 90					
AAT GTG CTA TCT ATA GTC TAT TTG CTA ATA GGA TAT CTA AGA TAT TTA						6598
Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Tyr Leu Leu Ile Gly Tyr Leu Arg Tyr Leu						
	95 100 105 110					
ATA AAT CGT AGG AGT TTA GGA TCT TTA AGA CAT GAT ATA GAC ATA GAA						6646
Ile Asn Arg Arg Ser Leu Gly Ser Leu Arg His Asp Ile Asp Ile Glu						
	115 120 125					
ACA CCT CAA GAG GAA TAT TAT AGT AAT AGT GAA AGG GGT ACC ACA TTA						6694
Thr Pro Gln Glu Glu Tyr Tyr Ser Asn Ser Glu Arg Gly Thr Thr Leu						
	130 135 140					
AAT CAA AAA TAT GCG AGA AGA TGT TGT GTT AGC ACA CTT ATT ATG TAT						6742
Asn Gln Lys Tyr Ala Arg Arg Cys Cys Val Ser Thr Leu Ile Met Tyr						
	145 150 155					
TTA ATT CTT TTT GCA GTA GGC ATC TGG TGG GGA GCT AGA GCA CAA GTA						6790
Leu Ile Leu Phe Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Trp Gly Ala Arg Ala Gln Val						
	160 165 170					
GTG TGG AGA CTT CCC CCT TTA GTA GTT CCA GTA GAA GAA TCA GAA ATA						6838
Val Trp Arg Leu Pro Pro Leu Val Val Pro Val Glu Glu Ser Glu Ile						
	175 180 185 190					
ATT TTT TGG GAT TGT TGG GCA CCA GAA GAA CCC GCC TGT CAA GAC TTT						6886
Ile Phe Trp Asp Cys Trp Ala Pro Glu Glu Pro Ala Cys Gln Asp Phe						
	195 200 205					

- 45 -

CTT GGG GCA ATG ATA CAT CTA AAA GCT AGT ACG AAT ATA AGT ATA CAA Leu Gly Ala Met Ile His Leu Lys Ala Ser Thr Asn Ile Ser Ile Gln 210 215 220	6934
GAG GGA CCT ACC TTG GGG AAT TGG GCT AGA GAA ATA TGG GGA ACA TTA Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Gly Asn Trp Ala Arg Glu Ile Trp Gly Thr Leu 225 230 235	6982
TTC AAA AAG GCT ACC AGA CAA TGT AGA AGA GGT AGA ATA TGG AAA AGA Phe Lys Lys Ala Thr Arg Gln Cys Arg Arg Gly Arg Ile Trp Lys Arg 240 245 250	7030
TGG AAT GAA ACT ATA ACA GGA CCA TTA GGA TGT GCT AAT AAC ACA TGT Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Thr Gly Pro Leu Gly Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Cys 255 260 265 270	7078
TAT AAT ATT TCA GTA ATA GTA CCT GAT TAT CAA TGT TAT CTA GAC CGA Tyr Asn Ile Ser Val Ile Val Pro Asp Tyr Gln Cys Tyr Leu Asp Arg 275 280 285	7126
GTA GAT ACT TGG TTA CAA GGG AAA GTA AAT ATA TCA TTA TGT CTA ACA Val Asp Thr Trp Leu Gln Gly Lys Val Asn Ile Ser Leu Cys Leu Thr 290 295 300	7174
GGA GGA AAA ATG TTG TAC AAT AAA TAT ACA AAA CAA TTA AGC TAT TGT Gly Gly Lys Met Leu Tyr Asn Lys Tyr Thr Lys Gln Leu Ser Tyr Cys 305 310 315	7222
ACA GAC CCA TTA CAA ATC CCA CTG ATC AAT TAT ACA TTT GGA CCT AAT Thr Asp Pro Leu Gln Ile Pro Leu Ile Asn Tyr Thr Phe Gly Pro Asn 320 325 330	7270
CAA ACA TGT ATG TGG AAC ACT TCA CAA ATT CAG GAC CCT GAG ATA CCA Gln Thr Cys Met Trp Asn Thr Ser Gln Ile Gln Asp Pro Glu Ile Pro 335 340 345 350	7318
AAA TGT GGA TGG TGG AAT CAA AGA GCC TAT TAT AAA AAT TGT AAA TGG Lys Cys Gly Trp Trp Asn Gln Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Lys Asn Cys Lys Trp 355 360 365	7366
GAA AAA ACA GAT GTA AAG TTT CAT TGT CAA AGA ACA CAG AGT CAG CCT Glu Lys Thr Asp Val Lys Phe His Cys Gln Arg Thr Gln Ser Gln Pro 370 375 380	7414
GGA ACA TGG CTT AGA GCA ATC TCG TCA TGG AGA CAA AGG AAT AGA TGG Gly Thr Trp Leu Arg Ala Ile Ser Ser Trp Arg Gln Arg Asn Arg Trp 385 390 395	7462
GAA TGG AGA CCA GAT TTT GAA AGT GAA AAG GTG AAA ATA TCT CTA AAG Glu Trp Arg Pro Asp Phe Glu Ser Glu Lys Val Lys Ile Ser Leu Lys 400 405 410	7510
TGT AAT AGC ACA AAA AAC CTA ACC TTT GCA ATG AGA AGT TCA GGA GAT Cys Asn Ser Thr Lys Asn Leu Thr Phe Ala Met Arg Ser Ser Gly Asp 415 420 425 430	7558

- 46 -

TAT GGA GAA GTA ACG GGA GCT TGG ATA GAG TTT GGA TGT CAT AGA AAT Tyr Gly Glu Val Thr Gly Ala Trp Ile Glu Phe Gly Cys His Arg Asn 435 440 445	7606
AAA TCA AAA CTT CAT GAT GAA GCA AGG TTT AGA ATT AGA TGT AGA TGG Lys Ser Lys Leu His Asp Glu Ala Arg Phe Arg Ile Arg Cys Arg Trp 450 455 460	7654
AAT ATA GGG GAG AAT ACC TCA CTC ATT GAT ACA TGT GGA AAC ACT CAA Asn Ile Gly Glu Asn Thr Ser Leu Ile Asp Thr Cys Gly Asn Thr Gln 465 470 475	7702
AAT GTT TCA GGG GCA AAT CCT GTA GAT TGT ACC ATG TAT GCA AAT AAA Asn Val Ser Gly Ala Asn Pro Val Asp Cys Thr Met Tyr Ala Asn Lys 480 485 490	7750
ATG TAC AAT TGT TCT TTA CAA AAC GGG TTT ACT ATG AAG GTA GAT GAC Met Tyr Asn Cys Ser Leu Gln Asn Gly Phe Thr Met Lys Val Asp Asp 495 500 505 510	7798
CTT ATT ATG CAT TTC AAT ATG ACA AAA GCT GTA GAA ATG TAT AAT ATT Leu Ile Met His Phe Asn Met Thr Lys Ala Val Glu Met Tyr Asn Ile 515 520 525	7846
GCT GGA AAT TGG TCT TGT ACA TCT GAC TTG CCA CCA ACA TGG GGG TAT Ala Gly Asn Trp Ser Cys Thr Ser Asp Leu Pro Pro Thr Trp Gly Tyr 530 535 540	7894
ATG AAT TGT AAC TGT ACA AAT AAT AGT AAT GAT AAT ACT AGA ATG GCA Met Asn Cys Asn Cys Thr Asn Asn Ser Asn Asp Asn Thr Arg Met Ala 545 550 555	7942
TGT CCT AAC AAT CAA GGC ATC TTA AGG AAT TGG TAT AAC CCA GTA GCA Cys Pro Asn Asn Gln Gly Ile Leu Arg Asn Trp Tyr Asn Pro Val Ala 560 565 570	7990
GGA TTA CGA CAA TCC TTG GAA AAG TAT CAA GTT GTA AAA CAA CCA GAT Gly Leu Arg Gln Ser Leu Glu Lys Tyr Gln Val Val Lys Gln Pro Asp 575 580 585 590	8038
TAC TTA GTG GTC CCA GGG GAA GTC ATG GAA TAT AAA ACT AGA AGG AAA Tyr Leu Val Val Pro Gly Glu Val Met Glu Tyr Lys Thr Arg Arg Lys 595 600 605	8086
AGG GCA GCT ATT CAT GTT ATG TTA GCT CTT GCA ACA GTA TTA TCT ATG Arg Ala Ala Ile His Val Met Leu Ala Leu Ala Thr Val Leu Ser Met 610 615 620	8134
GCC GGA GCA GGG ACG GGG GCT ACT GCT ATA GGG ATG GTA ACA CAA TAT Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Ala Thr Ala Ile Gly Met Val Thr Gln Tyr 625 630 635	8182
CAC CAA GTT CTA GCA ACC CAT CAA GAA GCT ATT GAA AAG GTG ACT GAA His Gln Val Leu Ala Thr His Gln Glu Ala Ile Glu Lys Val Thr Glu 640 645 650	8230

GCC TTA AAG ATA AAC AAC TTG AGA TTA GTT ACA TTA GAG CAT CAA GTA Ala Leu Lys Ile Asn Asn Leu Arg Leu Val Thr Leu Glu His Gln Val 655 660 665 670	8278
CTA GTA ATA GGA TTA AAA GTA GAA GCT ATG GAA AAA TTT TTA TAT ACA Leu Val Ile Gly Leu Lys Val Glu Ala Met Glu Lys Phe Leu Tyr Thr 675 680 685	8326
GCT TTC GCT ATG CAA GAA TTA GGA TGT AAT CAA AAT CAA TTC TTC TGC Ala Phe Ala Met Gln Glu Leu Gly Cys Asn Gln Asn Gln Phe Phe Cys 690 695 700	8374
AAA GTC CCT CCT GAA TTG TGG ATG AGG TAT AAT ATG TCT ATA AAT CAA Lys Val Pro Pro Glu Leu Trp Met Arg Tyr Asn Met Ser Ile Asn Gln 705 710 715	8422
ACA ATA TGG AAT CAT GGA AAT ATA ACT TTG GGG GAA TGG TAT AAC CAA Thr Ile Trp Asn His Gly Asn Ile Thr Leu Gly Glu Trp Tyr Asn Gln 720 725 730	8470
ACA AAA GAT TTA CAA CAA AAG TTT TAT GAA ATA ATA ATG GAC ATA GAA Thr Lys Asp Leu Gln Gln Lys Phe Tyr Glu Ile Ile Met Asp Ile Glu 735 740 745 750	8518
CAA AAT AAT GTA CAA GGG AAA AAA GGG ATA CAA CAA TTA CAA AAG TGG Gln Asn Asn Val Gln Gly Lys Lys Gly Ile Gln Gln Leu Gln Lys Trp 755 760 765	8566
GAA GAT TGG GTA GGA TGG ATA GGA AAT ATT CCA CAA TAC TTA AAG GGA Glu Asp Trp Val Gly Trp Ile Gly Asn Ile Pro Gln Tyr Leu Lys Gly 770 775 780	8614
CTA TTG GGA GGT ATC TTG GGA ATA GGA TTA GGA GTG TTA TTA TTA ATT Leu Leu Gly Gly Ile Leu Gly Ile Gly Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Leu Ile 785 790 795	8662
TTA TGT TTA CCC ACA TTG GTT GAT TGT ATA AGA AAT TGT ATC CAC AAG Leu Cys Leu Pro Thr Leu Val Asp Cys Ile Arg Asn Cys Ile His Lys 800 805 810	8710
ATA CTA GGA TAC ACA GTA ATT GCA ATG CCT GAA GTA GAA GGA GAA GAA Ile Leu Gly Tyr Thr Val Ile Ala Met Pro Glu Val Glu Gly Glu Glu 815 820 825 830	8758
ATA CAA CCA CAA ATG GAA TTG AGG AGA AAT GGT AGG CAA TGT GGC ATA Ile Gln Pro Gln Met Glu Leu Arg Arg Asn Gly Arg Gln Cys Gly Ile 835 840 845	8806
TCT GAA AAA GAG GAG GAA TGATGAAGTA TCTCAGACTT ATTTTATAAG Ser Glu Lys Glu Glu Glu	8854 850
GGAGATGCTG TGCTGAGTTC TTCCCTTTGA GGAAGGTATG TCATATGAAT CCATTTCAAA	8914
TCAAATTAAA CTAATAAAGT ATGTATTATA AGGTAAAAAG AAAAAAAGAC AAAGAAGAAG	8974

- 48 -

AAGAAGGAAG AAAGCCTTCA AGAATATGAT GACAGCTTTA GAAGATCGCT TTAGAAAGCT 9034  
 ATTTGGCACA AATTCTACAA CGGGAGACAG TACAGTGGAA TCTGACGATG AACCTCCTAA 9094  
 AAAAGAAAAA AGGGTGGACT GGGATGAGTA TTGGGACCCT GAAGAAATAG AAAGAATGCT 9154  
 TATGGACTAG TGACTGTTTA CGAACAAATG ATAAATGATG GAAACAGCTG AGCATGACTC 9214  
 ATAGTTAAAG CGCTAGCAGC TGCTTAACCG CAAAACCACA TCCTATGTAA AGCTTGCTGA 9274  
 TGACGTATAA TTTGCTCCAC TGTAAGTA TATAACCACT GCTTTGTGAG ACTTCGGGGA 9334  
 GTCTCTCCGT TGAGGACTTT CGAGTTCTCC CTTGAGGCTC CCACAGATAC AATAAATATT 9394  
 TGAGATTGAA CCCTGTCAAG TATCTGTGTA ATCTTTTTTA CCTGTGAGGT CTCGGAATCC 9454  
 GGGCCGAGAA CTTCGCA 9471

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 450 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Gly Asn Gly Gln Gly Arg Asp Trp Lys Met Ala Ile Lys Arg Cys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Asn Val Ala Val Gly Val Gly Gly Lys Ser Lys Lys Phe Gly Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Gly Asn Phe Arg Trp Ala Ile Arg Met Ala Asn Val Ser Thr Gly Arg  
 35 40 45  
 Glu Pro Gly Asp Ile Pro Glu Thr Leu Asp Gln Leu Arg Leu Val Ile  
 50 55 60  
 Cys Asp Leu Gln Glu Arg Arg Glu Lys Phe Gly Ser Ser Lys Glu Ile  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asp Met Ala Ile Val Thr Leu Lys Val Phe Ala Val Val Gly Leu Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Asn Met Thr Val Ser Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Glu Asn Met Tyr Thr Gln  
 100 105 110  
 Met Gly Leu Asp Thr Arg Pro Ser Met Arg Glu Ala Gly Gly Lys Glu  
 115 120 125  
 Glu Ser Pro Pro Gln Ala Ser Pro Ile Gln Thr Ala Asn Gly Ala Pro  
 130 135 140

-49-

Gln Tyr Val Ala Leu Asp Pro Lys Met Val Ser Ile Phe Met Glu Lys  
 145 150 155 160  
 Ala Arg Glu Gly Leu Gly Gly Glu Glu Val Gln Leu Trp Phe Thr Ala  
 165 170 175  
 Phe Ser Ala Asn Leu Thr Pro Thr Asp Met Ala Thr Leu Ile Met Ala  
 180 185 190  
 Ala Pro Gly Cys Ala Ala Asp Lys Glu Ile Leu Asp Glu Ser Leu Lys  
 195 200 205  
 Gln Leu Thr Ala Glu Tyr Asp Arg Thr His Pro Pro Asp Gly Pro Arg  
 210 215 220  
 Pro Leu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Ala Ala Glu Ile Met Gly Ile Gly Leu Thr  
 225 230 235 240  
 Gln Glu Gln Gln Ala Glu Ala Arg Phe Ala Pro Ala Arg Met Gln Cys  
 245 250 255  
 Arg Ala Trp Tyr Leu Glu Ala Leu Gly Lys Leu Ala Ala Ile Lys Ala  
 260 265 270  
 Lys Ser Pro Arg Ala Val Gln Leu Arg Gln Gly Ala Lys Glu Asp Tyr  
 275 280 285  
 Ser Ser Phe Ile Asp Arg Leu Phe Ala Gln Ile Asp Gln Glu Gln Asn  
 290 295 300  
 Thr Ala Glu Val Lys Leu Tyr Leu Lys Gln Ser Leu Ser Met Ala Asn  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ala Asn Ala Glu Cys Lys Lys Ala Met Ser His Leu Lys Pro Glu Ser  
 325 330 335  
 Thr Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Arg Ala Cys Gln Glu Val Gly Ser Pro Gly  
 340 345 350  
 Tyr Lys Met Gln Leu Leu Ala Glu Ala Leu Thr Lys Val Gln Val Val  
 355 360 365  
 Gln Ser Lys Gly Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Phe Asn Cys Lys Lys Pro Gly  
 370 375 380  
 His Leu Ala Lys Gln Cys Arg Asp Val Lys Lys Cys Asn Lys Cys Gly  
 385 390 395 400  
 Lys Pro Gly His Leu Ala Ala Lys Cys Trp Gln Gly Gly Lys Lys Asn  
 405 410 415  
 Ser Gly Asn Trp Lys Ala Gly Arg Ala Ala Ala Pro Val Asn Gln Val  
 420 425 430  
 Gln Gln Ala Val Met Pro Ser Ala Pro Pro Met Glu Glu Arg Leu Leu  
 435 440 445

- 50 -

Asp Leu  
450

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 852 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

```

Met Ala Glu Gly Phe Ala Ala Asn Arg Gln Trp Ile Gly Pro Glu Glu
 1           5           10           15
Ala Glu Glu Leu Leu Asp Phe Asp Ile Ala Thr Gln Met Asn Glu Glu
          20           25           30
Gly Pro Leu Asn Pro Gly Met Asn Pro Phe Arg Val Pro Gly Ile Thr
          35           40           45
Asp Lys Glu Lys Gln Asp Tyr Cys Asn Ile Leu Gln Pro Lys Leu Gln
          50           55           60
Asp Leu Arg Asn Glu Leu Gln Glu Val Lys Leu Glu Glu Gly Asn Ala
          65           70           75           80
Gly Lys Phe Arg Arg Ala Arg Tyr Leu Arg Tyr Ser Asp Glu Asn Val
          85           90           95
Leu Ser Ile Val Tyr Leu Leu Ile Gly Tyr Leu Arg Tyr Leu Ile Asn
          100          105          110
Arg Arg Ser Leu Gly Ser Leu Arg His Asp Ile Asp Ile Glu Thr Pro
          115          120          125
Gln Glu Glu Tyr Tyr Ser Asn Ser Glu Arg Gly Thr Thr Leu Asn Gln
          130          135          140
Lys Tyr Ala Arg Arg Cys Cys Val Ser Thr Leu Ile Met Tyr Leu Ile
          145          150          155          160
Leu Phe Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Trp Gly Ala Arg Ala Gln Val Val Trp
          165          170          175
Arg Leu Pro Pro Leu Val Val Pro Val Glu Glu Ser Glu Ile Ile Phe
          180          185          190
Trp Asp Cys Trp Ala Pro Glu Glu Pro Ala Cys Gln Asp Phe Leu Gly
          195          200          205
Ala Met Ile His Leu Lys Ala Ser Thr Asn Ile Ser Ile Gln Glu Gly
          210          215          220

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- 51 -

Pro Thr Leu Gly Asn Trp Ala Arg Glu Ile Trp Gly Thr Leu Phe Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Lys Ala Thr Arg Gln Cys Arg Arg Gly Arg Ile Trp Lys Arg Trp Asn  
 245 250 255  
 Glu Thr Ile Thr Gly Pro Leu Gly Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Cys Tyr Asn  
 260 265 270  
 Ile Ser Val Ile Val Pro Asp Tyr Gln Cys Tyr Leu Asp Arg Val Asp  
 275 280 285  
 Thr Trp Leu Gln Gly Lys Val Asn Ile Ser Leu Cys Leu Thr Gly Gly  
 290 295 300  
 Lys Met Leu Tyr Asn Lys Tyr Thr Lys Gln Leu Ser Tyr Cys Thr Asp  
 305 310 315 320  
 Pro Leu Gln Ile Pro Leu Ile Asn Tyr Thr Phe Gly Pro Asn Gln Thr  
 325 330 335  
 Cys Met Trp Asn Thr Ser Gln Ile Gln Asp Pro Glu Ile Pro Lys Cys  
 340 345 350  
 Gly Trp Trp Asn Gln Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Lys Asn Cys Lys Trp Glu Lys  
 355 360 365  
 Thr Asp Val Lys Phe His Cys Gln Arg Thr Gln Ser Gln Pro Gly Thr  
 370 375 380  
 Trp Leu Arg Ala Ile Ser Ser Trp Arg Gln Arg Asn Arg Trp Glu Trp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Arg Pro Asp Phe Glu Ser Glu Lys Val Lys Ile Ser Leu Lys Cys Asn  
 405 410 415  
 Ser Thr Lys Asn Leu Thr Phe Ala Met Arg Ser Ser Gly Asp Tyr Gly  
 420 425 430  
 Glu Val Thr Gly Ala Trp Ile Glu Phe Gly Cys His Arg Asn Lys Ser  
 435 440 445  
 Lys Leu His Asp Glu Ala Arg Phe Arg Ile Arg Cys Arg Trp Asn Ile  
 450 455 460  
 Gly Glu Asn Thr Ser Leu Ile Asp Thr Cys Gly Asn Thr Gln Asn Val  
 465 470 475 480  
 Ser Gly Ala Asn Pro Val Asp Cys Thr Met Tyr Ala Asn Lys Met Tyr  
 485 490 495  
 Asn Cys Ser Leu Gln Asn Gly Phe Thr Met Lys Val Asp Asp Leu Ile  
 500 505 510  
 Met His Phe Asn Met Thr Lys Ala Val Glu Met Tyr Asn Ile Ala Gly  
 515 520 525

- 52 -

Asn Trp Ser Cys Thr Ser Asp Leu Pro Pro Thr Trp Gly Tyr Met Asn  
 530 535 540

Cys Asn Cys Thr Asn Asn Ser Asn Asp Asn Thr Arg Met Ala Cys Pro  
 545 550 555 560

Asn Asn Gln Gly Ile Leu Arg Asn Trp Tyr Asn Pro Val Ala Gly Leu  
 565 570 575

Arg Gln Ser Leu Glu Lys Tyr Gln Val Val Lys Gln Pro Asp Tyr Leu  
 580 585 590

Val Val Pro Gly Glu Val Met Glu Tyr Lys Thr Arg Arg Lys Arg Ala  
 595 600 605

Ala Ile His Val Met Leu Ala Leu Ala Thr Val Leu Ser Met Ala Gly  
 610 615 620

Ala Gly Thr Gly Ala Thr Ala Ile Gly Met Val Thr Gln Tyr His Gln  
 625 630 635 640

Val Leu Ala Thr His Gln Glu Ala Ile Glu Lys Val Thr Glu Ala Leu  
 645 650 655

Lys Ile Asn Asn Leu Arg Leu Val Thr Leu Glu His Gln Val Leu Val  
 660 665 670

Ile Gly Leu Lys Val Glu Ala Met Glu Lys Phe Leu Tyr Thr Ala Phe  
 675 680 685

Ala Met Gln Glu Leu Gly Cys Asn Gln Asn Gln Phe Phe Cys Lys Val  
 690 695 700

Pro Pro Glu Leu Trp Met Arg Tyr Asn Met Ser Ile Asn Gln Thr Ile  
 705 710 715 720

Trp Asn His Gly Asn Ile Thr Leu Gly Glu Trp Tyr Asn Gln Thr Lys  
 725 730 735

Asp Leu Gln Gln Lys Phe Tyr Glu Ile Ile Met Asp Ile Glu Gln Asn  
 740 745 750

Asn Val Gln Gly Lys Lys Gly Ile Gln Gln Leu Gln Lys Trp Glu Asp  
 755 760 765

Trp Val Gly Trp Ile Gly Asn Ile Pro Gln Tyr Leu Lys Gly Leu Leu  
 770 775 780

Gly Gly Ile Leu Gly Ile Gly Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu Cys  
 785 790 795 800

Leu Pro Thr Leu Val Asp Cys Ile Arg Asn Cys Ile His Lys Ile Leu  
 805 810 815

Gly Tyr Thr Val Ile Ala Met Pro Glu Val Glu Gly Glu Glu Ile Gln  
 820 825 830

-53-

Pro Gln Met Glu Leu Arg Arg Asn Gly Arg Gln Cys Gly Ile Ser Glu  
           835                                  840                                  845

Lys Glu Glu Glu  
       850

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1350 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

ATGGGGAACG GACAGGGGCG AGATTGGAAA ATGGCCATTA AGAGATGTAG TAATGTTGCT	60
GTAGGAGTAG GGGGGAAGAG TAAAAAATTT GGAGAAGGGA ATTCAGATG GGCCATTAGA	120
ATGGCTAATG TATCTACAGG ACGAGAACCT GGTGATATAC CAGAGACTTT AGATCAACTA	180
AGGTTGGTTA TTTGCGATTT ACAAGAAAGA AGAGAAAAAT TTGGGTCGAG CAAAGAAATT	240
GACATGGCAA TTGTTACATT AAAAGTCTTT GCGGTAGTAG GACTTTTAAA TATGACAGTG	300
TCTACTGCTG CTGCAGCTGA AAATATGTAC ACTCAGATGG GATTAGACAC TAGACCATCT	360
ATGAGAGAAG CAGGAGGAAA AGAGGAAAGC CCTCCACAGG CATCTCCTAT TCAAACAGCA	420
AATGGAGCAC CACAATATGT AGCACTTGAC CAAAAATGG TGTCCATTTT TATGAAAAG	480
GCAAGAGAAG GATTAGGAGG TGAGGAAGTT CAGCTATGGT TTAGTGCTT CTCTGCAAAT	540
TTAACACCTA CTGACATGGC CACATTAATA ATGGCCGCAC CAGGGTGC GC TGCAGATAAA	600
GAAATATTGG ATGAAAGCTT AAAGCAATTG ACGGCAGAGT ATGATCGTAC CCATCCTCCT	660
GATGGACCTA GACCATTACC CTATTTTACT GCAGCAGAAA TTATGGGTAT AGGATTAAC	720
CAAGAACAAC AAGCAGAAGC AAGATTTGCA CCAGCTAGGA TGCAGTGTAG AGCATGGTAT	780
CTCGAGGCAC TAGGAAAATT GGCCGCCATA AAAGCTAAGT CTCCTCGAGC TGTGCAGTTA	840
AGACAAGGAG CTAAGGAAGA TTATTCATCC TTTATAGACA GATTGTTTGC CCAAATAGAT	900
CAAGAACAAA ATACAGCTGA AGTTAAGTTA TATTTAAAAC AGTCATTAAG CATGGCTAAT	960
GCTAATGCAG AATGTAAAAA GGCAATGAGC CACCTTAAGC CAGAAAGTAC CCTAGAAGAA	1020
AAGCTGAGAG CTTGTCAAGA AGTAGGCTCA CCAGGATATA AAATGCAACT CTTGGCAGAA	1080

- 54 -

GCTCTTACAA AAGTTCAAGT AGTGAATCA AAAGGATCAG GACCAAGTGTG TTTCAACTGT 1140  
 AAAAAACCAG GACATCTAGC AAAACAGTGT AGAGATGTGA AAAAATGTAA TAAATGTGGA 1200  
 AAGCCTGGTC ATTTAGCTGC CAAATGCTGG CAAGGTGGTA AAAAGAATTC GGGAAACTGG 1260  
 AAGGCGGGGC GAGCTGCAGC CCCAGTGAAT CAAGTGCAGC AAGCAGTAAT GCCATCTGCA 1320  
 CCTCCAATGG AGGAGAGACT ATTGGATTAA 1350

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 405 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..405

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

ATG GGG AAC GGA CAG GGG CGA GAT TGG AAA ATG GCC ATT AAG AGA TGT 48  
 Met Gly Asn Gly Gln Gly Arg Asp Trp Lys Met Ala Ile Lys Arg Cys  
 855 860 865

AGT AAT GTT GCT GTA GGA GTA GGG GGG AAG AGT AAA AAA TTT GGA GAA 96  
 Ser Asn Val Ala Val Gly Val Gly Gly Lys Ser Lys Lys Phe Gly Glu  
 870 875 880

GGG AAT TTC AGA TGG GCC ATT AGA ATG GCT AAT GTA TCT ACA GGA CGA 144  
 Gly Asn Phe Arg Trp Ala Ile Arg Met Ala Asn Val Ser Thr Gly Arg  
 885 890 895 900

GAA CCT GGT GAT ATA CCA GAG ACT TTA GAT CAA CTA AGG TTG GTT ATT 192  
 Glu Pro Gly Asp Ile Pro Glu Thr Leu Asp Gln Leu Arg Leu Val Ile  
 905 910 915

TGC GAT TTA CAA GAA AGA AGA GAA AAA TTT GGG TCG AGC AAA GAA ATT 240  
 Cys Asp Leu Gln Glu Arg Arg Glu Lys Phe Gly Ser Ser Lys Glu Ile  
 920 925 930

GAC ATG GCA ATT GTT ACA TTA AAA GTC TTT GCG GTA GTA GGA CTT TTA 288  
 Asp Met Ala Ile Val Thr Leu Lys Val Phe Ala Val Val Gly Leu Leu  
 935 940 945

AAT ATG ACA GTG TCT ACT GCT GCT GCA GCT GAA AAT ATG TAC ACT CAG 336  
 Asn Met Thr Val Ser Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Glu Asn Met Tyr Thr Gln

-55-

950	955	960	
ATG GGA TTA GAC ACT AGA CCA TCT ATG AGA GAA GCA GGA GGA AAA GAG			384
Met Gly Leu Asp Thr Arg Pro Ser Met Arg Glu Ala Gly Gly Lys Glu			
965	970	975	980
GAA AGC CCT CCA CAG GCA TCT			405
Glu Ser Pro Pro Gln Ala Ser			
	985		

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 135 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Met Gly Asn Gly Gln Gly Arg Asp Trp Lys Met Ala Ile Lys Arg Cys  
 1 5 10 15

Ser Asn Val Ala Val Gly Val Gly Gly Lys Ser Lys Lys Phe Gly Glu  
 20 25 30

Gly Asn Phe Arg Trp Ala Ile Arg Met Ala Asn Val Ser Thr Gly Arg  
 35 40 45

Glu Pro Gly Asp Ile Pro Glu Thr Leu Asp Gln Leu Arg Leu Val Ile  
 50 55 60

Cys Asp Leu Gln Glu Arg Arg Glu Lys Phe Gly Ser Ser Lys Glu Ile  
 65 70 75 80

Asp Met Ala Ile Val Thr Leu Lys Val Phe Ala Val Val Gly Leu Leu  
 85 90 95

Asn Met Thr Val Ser Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Glu Asn Met Tyr Thr Gln  
 100 105 110

Met Gly Leu Asp Thr Arg Pro Ser Met Arg Glu Ala Gly Gly Lys Glu  
 115 120 125

Glu Ser Pro Pro Gln Ala Ser  
 130 135

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 669 base pairs

- 56 -

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 1..669

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

CCT ATT CAA ACA GCA AAT GGA GCA CCA CAA TAT GTA GCA CTT GAC CCA	48
Pro Ile Gln Thr Ala Asn Gly Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Ala Leu Asp Pro	
140 145 150	
AAA ATG GTG TCC ATT TTT ATG GAA AAG GCA AGA GAA GGA TTA GGA GGT	96
Lys Met Val Ser Ile Phe Met Glu Lys Ala Arg Glu Gly Leu Gly Gly	
155 160 165	
GAG GAA GTT CAG CTA TGG TTT ACT GCC TTC TCT GCA AAT TTA ACA CCT	144
Glu Glu Val Gln Leu Trp Phe Thr Ala Phe Ser Ala Asn Leu Thr Pro	
170 175 180	
ACT GAC ATG GCC ACA TTA ATA ATG GCC GCA CCA GGG TGC GCT GCA GAT	192
Thr Asp Met Ala Thr Leu Ile Met Ala Ala Pro Gly Cys Ala Ala Asp	
185 190 195	
AAA GAA ATA TTG GAT GAA AGC TTA AAG CAA TTG ACG GCA GAG TAT GAT	240
Lys Glu Ile Leu Asp Glu Ser Leu Lys Gln Leu Thr Ala Glu Tyr Asp	
200 205 210 215	
CGT ACC CAT CCT CCT GAT GGA CCT AGA CCA TTA CCC TAT TTT ACT GCA	288
Arg Thr His Pro Pro Asp Gly Pro Arg Pro Leu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Ala	
220 225 230	
GCA GAA ATT ATG GGT ATA GGA TTA ACT CAA GAA CAA CAA GCA GAA GCA	336
Ala Glu Ile Met Gly Ile Gly Leu Thr Gln Glu Gln Gln Ala Glu Ala	
235 240 245	
AGA TTT GCA CCA GCT AGG ATG CAG TGT AGA GCA TGG TAT CTC GAG GCA	384
Arg Phe Ala Pro Ala Arg Met Gln Cys Arg Ala Trp Tyr Leu Glu Ala	
250 255 260	
CTA GGA AAA TTG GCC GCC ATA AAA GCT AAG TCT CCT CGA GCT GTG CAG	432
Leu Gly Lys Leu Ala Ala Ile Lys Ala Lys Ser Pro Arg Ala Val Gln	
265 270 275	
TTA AGA CAA GGA GCT AAG GAA GAT TAT TCA TCC TTT ATA GAC AGA TTG	480
Leu Arg Gln Gly Ala Lys Glu Asp Tyr Ser Ser Phe Ile Asp Arg Leu	
280 285 290 295	
TTT GCC CAA ATA GAT CAA GAA CAA AAT ACA GCT GAA GTT AAG TTA TAT	528
Phe Ala Gln Ile Asp Gln Glu Gln Asn Thr Ala Glu Val Lys Leu Tyr	

- 57 -

300	305	310	
TTA AAA CAG TCA TTA AGC ATG GCT AAT GCT AAT GCA GAA TGT AAA AAG			576
Leu Lys Gln Ser Leu Ser Met Ala Asn Ala Asn Ala Glu Cys Lys Lys	320	325	
GCA ATG AGC CAC CTT AAG CCA GAA AGT ACC CTA GAA GAA AAG CTG AGA			624
Ala Met Ser His Leu Lys Pro Glu Ser Thr Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Arg	335	340	
GCT TGT CAA GAA GTA GGC TCA CCA GGA TAT AAA ATG CAA CTC TTG			669
Ala Cys Gln Glu Val Gly Ser Pro Gly Tyr Lys Met Gln Leu Leu	350	355	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 223 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Pro Ile Gln Thr Ala Asn Gly Ala Pro Gln Tyr Val Ala Leu Asp Pro  
 1 5 10 15  
 Lys Met Val Ser Ile Phe Met Glu Lys Ala Arg Glu Gly Leu Gly Gly  
 20 25 30  
 Glu Glu Val Gln Leu Trp Phe Thr Ala Phe Ser Ala Asn Leu Thr Pro  
 35 40 45  
 Thr Asp Met Ala Thr Leu Ile Met Ala Ala Pro Gly Cys Ala Ala Asp  
 50 55 60  
 Lys Glu Ile Leu Asp Glu Ser Leu Lys Gln Leu Thr Ala Glu Tyr Asp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Arg Thr His Pro Pro Asp Gly Pro Arg Pro Leu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Ala  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Glu Ile Met Gly Ile Gly Leu Thr Gln Glu Gln Gln Ala Glu Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Arg Phe Ala Pro Ala Arg Met Gln Cys Arg Ala Trp Tyr Leu Glu Ala  
 115 120 125  
 Leu Gly Lys Leu Ala Ala Ile Lys Ala Lys Ser Pro Arg Ala Val Gln  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Arg Gln Gly Ala Lys Glu Asp Tyr Ser Ser Phe Ile Asp Arg Leu  
 145 150 155 160

- 58 -

Phe Ala Gln Ile Asp Gln Glu Gln Asn Thr Ala Glu Val Lys Leu Tyr  
165 170 175

Leu Lys Gln Ser Leu Ser Met Ala Asn Ala Asn Ala Glu Cys Lys Lys  
180 185 190

Ala Met Ser His Leu Lys Pro Glu Ser Thr Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Arg  
195 200 205

Ala Cys Gln Glu Val Gly Ser Pro Gly Tyr Lys Met Gln Leu Leu  
210 215 220

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 42 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS  
(B) LOCATION: 1..42

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

GCA GAG TAT GAT CGT ACC CAT CCT CCT GAT GGA CCT AGA CCA  
Ala Glu Tyr Asp Arg Thr His Pro Pro Asp Gly Pro Arg Pro  
225 230 235

42

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID-NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Ala Glu Tyr Asp Arg Thr His Pro Pro Asp Gly Pro Arg Pro  
1 5 10



-59-

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 264 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..264

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

ACA AAA GTT CAA GTA GTG CAA TCA AAA GGA TCA GGA CCA GTG TGT TTC	48
Thr Lys Val Gln Val Val Gln Ser Lys Gly Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Phe	30
15 20 25	
AAC TGT AAA AAA CCA GGA CAT CTA GCA AAA CAG TGT AGA GAT GTG AAA	96
Asn Cys Lys Lys Pro Gly His Leu Ala Lys Gln Cys Arg Asp Val Lys	45
35 40	
AAA TGT AAT AAA TGT GGA AAG CCT GGT CAT TTA GCT GCC AAA TGC TGG	144
Lys Cys Asn Lys Cys Gly Lys Pro Gly His Leu Ala Ala Lys Cys Trp	60
50 55	
CAA GGT GGT AAA AAG AAT TCG GGA AAC TGG AAG GCG GGG CGA GCT GCA	192
Gln Gly Gly Lys Lys Asn Ser Gly Asn Trp Lys Ala Gly Arg Ala Ala	75
65 70	
GCC CCA GTG AAT CAA GTG CAG CAA GCA GTA ATG CCA TCT GCA CCT CCA	240
Ala Pro Val Asn Gln Val Gln Gln Ala Val Met Pro Ser Ala Pro Pro	90
80 85 90	
ATG GAG GAG AGA CTA TTG GAT TTA	264
Met Glu Glu Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu	100
95 100	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 88 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Thr Lys Val Gln Val Val Gln Ser Lys Gly Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Phe	15
1 5 10	

-60-

Asn Cys Lys Lys Pro Gly His Leu Ala Lys Gln Cys Arg Asp Val Lys  
                   20                                  25                                  30  
 Lys Cys Asn Lys Cys Gly Lys Pro Gly His Leu Ala Ala Lys Cys Trp  
                   35                                  40                                  45  
 Gln Gly Gly Lys Lys Asn Ser Gly Asn Trp Lys Ala Gly Arg Ala Ala  
                   50                                  55                                  60  
 Ala Pro Val Asn Gln Val Gln Gln Ala Val Met Pro Ser Ala Pro Pro  
                   65                                  70                                  75                                  80  
 Met Glu Glu Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu  
                                   85

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 3841 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

ATGATTGGAG TAGGAGGAGG AAAGAGAGGA ACAAATTATA TCAATGTGCA TTTAGAGATT	60
AGAGATGAAA ATTATAAGAC ACAATGTATA TTTGGCAATG TTTGTGTCTT AGAAGATAAC	120
TCATTAATAC AACCATTATT AGGGAGAGAT AATATGATTA GATTCAATAT TAGGTTAGTA	180
ATGGGCTCAAA TTTCTGACAA GATTCCAATA GTAAAAGTAA AAATGAAGGA TCCAAATAAA	240
GGACCTCAAA TAAAACAATG GCCATTAACA AATGAAAAAA TTGAAGCTTT AACAGAAATA	300
GTAGAAAGAC TAGAAAAGAGA AGGGAAAAGTA AAAAGAGCAG ATCCAAATAA CCCATGGAAT	360
ACACCAGTAT TTGCAATAAA AAAGAAAAGT GGAAAATGGA GAATGCTCAT AGATTTTAGA	420
GAATTGAACA AATTAAGTGA GAAAGGGGCA GAAGTCCAGT TAGGACTCCC TCATCCTGCT	480
GGATTAAAAA TGAAAAAACA AGTTACTGTG CTAGATATAG GAGATGCATA CTTCACTATT	540
CCCTTGGATC CAGACTATGC TCCCTATACT GCATTCACAT TACCTAGAAA GAATAATGCA	600
GGACCAGGGA GGAGATATGT ATGGTGCAGT TTACCACAGG GGTGGGTTCT AAGCCCATTG	660
ATATATCAAA GTACTTTAGA TAATATAATA CAACCTTTTA TTAGACAAAA TCCTGAGTTA	720
GATATTTATC AATATATGGA TGACATTTAT ATAGGATCAA ACTTAAGTAA AAAGGAGCAT	780

AAAGAAAAAG TAGAAGAATT AAGAAAATTG TTATTATGGT GGGGATTTGA AACCCCGGAA	840
GACAAATTAC AAGAAGAGCC CCCATATAAG TGGATGGGCT ATGAATTACA TCCATTAACA	900
TGGTCAATAC AGCAAAAACA ATTAGAAAATT CCAGAAAGAC CCACATTAAG TGAAGTGCAG	960
AAATTAGCAG GTAAGATAAA CTGGGCCAGT CAACTATCC CAGACTTAAG TATAAAAGAA	1020
CTAACTAACA TGATGAGAGG AGATCAGAAG TTAGACTCAA TAAGAGAATG GACTGTGGAA	1080
GCCAAGAGAG AAGTACAAAA AGCTAAGGAA GCTATTGAGA TGCAAGCACA GCTAAATTAT	1140
TATGATCCCC ACCGAGAATT ATATGCAAAA TTAAGTTTAG TGGGACCACA TCAAATATGT	1200
TATCAAGTGT ATCATAAGAA CCCAGAATGT ATTTTATGGT ATGGTAAGAT GAATAGACAA	1260
AAGAAAAAGG CAGAAAATAC CTGTGATATA GCTCTAAGGG CATGTTATAA AATAAGAGAA	1320
GAATCTATTA TAAGAATAGG AAAAGAACCA ATATATGAAA TACCTACTTC TAGAGAAGCC	1380
TGGGAGTCAA ATTTAATTAA TTCACCATAT CTTAAGGCCC CACCTCCTGA GGTAGAATAT	1440
ATCCATGCTG CTGTGAATAT AAAAAGAGCA TTAAGTATGA TAAAAGATGT TCCAATACCA	1500
GAAGCAGAAA CGTGGTATAT AGATGGAGGC AGAAAGCTAG GAAAAGCAGC AAAAGCAGCC	1560
TATTGGACAG ATACAGGGAA GTGGCAAGTA ATGGAGTTAG AAGGCAGTAA TCAGAAGGCA	1620
GAAGTACAAG CATTATTATT GGCATTAATA GCAGGATCAG AGGAAATGAA TATTATAACA	1680
GATTCACAAT ATGTTATAAA TATTATTCTT CAACAACCAG ATATGATGGA GGGAACTGG	1740
CAAGAAGTTT TAGAAGAATT GGAGAAAAAA ACAGCAATAT TTATAGATTG GGTCCCAGGA	1800
CATAAAGGTA TTCCAGGAAA TGAGGAAGTA GATAAGCTTT GTCAAACAAT GATGATAATA	1860
GAAGGGGATG GGATATTAGA TAAAAGGTCA GAAGATGCGG GATATGATTT ATTGGCTGCA	1920
AAAGAAATAC ATTTATTGCC AGGAGAGGTA AAAGTAATAC CAACAGGGGT AAAGCTAATG	1980
CTGCCTAAAG GACATTGGGG ACTAATAATG GGAAGAAGCT CGATAGGGAG TAAAGGATTG	2040
GATGTATTAG GAGGGGTAAT AGATGAAGGA TATCGAGGTG AAATTGGAGT AATAATGATT	2100
AATGTATCAA GAAATCAAT CACCTTAATG GAACAACAAA AGATAGCACA ATTAATAATA	2160
TTGCCTTGTA AACATGAAGT ATTAGAACAA GGAAGGTTG TAATGGATTG AGAGAGAGGA	2220
GACAAAGGTT ATGGGTCAAC AGGAGTATTC TCCTCTTGGG TTGACAGGAT TGAGGAAGCA	2280
GAAATAAATC ATGAAAAATT TCACTCAGAT CCACAATACT TAAGGACTGA ATTTAATTTA	2340
CCCAAGATGG TTGCAGAAGA GATAAGACGA AAGTGCCTG TATGTAGAAT CAGAGGAGAA	2400
CAAGTGGGAG GACAATTGAA AATAGGGCCT GGAATATGGC AAGTGGATTG CACACACTTT	2460

- 62 -

AATAGTAAGA TAATCATTGT AGCAGTACAT GTGGAATCAG GATTTTTATG GGCACAGATA	2520
ATTCCACAGG AGACTGCAGA TTGTACAGTC AAGGCTCTTC TGCAACTTAT ATGTGCTCAT	2580
AATGTTACAG AATTACAAAC AGACAATGGA CCAAATTTTA AAAATCAGAA AATGGAAGGT	2640
TTATTAAATT TTATGGGAAT AAAACATAAA TTAGGGATAC CAGGTAACCC ACAATCACAG	2700
GCATTAGTGG AAAATGCTAA TAACACATTA AAAGCTTGGA TTCAAAAATT CCTACCAGAG	2760
ACTACCTCTC TGGATAATGC TCTGGCCCTA GCCCTGTATA GTCTCAACTT TAAACAAAGG	2820
GGTAGACTAG GAAGGATGGC CCCTTATGAA TTATACATAC AACAAGAATC ATTAAGAATA	2880
CAAGACTATT TTTGCGAGAT TCCACAAAAG TTAATGATGC AGTGGGTGTA TTACAAAGAT	2940
CAAAAAGACA AAAAATGGAA GGGACCAATG AGAGTGGAAT ATTGGGGACA AGGATCAGTA	3000
TTATTAAAGG ATGAAGAGAA GGGATATTTT CTTGTACCTA GGAGACACAT AAGAAGAGTC	3060
CCAGAACCCT GCACTCTTCC TGAAGGGGAT GAGTGACGAA GATTGGCAGG TAAGTAGAAG	3120
ACTCTTTGCA GTGCTCCAAG GAGGAGTACG TAGTGCTATG CTATACATAT CTAGACTACC	3180
TCCGGACGAA AGAGAAAGGT ATAAAAAGA CTTTAAGAAA AGGCTTTTGG AAAAGGAAAC	3240
AGGATTCATA CAGAGATTAA GAAAAGCGGA AGGAATAAGG TGGAGCTTCC ATACTAGAGA	3300
TTATTATATA GGATATGTAA GAGAGATGGT GGCCGGATCT AGTCTACCAG ATAGTTTAAG	3360
ACTGTATATT TATATAAGCA ATCCATTGTG GCACTGGTCA TACCGTCCTG GCCTGACAAA	3420
TTTTAATACA GAATGGCCTT TTGTGAATAT GTGGATAAAG ACAGGATTCA TGTGGGATGA	3480
TATTGAAAGC CAGAATATTT GCAAAGGAGG AGAGATTTCA CATGGATGGG GACCTGGAAT	3540
GGTGGGAATT GTGATAAAG CTTTtagTTG TGGAGAAAGA AAGATTGAGG CTA CTCTGT	3600
AATGATTATA AGAGGAGAAA TAGATCCAAA AAAATGGTGT GGAGATTGTT GGAATTTGAT	3660
GTGTCTTAGG AACTCACCTC CACAGACTTT ACAAAGACTT GCTATGTTGG CATGTGGCGT	3720
GCCGGCTAAG GAGTGGCGAG GATGCTGTAA TCAACGCTTT GTTTCTCCTT ACAGAACGCC	3780
TGCTGATTTG GAGGTCATTC AATCCAAGCC CAGCTGGAGT CTATTATGGT CAGGGAGCCT	3840
A	3841

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 3093 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..3093

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

ATG ATT GGA GTA GGA GGA GGA AAG AGA GGA ACA AAT TAT ATC AAT GTG Met Ile Gly Val Gly Gly Gly Lys Arg Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ile Asn Val 90 95 100	48
CAT TTA GAG ATT AGA GAT GAA AAT TAT AAG ACA CAA TGT ATA TTT GGC His Leu Glu Ile Arg Asp Glu Asn Tyr Lys Thr Gln Cys Ile Phe Gly 105 110 115 120	96
AAT GTT TGT GTC TTA GAA GAT AAC TCA TTA ATA CAA CCA TTA TTA GGG Asn Val Cys Val Leu Glu Asp Asn Ser Leu Ile Gln Pro Leu Leu Gly 125 130 135	144
AGA GAT AAT ATG ATT AGA TTC AAT ATT AGG TTA GTA ATG GCT CAA ATT Arg Asp Asn Met Ile Arg Phe Asn Ile Arg Leu Val Met Ala Gln Ile 140 145 150	192
TCT GAC AAG ATT CCA ATA GTA AAA GTA AAA ATG AAG GAT CCA AAT AAA Ser Asp Lys Ile Pro Ile Val Lys Val Lys Met Lys Asp Pro Asn Lys 155 160 165	240
GGA CCT CAA ATA AAA CAA TGG CCA TTA ACA AAT GAA AAA ATT GAA GCT Gly Pro Gln Ile Lys Gln Trp Pro Leu Thr Asn Glu Lys Ile Glu Ala 170 175 180	288
TTA ACA GAA ATA GTA GAA AGA CTA GAA AGA GAA GGG AAA GTA AAA AGA Leu Thr Glu Ile Val Glu Arg Leu Glu Arg Glu Gly Lys Val Lys Arg 185 190 195 200	336
GCA GAT CCA AAT AAC CCA TGG AAT ACA CCA GTA TTT GCA ATA AAA AAG Ala Asp Pro Asn Asn Pro Trp Asn Thr Pro Val Phe Ala Ile Lys Lys 205 210 215	384
AAA AGT GGA AAA TGG AGA ATG CTC ATA GAT TTT AGA GAA TTG AAC AAA Lys Ser Gly Lys Trp Arg Met Leu Ile Asp Phe Arg Glu Leu Asn Lys 220 225 230	432
TTA ACT GAG AAA GGG GCA GAA GTC CAG TTA GGA CTC CCT CAT CCT GCT Leu Thr Glu Lys Gly Ala Glu Val Gln Leu Gly Leu Pro His Pro Ala 240 245 250 255 260 265 270 275 280 285 290 295 300	480

- 64 -

235	240	245	
GGA TTA AAA ATG AAA AAA CAA GTT ACT GTG CTA GAT ATA GGA GAT GCA Gly Leu Lys Met Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Val Leu Asp Ile Gly Asp Ala 250 255 260			528
TAC TTC ACT ATT CCC TTG GAT CCA GAC TAT GCT CCC TAT ACT GCA TTC Tyr Phe Thr Ile Pro Leu Asp Pro Asp Tyr Ala Pro Tyr Thr Ala Phe 265 270 275 280			576
ACA TTA CCT AGA AAG AAT AAT GCA GGA CCA GGG AGG AGA TAT GTA TGG Thr Leu Pro Arg Lys Asn Asn Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Arg Tyr Val Trp 285 290 295			624
TGC AGT TTA CCA CAG GGG TGG GTT CTA AGC CCA TTG ATA TAT CAA AGT Cys Ser Leu Pro Gln Gly Trp Val Leu Ser Pro Leu Ile Tyr Gln Ser 300 305 310			672
ACT TTA GAT AAT ATA ATA CAA CCT TTT ATT AGA CAA AAT CCT GAG TTA Thr Leu Asp Asn Ile Ile Gln Pro Phe Ile Arg Gln Asn Pro Glu Leu 315 320 325			720
GAT ATT TAT CAA TAT ATG GAT GAC ATT TAT ATA GGA TCA AAC TTA AGT Asp Ile Tyr Gln Tyr Met Asp Asp Ile Tyr Ile Gly Ser Asn Leu Ser 330 335 340			768
AAA AAG GAG CAT AAA GAA AAA GTA GAA GAA TTA AGA AAA TTG TTA TTA Lys Lys Glu His Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Glu Leu Arg Lys Leu Leu Leu 345 350 355 360			816
TGG TGG GGA TTT GAA ACC CCG GAA GAC AAA TTA CAA GAA GAG CCC CCA Trp Trp Gly Phe Glu Thr Pro Glu Asp Lys Leu Gln Glu Glu Pro Pro 365 370 375			864
TAT AAG TGG ATG GGC TAT GAA TTA CAT CCA TTA ACA TGG TCA ATA CAG Tyr Lys Trp Met Gly Tyr Glu Leu His Pro Leu Thr Trp Ser Ile Gln 380 385 390			912
CAA AAA CAA TTA GAA ATT CCA GAA AGA CCC ACA TTA AAT GAA CTG CAG Gln Lys Gln Leu Glu Ile Pro Glu Arg Pro Thr Leu Asn Glu Leu Gln 395 400 405			960
AAA TTA GCA GGT AAG ATA AAC TGG GCC AGT CAA ACT ATC CCA GAC TTA Lys Leu Ala Gly Lys Ile Asn Trp Ala Ser Gln Thr Ile Pro Asp Leu 410 415 420			1008
AGT ATA AAA GAA CTA ACT AAC ATG ATG AGA GGA GAT CAG AAG TTA GAC Ser Ile Lys Glu Leu Thr Asn Met Met Arg Gly Asp Gln Lys Leu Asp 425 430 435 440			1056
TCA ATA AGA GAA TGG ACT GTG GAA GCC AAG AGA GAA GTA CAA AAA GCT Ser Ile Arg Glu Trp Thr Val Glu Ala Lys Arg Glu Val Gln Lys Ala 445 450 455			1104
AAG GAA GCT ATT GAG ATG CAA GCA CAG CTA AAT TAT TAT GAT CCC CAC Lys Glu Ala Ile Glu Met Gln Ala Gln Leu Asn Tyr Tyr Asp Pro His			1152

460	465	470	
CGA GAA TTA TAT GCA AAA TTA AGT TTA GTG GGA CCA CAT CAA ATA TGT Arg Glu Leu Tyr Ala Lys Leu Ser Leu Val Gly Pro His Gln Ile Cys 475 480 485			1200
TAT CAA GTG TAT CAT AAG AAC CCA GAA TGT ATT TTA TGG TAT GGT AAG Tyr Gln Val Tyr His Lys Asn Pro Glu Cys Ile Leu Trp Tyr Gly Lys 490 495 500			1248
ATG AAT AGA CAA AAG AAA AAG GCA GAA AAT ACC TGT GAT ATA GCT CTA Met Asn Arg Gln Lys Lys Lys Ala Glu Asn Thr Cys Asp Ile Ala Leu 505 510 515 520			1296
AGG GCA TGT TAT AAA ATA AGA GAA GAA TCT ATT ATA AGA ATA GGA AAA Arg Ala Cys Tyr Lys Ile Arg Glu Glu Ser Ile Ile Arg Ile Gly Lys 525 530 535			1344
GAA CCA ATA TAT GAA ATA CCT ACT TCT AGA GAA GCC TGG GAG TCA AAT Glu Pro Ile Tyr Glu Ile Pro Thr Ser Arg Glu Ala Trp Glu Ser Asn 540 545 550			1392
TTA ATT AAT TCA CCA TAT CTT AAG GCC CCA CCT CCT GAG GTA GAA TAT Leu Ile Asn Ser Pro Tyr Leu Lys Ala Pro Pro Pro Glu Val Glu Tyr 555 560 565			1440
ATC CAT GCT GCT GTG AAT ATA AAA AGA GCA TTA AGT ATG ATA AAA GAT Ile His Ala Ala Val Asn Ile Lys Arg Ala Leu Ser Met Ile Lys Asp 570 575 580			1488
GTT CCA ATA CCA GAA GCA GAA ACG TGG TAT ATA GAT GGA GGC AGA AAG Val Pro Ile Pro Glu Ala Glu Thr Trp Tyr Ile Asp Gly Gly Arg Lys 585 590 595 600			1536
CTA GGA AAA GCA GCA AAA GCA GCC TAT TGG ACA GAT ACA GGG AAG TGG Leu Gly Lys Ala Ala Lys Ala Ala Tyr Trp Thr Asp Thr Gly Lys Trp 605 610 615			1584
CAA GTA ATG GAG TTA GAA GGC AGT AAT CAG AAG GCA GAA GTA CAA GCA Gln Val Met Glu Leu Glu Gly Ser Asn Gln Lys Ala Glu Val Gln Ala 620 625 630			1632
TTA TTA TTG GCA TTA AAA GCA GGA TCA GAG GAA ATG AAT ATT ATA ACA Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Lys Ala Gly Ser Glu Glu Met Asn Ile Ile Thr 635 640 645			1680
GAT TCA CAA TAT GTT ATA AAT ATT ATT CTT CAA CAA CCA GAT ATG ATG Asp Ser Gln Tyr Val Ile Asn Ile Ile Leu Gln Gln Pro Asp Met Met 650 655 660			1728
GAG GGA ATC TGG CAA GAA GTT TTA GAA GAA TTG GAG AAA AAA ACA GCA Glu Gly Ile Trp Gln Glu Val Leu Glu Glu Leu Glu Lys Lys Thr Ala 665 670 675 680			1776
ATA TTT ATA GAT TGG GTC CCA GGA CAT AAA GGT ATT CCA GGA AAT GAG Ile Phe Ile Asp Trp Val Pro Gly His Lys Gly Ile Pro Gly Asn Glu			1824

685	690	695	
GAA GTA GAT AAG CTT TGT CAA ACA ATG ATG ATA ATA GAA GGG GAT GGG Glu Val Asp Lys Leu Cys Gln Thr Met Met Ile Ile Glu Gly Asp Gly 700 705 710			1872
ATA TTA GAT AAA AGG TCA GAA GAT GCG GGA TAT GAT TTA TTG GCT GCA Ile Leu Asp Lys Arg Ser Glu Asp Ala Gly Tyr Asp Leu Leu Ala Ala 715 720 725			1920
AAA GAA ATA CAT TTA TTG CCA GGA GAG GTA AAA GTA ATA CCA ACA GGG Lys Glu Ile His Leu Leu Pro Gly Glu Val Lys Val Ile Pro Thr Gly 730 735 740			1968
GTA AAG CTA ATG CTG CCT AAA GGA CAT TGG GGA CTA ATA ATG GGA AGA Val Lys Leu Met Leu Pro Lys Gly His Trp Gly Leu Ile Met Gly Arg 745 750 755 760			2016
AGC TCG ATA GGG AGT AAA GGA TTG GAT GTA TTA GGA GGG GTA ATA GAT Ser Ser Ile Gly Ser Lys Gly Leu Asp Val Leu Gly Gly Val Ile Asp 765 770 775			2064
GAA GGA TAT CGA GGT GAA ATT GGA GTA ATA ATG ATT AAT GTA TCA AGA Glu Gly Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ile Gly Val Ile Met Ile Asn Val Ser Arg 780 785 790			2112
AAA TCA ATC ACC TTA ATG GAA CAA CAA AAG ATA GCA CAA TTA ATA ATA Lys Ser Ile Thr Leu Met Glu Gln Gln Lys Ile Ala Gln Leu Ile Ile 795 800 805			2160
TTG CCT TGT AAA CAT GAA GTA TTA GAA CAA GGA AAA GTT GTA ATG GAT Leu Pro Cys Lys His Glu Val Leu Glu Gln Gly Lys Val Val Met Asp 810 815 820			2208
TCA GAG AGA GGA GAC AAA GGT TAT GGG TCA ACA GGA GTA TTC TCC TCT Ser Glu Arg Gly Asp Lys Gly Tyr Gly Ser Thr Gly Val Phe Ser Ser 825 830 835 840			2256
TGG GTT GAC AGG ATT GAG GAA GCA GAA ATA AAT CAT GAA AAA TTT CAC Trp Val Asp Arg Ile Glu Glu Ala Glu Ile Asn His Glu Lys Phe His 845 850 855			2304
TCA GAT CCA CAA TAC TTA AGG ACT GAA TTT AAT TTA CCC AAG ATG GTT Ser Asp Pro Gln Tyr Leu Arg Thr Glu Phe Ash Leu Pro Lys Met Val 860 865 870			2352
GCA GAA GAG ATA AGA CGA AAG TGC CCT GTA TGT AGA ATC AGA GGA GAA Ala Glu Glu Ile Arg Arg Lys Cys Pro Val Cys Arg Ile Arg Gly Glu 875 880 885			2400
CAA GTG GGA GGA CAA TTG AAA ATA GGG CCT GGA ATA TGG CAA GTG GAT Gln Val Gly Gly Gln Leu Lys Ile Gly Pro Gly Ile Trp Gln Val Asp 890 895 900			2448
TGC ACA CAC TTT AAT AGT AAG ATA ATC ATT GTA GCA GTA CAT GTG GAA Cys Thr His Phe Asn Ser Lys Ile Ile Ile Val Ala Val His Val Glu			2496



-67-

905	910	915	920	
TCA GGA TTT TTA TGG GCA CAG ATA ATT CCA CAG GAG ACT GCA GAT TGT Ser Gly Phe Leu Trp Ala Gln Ile Ile Pro Gln Glu Thr Ala Asp Cys 925 930 935				2544
ACA GTC AAG GCT CTT CTG CAA CTT ATA TGT GCT CAT AAT GTT ACA GAA Thr Val Lys Ala Leu Leu Gln Leu Ile Cys Ala His Asn Val Thr Glu 940 945 950				2592
TTA CAA ACA GAC AAT GGA CCA AAT TTT AAA AAT CAG AAA ATG GAA GGT Leu Gln Thr Asp Asn Gly Pro Asn Phe Lys Asn Gln Lys Met Glu Gly 955 960 965				2640
TTA TTA AAT TTT ATG GGA ATA AAA CAT AAA TTA GGG ATA CCA GGT AAC Leu Leu Asn Phe Met Gly Ile Lys His Lys Leu Gly Ile Pro Gly Asn 970 975 980				2688
CCA CAA TCA CAG GCA TTA GTG GAA AAT GCT AAT AAC ACA TTA AAA GCT Pro Gln Ser Gln Ala Leu Val Glu Asn Ala Asn Asn Thr Leu Lys Ala 985 990 995 1000				2736
TGG ATT CAA AAA TTC CTA CCA GAG ACT ACC TCT CTG GAT AAT GCT CTG Trp Ile Gln Lys Phe Leu Pro Glu Thr Thr Ser Leu Asp Asn Ala Leu 1005 1010 1015				2784
GCC CTA GCC CTG TAT AGT CTC AAC TTT AAA CAA AGG GGT AGA CTA GGA Ala Leu Ala Leu Tyr Ser Leu Asn Phe Lys Gln Arg Gly Arg Leu Gly 1020 1025 1030				2832
AGG ATG GCC CCT TAT GAA TTA TAC ATA CAA CAA GAA TCA TTA AGA ATA Arg Met Ala Pro Tyr Glu Leu Tyr Ile Gln Gln Glu Ser Leu Arg Ile 1035 1040 1045				2880
CAA GAC TAT TTT TCG CAG ATT CCA CAA AAG TTA ATG ATG CAG TGG GTG Gln Asp Tyr Phe Ser Gln Ile Pro Gln Lys Leu Met Met Gln Trp Val 1050 1055 1060				2928
TAT TAC AAA GAT CAA AAA GAC AAA AAA TGG AAG GGA CCA ATG AGA GTG Tyr Tyr Lys Asp Gln Lys Asp Lys Lys Trp Lys Gly Pro Met Arg Val 1065 1070 1075 1080				2976
GAA TAT TGG GGA CAA GGA TCA GTA TTA TTA AAG GAT GAA GAG AAG GGA Glu Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Ser Val Leu Leu Lys Asp Glu Glu Lys Gly 1085 1090 1095				3024
TAT TTT CTT GTA CCT AGG AGA CAC ATA AGA AGA GTC CCA GAA CCC TGC Tyr Phe Leu Val Pro Arg Arg His Ile Arg Arg Val Pro Glu Pro Cys 1100 1105 1110				3072
ACT CTT CCT GAA GGG GAT GAG Thr Leu Pro Glu Gly Asp Glu 1115				3093

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1031 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

Met Ile Gly Val Gly Gly Gly Lys Arg Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ile Asn Val  
 1 5 10 15  
 His Leu Glu Ile Arg Asp Glu Asn Tyr Lys Thr Gln Cys Ile Phe Gly  
 20 25 30  
 Asn Val Cys Val Leu Glu Asp Asn Ser Leu Ile Gln Pro Leu Leu Gly  
 35 40 45  
 Arg Asp Asn Met Ile Arg Phe Asn Ile Arg Leu Val Met Ala Gln Ile  
 50 55 60  
 Ser Asp Lys Ile Pro Ile Val Lys Val Lys Met Lys Asp Pro Asn Lys  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gly Pro Gln Ile Lys Gln Trp Pro Leu Thr Asn Glu Lys Ile Glu Ala  
 85 90 95  
 Leu Thr Glu Ile Val Glu Arg Leu Glu Arg Glu Gly Lys Val Lys Arg  
 100 105 110  
 Ala Asp Pro Asn Asn Pro Trp Asn Thr Pro Val Phe Ala Ile Lys Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Lys Ser Gly Lys Trp Arg Met Leu Ile Asp Phe Arg Glu Leu Asn Lys  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Thr Glu Lys Gly Ala Glu Val Gln Leu Gly Leu Pro His Pro Ala  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gly Leu Lys Met Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Val Leu Asp Ile Gly Asp Ala  
 165 170 175  
 Tyr Phe Thr Ile Pro Leu Asp Pro Asp Tyr Ala Pro Tyr Thr Ala Phe  
 180 185 190  
 Thr Leu Pro Arg Lys Asn Asn Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Arg Tyr Val Trp  
 195 200 205  
 Cys Ser Leu Pro Gln Gly Trp Val Leu Ser Pro Leu Ile Tyr Gln Ser  
 210 215 220  
 Thr Leu Asp Asn Ile Ile Gln Pro Phe Ile Arg Gln Asn Pro Glu Leu  
 225 230 235 240

Asp Ile Tyr Gln Tyr Met Asp Asp Ile Tyr Ile Gly Ser Asn Leu Ser  
 245 250 255  
 Lys Lys Glu His Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Glu Leu Arg Lys Leu Leu Leu  
 260 265 270  
 Trp Trp Gly Phe Glu Thr Pro Glu Asp Lys Leu Gln Glu Glu Pro Pro  
 275 280 285  
 Tyr Lys Trp Met Gly Tyr Glu Leu His Pro Leu Thr Trp Ser Ile Gln  
 290 295 300  
 Gln Lys Gln Leu Glu Ile Pro Glu Arg Pro Thr Leu Asn Glu Leu Gln  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Leu Ala Gly Lys Ile Asn Trp Ala Ser Gln Thr Ile Pro Asp Leu  
 325 330 335  
 Ser Ile Lys Glu Leu Thr Asn Met Met Arg Gly Asp Gln Lys Leu Asp  
 340 345 350  
 Ser Ile Arg Glu Trp Thr Val Glu Ala Lys Arg Glu Val Gln Lys Ala  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Glu Ala Ile Glu Met Gln Ala Gln Leu Asn Tyr Tyr Asp Pro His  
 370 375 380  
 Arg Glu Leu Tyr Ala Lys Leu Ser Leu Val Gly Pro His Gln Ile Cys  
 385 390 395 400  
 Tyr Gln Val Tyr His Lys Asn Pro Glu Cys Ile Leu Trp Tyr Gly Lys  
 405 410 415  
 Met Asn Arg Gln Lys Lys Lys Ala Glu Asn Thr Cys Asp Ile Ala Leu  
 420 425 430  
 Arg Ala Cys Tyr Lys Ile Arg Glu Glu Ser Ile Ile Arg Ile Gly Lys  
 435 440 445  
 Glu Pro Ile Tyr Glu Ile Pro Thr Ser Arg Glu Ala Trp Glu Ser Asn  
 450 455 460  
 Leu Ile Asn Ser Pro Tyr Leu Lys Ala Pro Pro Pro Glu Val Glu Tyr  
 465 470 475 480  
 Ile His Ala Ala Val Asn Ile Lys Arg Ala Leu Ser Met Ile Lys Asp  
 485 490 495  
 Val Pro Ile Pro Glu Ala Glu Thr Trp Tyr Ile Asp Gly Gly Arg Lys  
 500 505 510  
 Leu Gly Lys Ala Ala Lys Ala Ala Tyr Trp Thr Asp Thr Gly Lys Trp  
 515 520 525  
 Gln Val Met Glu Leu Glu Gly Ser Asn Gln Lys Ala Glu Val Gln Ala  
 530 535 540

-70-

Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Lys Ala Gly Ser Glu Glu Met Asn Ile Ile Thr  
 545 550 555 560  
 Asp Ser Gln Tyr Val Ile Asn Ile Ile Leu Gln Gln Pro Asp Met Met  
 565 570 575  
 Glu Gly Ile Trp Gln Glu Val Leu Glu Glu Leu Glu Lys Lys Thr Ala  
 580 585 590  
 Ile Phe Ile Asp Trp Val Pro Gly His Lys Gly Ile Pro Gly Asn Glu  
 595 600 605  
 Glu Val Asp Lys Leu Cys Gln Thr Met Met Ile Ile Glu Gly Asp Gly  
 610 615 620  
 Ile Leu Asp Lys Arg Ser Glu Asp Ala Gly Tyr Asp Leu Leu Ala Ala  
 625 630 635 640  
 Lys Glu Ile His Leu Leu Pro Gly Glu Val Lys Val Ile Pro Thr Gly  
 645 650 655  
 Val Lys Leu Met Leu Pro Lys Gly His Trp Gly Leu Ile Met Gly Arg  
 660 665 670  
 Ser Ser Ile Gly Ser Lys Gly Leu Asp Val Leu Gly Gly Val Ile Asp  
 675 680 685  
 Glu Gly Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ile Gly Val Ile Met Ile Asn Val Ser Arg  
 690 695 700  
 Lys Ser Ile Thr Leu Met Glu Gln Gln Lys Ile Ala Gln Leu Ile Ile  
 705 710 715 720  
 Leu Pro Cys Lys His Glu Val Leu Glu Gln Gly Lys Val Val Met Asp  
 725 730 735  
 Ser Glu Arg Gly Asp Lys Gly Tyr Gly Ser Thr Gly Val Phe Ser Ser  
 740 745 750  
 Trp Val Asp Arg Ile Glu Glu Ala Glu Ile Asn His Glu Lys Phe His  
 755 760 765  
 Ser Asp Pro Gln Tyr Leu Arg Thr Glu Phe Asp Leu Pro Lys Met Val  
 770 775 780  
 Ala Glu Glu Ile Arg Arg Lys Cys Pro Val Cys Arg Ile Arg Gly Glu  
 785 790 795 800  
 Gln Val Gly Gly Gln Leu Lys Ile Gly Pro Gly Ile Trp Gln Val Asp  
 805 810 815  
 Cys Thr His Phe Asn Ser Lys Ile Ile Ile Val Ala Val His Val Glu  
 820 825 830  
 Ser Gly Phe Leu Trp Ala Gln Ile Ile Pro Gln Glu Thr Ala Asp Cys  
 835 840 845

- 71 -

Thr Val Lys Ala Leu Leu Gln Leu Ile Cys Ala His Asn Val Thr Glu  
 850 855 860  
 Leu Gln Thr Asp Asn Gly Pro Asn Phe Lys Asn Gln Lys Met Glu Gly  
 865 870 875 880  
 Leu Leu Asn Phe Met Gly Ile Lys His Lys Leu Gly Ile Pro Gly Asn  
 885 890 895  
 Pro Gln Ser Gln Ala Leu Val Glu Asn Ala Asn Asn Thr Leu Lys Ala  
 900 905 910  
 Trp Ile Gln Lys Phe Leu Pro Glu Thr Thr Ser Leu Asp Asn Ala Leu  
 915 920 925  
 Ala Leu Ala Leu Tyr Ser Leu Asn Phe Lys Gln Arg Gly Arg Leu Gly  
 930 935 940  
 Arg Met Ala Pro Tyr Glu Leu Tyr Ile Gln Gln Glu Ser Leu Arg Ile  
 945 950 955 960  
 Gln Asp Tyr Phe Ser Gln Ile Pro Gln Lys Leu Met Met Gln Trp Val  
 965 970 975  
 Tyr Tyr Lys Asp Gln Lys Asp Lys Lys Trp Lys Gly Pro Met Arg Val  
 980 985 990  
 Glu Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Ser Val Leu Leu Lys Asp Glu Glu Lys Gly  
 995 1000 1005  
 Tyr Phe Leu Val Pro Arg Arg His Ile Arg Arg Val Pro Glu Pro Cys  
 1010 1015 1020  
 Thr Leu Pro Glu Gly Asp Glu  
 1025 1030

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 753 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..753

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

ATG ATT GAC GAA GAT TGG CAG GTA AGT AGA AGA CTC TTT GCA GTG CTC  
 Met Ile Asp Glu Asp Trp Gln Val Ser Arg Arg Leu Phe Ala Val Leu

1035	1040	1045	
CAA GGA GGA GTA CGT AGT GCT ATG CTA TAC ATA TCT AGA CTA CCT CCG Gln Gly Gly Val Arg Ser Ala Met Leu Tyr Ile Ser Arg Leu Pro Pro 1050 1055 1060			96
GAC GAA AGA GAA AGG TAT AAA AAA GAC TTT AAG AAA AGG CTT TTG GAA Asp Glu Arg Glu Arg Tyr Lys Lys Asp Phe Lys Lys Arg Leu Leu Glu 1065 1070 1075			144
AAG GAA ACA GGA TTC ATA CAG AGA TTA AGA AAA GCG GAA GGA ATA AGG Lys Glu Thr Gly Phe Ile Gln Arg Leu Arg Lys Ala Glu Gly Ile Arg 1080 1085 1090 1095			192
TGG AGC TTC CAT ACT AGA GAT TAT TAT ATA GGA TAT GTA AGA GAG ATG Trp Ser Phe His Thr Arg Asp Tyr Tyr Ile Gly Tyr Val Arg Glu Met 1100 1105 1110			240
GTG GCC GGA TCT AGT CTA CCA GAT AGT TTA AGA CTG TAT ATT TAT ATA Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Leu Pro Asp Ser Leu Arg Leu Tyr Ile Tyr Ile 1115 1120 1125			288
AGC AAT CCA TTG TGG CAC TGG TCA TAC CGT CCT GGC CTG ACA AAT TTT Ser Asn Pro Leu Trp His Trp Ser Tyr Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Asn Phe 1130 1135 1140			336
AAT ACA GAA TGG CCT TTT GTG AAT ATG TGG ATA AAG ACA GGA TTC ATG Asn Thr Glu Trp Pro Phe Val Asn Met Trp Ile Lys Thr Gly Phe Met 1145 1150 1155			384
TGG GAT GAT ATT GAA AGC CAG AAT ATT TGC AAA GGA GGA GAG ATT TCA Trp Asp Asp Ile Glu Ser Gln Asn Ile Cys Lys Gly Gly Glu Ile Ser 1160 1165 1170 1175			432
CAT GGA TGG GGA CCT GGA ATG GTG GGA ATT GTG ATA AAA GCT TTT AGT His Gly Trp Gly Pro Gly Met Val Gly Ile Val Ile Lys Ala Phe Ser 1180 1185 1190			480
TGT GGA GAA AGA AAG ATT GAG GCT ACT CCT GTA ATG ATT ATA AGA GGA Cys Gly Glu Arg Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Pro Val Met Ile Ile Arg Gly 1195 1200 1205			528
GAA ATA GAT CCA AAA AAA TGG TGT GGA GAT TGT TGG AAT TTG ATG TGT Glu Ile Asp Pro Lys Lys Trp Cys Gly Asp Cys Trp Asn Leu Met Cys 1210 1215 1220			576
CTT AGG AAC TCA CCT CCA CAG ACT TTA CAA AGA CTT GCT ATG TTG GCA Leu Arg Asn Ser Pro Pro Gln Thr Leu Gln Arg Leu Ala Met Leu Ala 1225 1230 1235			624
TGT GGC GTG CCG GCT AAG GAG TGG CGA GGA TGC TGT AAT CAA CGC TTT Cys Gly Val Pro Ala Lys Glu Trp Arg Gly Cys Cys Asn Gln Arg Phe 1240 1245 1250 1255			672
GTT TCT CCT TAC AGA ACG CCT GCT GAT TTG GAG GTC ATT CAA TCC AAG Val Ser Pro Tyr Arg Thr Pro Ala Asp Leu Glu Val Ile Gln Ser Lys			720

- 73 -

1260	1265	1270	
CCC AGC TGG AGT CTA TTA TGG TCA GGG AGC CTA			753
Pro Ser Trp Ser Leu Leu Trp Ser Gly Ser Leu			
1275	1280		

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 251 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

```

Met  Ile  Asp  Glu  Asp  Trp  Gln  Val  Ser  Arg  Arg  Leu  Phe  Ala  Val  Leu
 1          5          10          15
Gln  Gly  Gly  Val  Arg  Ser  Ala  Met  Leu  Tyr  Ile  Ser  Arg  Leu  Pro  Pro
          20          25          30
Asp  Glu  Arg  Glu  Arg  Tyr  Lys  Lys  Asp  Phe  Lys  Lys  Arg  Leu  Leu  Glu
          35          40          45
Lys  Glu  Thr  Gly  Phe  Ile  Gln  Arg  Leu  Arg  Lys  Ala  Glu  Gly  Ile  Arg
          50          55          60
Trp  Ser  Phe  His  Thr  Arg  Asp  Tyr  Tyr  Ile  Gly  Tyr  Val  Arg  Glu  Met
          65          70          75          80
Val  Ala  Gly  Ser  Ser  Leu  Pro  Asp  Ser  Leu  Arg  Leu  Tyr  Ile  Tyr  Ile
          85          90          95
Ser  Asn  Pro  Leu  Trp  His  Trp  Ser  Tyr  Arg  Pro  Gly  Leu  Thr  Asn  Phe
          100          105          110
Asn  Thr  Glu  Trp  Pro  Phe  Val  Asn  Met  Trp  Ile  Lys  Thr  Gly  Phe  Met
          115          120          125
Trp  Asp  Asp  Ile  Glu  Ser  Gln  Asn  Ile  Cys  Lys  Gly  Gly  Glu  Ile  Ser
          130          135          140
His  Gly  Trp  Gly  Pro  Gly  Met  Val  Gly  Ile  Val  Ile  Lys  Ala  Phe  Ser
          145          150          155          160
Cys  Gly  Glu  Arg  Lys  Ile  Glu  Ala  Thr  Pro  Val  Met  Ile  Ile  Arg  Gly
          165          170          175
Glu  Ile  Asp  Pro  Lys  Lys  Trp  Cys  Gly  Asp  Cys  Trp  Asn  Leu  Met  Cys
          180          185          190
Leu  Arg  Asn  Ser  Pro  Pro  Gln  Thr  Leu  Gln  Arg  Leu  Ala  Met  Leu  Ala -
          195          200          205

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- 74 -

Cys Gly Val Pro Ala Lys Glu Trp Arg Gly Cys Cys Asn Gln Arg Phe  
 210 215 220  
 Val Ser Pro Tyr Arg Thr Pro Ala Asp Leu Glu Val Ile Gln Ser Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Pro Ser Trp Ser Leu Leu Trp Ser Gly Ser Leu  
 245 250

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2556 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

ATGGCAGAAG GATTTGCAGC CAATAGACAA TGGATAGGAC CAGAAGAAGC TGAAGAGTTA	60
TTAGATTTTG ATATAGCAAC ACAAATGAAT GAAGAAGGGC CACTAAATCC AGGGATGAAC	120
CCATTTAGGG TACCTGGAAT AACAGATAAA GAAAAGCAAG ACTATTGTAA CATATTACAA	180
CCTAAGTTAC AAGATTTACG GAATGAACTT CAAGAGGTAA AACTAGAAGA AGGAAATGCA	240
GGTAAGTTTA GAAGGGCAAG ATATTTAAGA TATTCTGATG AAAATGTGCT ATCTATAGTC	300
TATTTGCTAA TAGGATATCT AAGATATTTA ATAAATCGTA GGAGTTTAGG ATCTTTAAGA	360
CATGATATAG ACATAGAAAC ACCTCAAGAG GAATATTATA GTAATAGTGA AAGGGGTACC	420
ACATTAAATC AAAAATATGC GAGAAGATGT TGTGTTAGCA CACTTATTAT GTATTTAATT	480
CTTTTTGCAG TAGGCATCTG GTGGGGAGCT AGAGCACAAG TAGTGTGGAG ACTTCCCCCT	540
TTAGTAGTTC CAGTAGAAGA ATCAGAAATA ATTTTTGGG ATTGTTGGGC ACCAGAAGAA	600
CCCGCCTGTC AAGACTTTCT TGGGGCAATG ATACATCTAA AAGCTAGTAC GAATATAAGT	660
ATACAAGAGG GACCTACCTT GGGGAATTGG GCTAGAGAAA TATGGGGAAC ATTATTCAAA	720
AAGGCTACCA GACAATGTAG AAGAGGTAGA ATATGGAAAA GATGGAATGA AACTATAACA	780
GGACCATTAG GATGTGCTAA TAACACATGT TATAATATTT CAGTAATAGT ACCTGATTAT	840
CAATGTTATC TAGACCGAGT AGATACTTGG TTACAAGGGA AAGTAAATAT ATCATTATGT	900
CTAACAGGAG GAAAAATGTT GTACAATAAA TATACAAAAC AATTAAGCTA TTGTACAGAC	960



CCATTACAAA TCCCACTGAT CAATTATACA TTTGGACCTA ATCAAACATG TATGTGGAAC	1020
ACTTCACAAA TTCAGGACCC TGAGATACCA AAATGTGGAT GGTGGAATCA AAGAGCCTAT	1080
TATAAAAATT GTAAATGGGA AAAACAGAT GTAAAGTTTC ATTGTCAAAG AACACAGAGT	1140
CAGCCTGGAA CATGGCTTAG AGCAATCTCG TCATGGAGAC AAAGGAATAG ATGGGAATGG	1200
AGACCAGATT TTGAAAGTGA AAAGGTGAAA ATATCTCTAA AGTGTAATAG CACAAAAAAC	1260
CTAACCTTTG CAATGAGAAG TTCAGGAGAT TATGGAGAAG TAACGGGAGC TTGGATAGAG	1320
TTTGGATGTC ATAGAAATAA ATCAAACTT CATGATGAAG CAAGGTTTAG AATTAGATGT	1380
AGATGGAATA TAGGGGAGAA TACCTCACTC ATTGATACAT GTGGAAACAC TCAAAATGTT	1440
TCAGGGGCAA ATCCTGTAGA TTGTACCATG TATGCAAATA AAATGTACAA TTGTTCTTTA	1500
CAAAACGGGT TTAATATGAA GGTAGATGAC CTTATTATGC ATTTCAATAT GACAAAAGCT	1560
GTAGAAATGT ATAATATTGC TGGAAATTGG TCTTGTACAT CTGACTTGCC ACCAACATGG	1620
GGGTATATGA ATTGTAAGT TACAAATAAT AGTAATGATA ATACTAGAAT GGCATGTCTT	1680
AACAATCAAG GCATCTTAAG GAATTGGTAT AACCCAGTAG CAGGATTACG ACAATCCTTG	1740
GAAAAGTATC AAGTTGTAAC ACAACCAGAT TACTTAGTGG TCCCAGGGGA AGTCATGGAA	1800
TATAAACTA GAAGGAAAAG GGCAGCTATT CATGTTATGT TAGCTCTTGC AACAGTATTA	1860
TCTATGGCCG GAGCAGGGAC GGGGGCTACT GCTATAGGGA TGGTAACACA ATATCACCAA	1920
GTTCTAGCAA CCCATCAAGA AGCTATTGAA AAGGTGACTG AAGCCTTAAA GATAACAAC	1980
TTGAGATTAG TTACATTAGA GCATCAAGTA CTAGTAATAG GATTAAAAGT AGAAGCTATG	2040
GAAAAATTTT TATATACAGC TTTCGCTATG CAAGAATTAG GATGTAATCA AAATCAATTC	2100
TTCTGCAAAG TCCCTCCTGA ATTGTGGATG AGGTATAATA TGTCTATAAA TCAAACAATA	2160
TGGAATCATG GAAATATAAC TTTGGGGGAA TGGTATAACC AAACAAAAGA TTTACAACAA	2220
AAGTTTTATG AAATAATAAT GGACATAGAA CAAAATAATG TACAAGGGAA AAAAGGGATA	2280
CAACAATTAC AAAAGTGGGA AGATTGGGTA GGATGGATAG GAAATATTCC ACAATACTTA	2340
AAGGGACTAT TGGGAGGTAT CTTGGGAATA GGATTAGGAG TGTTATTATT AATTTTATGT	2400
TTACCCACAT TGGTTGATTG TATAAGAAAT TGTATCCACA AGATACTAGG ATACACAGTA	2460
ATTGCAATGC CTGAAGTAGA AGGAGAAGAA ATACAACCAC AAATGGAATT GAGGAGAAAT	2520
GGTAGGCAAT GTGGCATATC TGAAAAAGAG GAGGAA	2556

-76-

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..36

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

CAA GAA TTA GGA TGT AAT CAA AAT CAA TTC TTC TGC  
Gln Glu Leu Gly Cys Asn Gln Asn Gln Phe Phe Cys  
255 260

36

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Gln Glu Leu Gly Cys Asn Gln Asn Gln Phe Phe Cys  
1 5 10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

GGATGAGTAT TGGAACCCTG AA

22

- 77 -

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

GATTCCGAGA CCTCACAGGT AA

22

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

AATAGGGAAG CAGTAGCAGA C

21

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

GTAAATCGCA AATAACCAAC C

21

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

- 78 -

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

TGACGGTGTC TACTGCTGCT

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

CACACTGGTC CTGATCCTTT T

21

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

CCACAATATG TAGCACTTGA CC

22

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

- 79 -

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

GGGTACTTTC TGGCTTAAGG TG

22

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 27 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

GGGGGACCTA CCTTGGGGAA TTGGGCT

27

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

GGTGATCATG ATCAGTGGGA TTTGTAATGG GTCTG

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

GGTGATCATG ATCAGTGGGA TTTGTAATGG GTCTG

35

- 80 -

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

ATAAGGGAGA TACTGTGCTG A

21

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

GCGATCTTCT AACTCTGTCA T

21

## THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An isolated feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV) having all of the identifying characteristics of FIV clone JSY3.
2. An isolated feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV) whose proviral DNA comprises a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1 and sequences which vary from SEQ ID NO:1 due to the degeneracy of the genetic code.
3. A biologically pure culture of host cells containing the feline immunodeficiency virus of claim 1.
4. A biologically pure culture of host cells containing the feline immunodeficiency virus of claim 2.
5. Isolated DNA comprising a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1 and sequences which vary from SEQ ID NO:1 due to the degeneracy of the genetic code.
6. A vector comprising DNA of claim 5.
7. A vector according to claim 6, wherein said vector comprises bacteriophage lambda.
8. A host cell containing and capable of expressing a vector according to claim 6.
9. A host cell according to claim 8, wherein said host cell comprises *Escherichia coli*.
10. A host cell according to claim 8, wherein said host cell comprises a yeast cell.
11. A host cell according to claim 8, wherein said host cell comprises a mammalian host cell.

-82-

12. Isolated DNA comprising a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:13, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:19; and

(b) sequences which vary from those of (a) above due to the degeneracy of the genetic code.

13. A vector comprising DNA of claim 12.

14. A vector according to claim 13, wherein said vector comprises bacteriophage lambda.

15. A host cell containing and capable of expressing a vector according to claim 13.

16. A host cell according to claim 15, wherein said host cell comprises *Escherichia coli*.

17. A host cell according to claim 15, wherein said host cell comprises a yeast cell.

18. A host cell according to claim 15, wherein said host cell comprises a mammalian host cell.

19. A polypeptide having a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:17, and SEQ ID NO:20.

20. A specific pathogen free (SPF) cat infected with feline immunodeficiency virus clone JSY3.

21. A colony of SPF cats according to claim 20.



1/44

FIGURE 1

430 440 450 460 470 480  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TTCTGGGATG AGTATTGGGA CCCTGAAGAA ATAGAAAGAA TGCTTATGGA CTAGTGA CTG  
 AAGACCCTAC TCATAACCCT GGGACTTCTT TATCTTTCTT ACGAATACCT GATCACTGAC  
 → JSY3

490 500 510 520 530 540  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TTTACGAACA AATGATAAAT GATGGAAACA GCTGAGCATG ACTCATAGTT AAAGCGCTAG  
 AAATGCTTGT TTA CTACTATTTA CTACCTTTGT CGACTCGTAC TGAGTATCAA TTTGCGGATC

550 560 570 580 590 600  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 CAGCTGCTTA ACCGCAAAAC CACATCCTAT GTAAAGCTTG CTGATGACGT ATAATTTGCT  
 GTCGACGAAT TGGCGTTTTG GTGTAGGATA CATTTGGAAC GACTACTGCA TATTAAACGA

610 620 630 640 650 660  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 CCACTGTAAG AGTATATAAC CAGTGCTTTG TGAGACTTCG GGGAGTCTCT CCGTTGAGGA  
 GGTGACATTT TCATATATTG GTCACGAAAC ACTCTGAAGC CCCTCAGAGA GGCAACTCCT

670 680 690 700 710 720  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 CTTTCGAGTT CTCCCTTGAG GCTCCACAG ATACAATAAA TATTTGAGAT TGAACCCTGT  
 GAAAGCTCAA GAGGGAAC TCAGGGTGTC TATGTTATTT ATAAACTCTA ACTTGGGACA

730 740 750 760 770 780  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 CAAGTATCTG TGTAATCTTT TTTACCTGTG AGGTCTCGGA ATCCGGGCCG AGAAGTTCGC  
 GTTCATAGAC ACATTAGAAA AAATGGACAC TCCAGAGCCT TAGGCCCGGC TCTTGAAGCG

790 800 810 820 830 840  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 AGTTGGCGCC CGAACAGGGA CTTGATTGAG AGTGATTGAG GAAGTGAAGC TAGAGCAATA  
 TCAACCGCGG GCTTGTCCTT GAACTAACTC TCACTAACTC CTTCACTTCG ATCTCGTTAG

850 860 870 880 890 900  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 GAAAGCTGTT AAGCAGAACT CCTGCTGACC TAAATAGGGA AGCAGTAGCA GACGCTGCTA  
 CTTTCGACAA TTCGTCTTGA GGACGACTGG ATTTATCCCT TCGTCATCGT CTGCGACGAT

2/44  
Figure 1, continued

910	920	930	940	950	960
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ACAGTGAGTA	TCTCTAGTGA	AGCAGACTCG	AGCTCATAAT	CAAGTCACTG	TTTAAAGGCC
TGCTACTCAT	AGAGATCACT	TCGTCTGAGC	TCGAGTATTA	GTTCACTGAC	AAATTTCCGG

970	980	990	1000	1010	1020
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CAGATAAATT	ACATCTGGTG	ACTCTTCGCG	GACCTTCAAG	CCAGGAGATT	CGCCGAGGGA
GTCTATTTAA	TGTAGACCAC	TGAGAAGCGC	CTGGAAGTTC	GGTCCTCTAA	GCGGCTCCCT

1030	1040	1050	1060	1070	1080
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CAGTCAACAA	GGTAGGAGAG	ATTCTGCAGC	AACATGGGGA	ACGGACAGGG	GCGAGATTGG
GTCAGTTGTT	CCATCCTCTC	TAAGACGTGC	TTGTACCCCT	TGCCTGTCCC	CGCTCTAACC
			M G	N G Q G	R D W>

GAG →

1090	1100	1110	1120	1130	1140
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAAATGGCCA	TTAAGAGATG	TAGTAATGTT	GCTGTAGGAG	TAGGGGGGAA	GAGTAAAAAA
TTTTACCGGT	AATTCTCTAC	ATCATTACAA	CGACATCCTC	ATCCCCCTT	CTCATTTTTT
K M A	I K R C	S N V	A V G	V G G K	S K K>

1150	1160	1170	1180	1190	1200
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTTGGAGAAG	GGAATTTTCAG	ATGGGCCATT	AGAATGGCTA	ATGTATCTAC	AGGACGAGAA
AAACCTCTTC	CCTTAAAGTC	TACCCGGTAA	TCTTACCGAT	TACATAGATG	TCCTGCTCTT
F G E	G N F R	W A I	R M A	N V S T	G R E>

1210	1220	1230	1240	1250	1260
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CCTGGTGATA	TACCAGAGAC	TTTAGATCAA	CTAAGGTTGG	TTATTGCGA	TTTACAAGAA
GGACCACTAT	ATGGTCTCTG	AAATCTAGTT	GATTCCAACC	AATAAACGCT	AAATGTTCTT
P G D	I P E T	L D Q	L R L	V I C D	L Q E>

1270	1280	1290	1300	1310	1320
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AGAAGAGAAA	AATTTGGGTC	GAGCAAAGAA	ATTGACATGG	CAATTGTTAC	ATTAAAAGTC
TCTTCTCTTT	TTAAACCCAG	CTCGTTTCTT	TAAGTGTACC	GTAAACAATG	TAATTTTCAG
R R E	K F G S	S K E	I D M	A I V T	L K V>

1330	1340	1350	1360	1370	1380
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTTGCGGTAG	TAGGACTTTT	AAATATGACA	GTGTCTACTG	CTGCTGCAGC	TGAAAATATG
AAACGCCATC	ATCCTGAAAA	TTTATACTGT	CACAGATGAC	GACGACGTCG	ACTTTTATAC
F A V	V G L L	N M T	V S T	A A A A	E N M>

3/44

Figure 1, continued

1390 1400 1410 1420 1430 1440  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TACACTCAGA TGGGATTAGA CACTAGACCA TCTATGAGAG AAGCAGGAGG AAAAGAGGAA  
 ATGTGAGTCT ACCCTAATCT GTGATCTGGT AGATACTCTC TTCGTCCTCC TTTTCTCCTT  
 Y T Q M G L D T R P S M R E A G G K E E>

1450 1460 1470 1480 1490 1500  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 AGCCCTCCAC AGGCATCTCC TATTCAAACA GCAAATGGAG CACCACAATA TGTAGCACTT  
 TCGGGAGGTG TCCGTAGAGG ATAAGTTTGT CGTTTACCTC GTGGTGTTAT ACATCGTGAA  
 S P P Q A S P I Q T A N G A P Q Y V A L>  
 p15 ← → p25

1510 1520 1530 1540 1550 1560  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 GACCCAAAAA TGGTGTCCAT TTTTATGGAA AAGGCAAGAG AAGGATTAGG AGGTGAGGAA  
 CTGGGTTTTT ACCACAGGTA AAAATACCTT TTCCGTTCTC TTCTAATCC TCCACTCCTT  
 D P K M V S I F M E K A R E G L G G E E>

1570 1580 1590 1600 1610 1620  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 GTTCAGCTAT GGTTTACTGC CTTCTCTGCA AATTTAACAC CTACTGACAT GGCCACATTA  
 CAAGTCGATA CCAAATGACG GAAGAGACGT TTAAATTGTG GATGACTGTA CCGGTGTAAT  
 V Q L W F T A F S A N L T P T D M A T L>

1630 1640 1650 1660 1670 1680  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ATAATGGCCG CACCAGGGTG CGCTGCAGAT AAAGAAATAT TGGATGAAAG CTTAAAGCAA  
 TATTACCGGC GTGGTCCCAC GCGACGTCTA TTTCTTTATA ACCTACTTTC GAATTCGTT  
 I M A A P G C A A D K E I L D E S L K Q>

1690 1700 1710 1720 1730 1740  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TTGACGGCAG AGTATGATCG TACCCATCCT CCTGATGGAC CTAGACCATT ACCCTATTTT  
 AACTGCCGTC TCATACTAGC ATGGGTAGGA GGACTACCTG GATCTGGTAA TGGGATAAAA  
 L T A E Y D R T H P P D G P R P L P Y F>  
 p24A

1750 1760 1770 1780 1790 1800  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ACTGCAGCAG AAATTATGGG TATAGGATTA ACTCAAGAAC AACAAGCAGA AGCAAGATTT  
 TGACGTCGTC TTTAATACCC ATATCCTAAT TGAGTTCTTG TTGTCGTCT TCGTTCTAAA  
 T A A E I M G I G L T Q E Q Q A E A R F>

4/44

Figure 1, continued

1810	1820	1830	1840	1850	1860
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GCACCAGCTA	GGATGCAGTG	TAGAGCATGG	TATCTCGAGG	CACTAGGAAA	ATTGGCCGCC
CGTGGTCGAT	CCTACGTCAC	ATCTCGTACC	ATAGAGCTCC	GTGATCCTTT	TAACCGGCGG
A P A	R M Q C	R A W	Y L E	A L G K	L A A>

1870	1880	1890	1900	1910	1920
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATAAAAGCTA	AGTCTCCTCG	AGCTGTGCAG	TTAAGACAAG	GAGCTAAGGA	AGATTATTCA
TATTTTCGAT	TCAGAGGAGC	TCGACACGTC	AATTCTGTTC	CTCGATTCTT	TCTAATAAGT
I K A	K S P R	A V Q	L R Q	G A K E	D Y S>

1930	1940	1950	1960	1970	1980
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TCCTTTATAG	ACAGATTGTT	TGCCCAAATA	GATCAAGAAC	AAAATACAGC	TGAAGTTAAG
AGGAAATATC	TGTCTAACAA	ACGGGTTTAT	CTAGTTCTTG	TTTTATGTCG	ACTTCAATTC
S F I	D R L F	A Q I	D Q E	Q N T A	E V K>

1990	2000	2010	2020	2030	2040
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTATATTTAA	AACAGTCATT	AAGCATGGCT	AATGCTAATG	CAGAATGTAA	AAAGGCAATG
AATATAAATT	TTGTCAGTAA	TTCGTACCGA	TTACGATTAC	GTCTTACATT	TTTCCGTTAC
L Y L	K Q S L	S M A	N A N	A E C K	K A M>

2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AGCCACCTTA	AGCCAGAAAG	TACCCTAGAA	GAAAAGCTGA	GAGCTTGTCA	AGAAGTAGGC
TCGGTGGAAT	TCGGTCTTTC	ATGGGATCTT	CTTTTCGACT	CTCGAACAGT	TCTTCATCCG
S H L	K P E S	T L E	E K L	R A C Q	E V G>

2110	2120	2130	2140	2150	2160
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TCACCAGGAT	ATAAAATGCA	ACTCTTGGCA	GAAGCTCTTA	CAAAAGTTCA	AGTAGTGCAA
AGTGGTCCTA	TATTTTACGT	TGAGAACCGT	CTTCGAGAAT	GTTTTCAAGT	TCATCACGTT
S P G	Y K M Q	L L A	E A L	T K V Q	V V Q>

p25 ← → p10

2170	2180	2190	2200	2210	2220
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TCAAAAGGAT	CAGGACCACT	GTGTTTCAAC	TGTA AAAAAC	CAGGACATCT	AGCAAAACAG
AGTTTTCTTA	GTCCTGGTCA	CACAAAGTTG	ACATTTTTTG	GTCCTGTAGA	TCGTTTTGTC
S K G	S G P V	C F N	C K K	P G H L	A K Q>

2230	2240	2250	2260	2270	2280
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TGTAGAGATG	TGAAAAAATG	TAATAAATGT	GGAAAGCCTG	GTCATTTAGC	TGCCAAATGC
ACATCTCTAC	ACTTTTTTAC	ATTATTTTACA	CCTTTCGGAC	CAGTAAATCG	ACGGTTTACG

5/44

Figure 1, continued

C R D V K K C N K C G K P G H L A A K C&gt;

2290 2300 2310 2320 2330 2340  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TGGCAAGGTG GTAAAAAGAA TTCGGGAAAC TGAAGGCGG GCGAGCTGC AGCCCCAGTG  
 ACCGTTCCAC CATTTTCTT AAGCCCTTG ACCTTCGCC CCGCTCGACG TCGGGGTCAC  
 W Q G G K K N S G N W K A G R A A A P V>

2350 2360 2370 2380 2390 2400  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 AATCAAGTGC AGCAAGCAGT AATGCCATCT GCACCTCAA TGGAGGAGAG ACTATTGGAT  
 TTAGTTCACG TCGTTCGTCA TTACGGTAGA CGTGGAGGT ACCTCCTCTC TGATAACCTA  
 N Q V Q Q A V M P S A P P M E E R L L D>

2410 2420 2430 2440 2450 2460  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TTATAAATTA TAATAAAGTA GGTACTACTA CAACATTAGA AAAGAGGCCA GAAATACTTA  
 AATATTTAAT ATTATTCAT CCATGATGAT GTTGTAACT TTTCTCCGGT CTTTATGAAT  
 L>

← p10

2470 2480 2490 2500 2510 2520  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TATTTGTAAA TGGGTACCCT ATAAAATTTT TATTAGATAC AGGAGCAGAT ATAACAATTT  
 ATAAACATTT ACCCATGGGA TATTTTAAAA ATAATCTATG TCCTCGTCTA TATTGTAAAA

2530 2540 2550 2560 2570 2580  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TAAATAGGAG AGATTTTCAA GTAAAAAATT CTATAGAAAA TGAAGGCAA AATATGATTG  
 ATTTATCCTC TCTAAAAGTT CATTTTTTAA GATATCTTTT ACCTTCGGT TTATACTAAC  
 M I>

→ pol  
ORF1

2590 2600 2610 2620 2630 2640  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 GAGTAGGAGG AGGAAAGAGA GGAACAAATT ATATCAATGT GCATTTAGAG ATTAGAGATG  
 CTCATCCTCC TCCTTCTCT CCTGTGTTAA TATAGTTACA CGTAAATCTC TAATCTCTAC  
 G V G G G K R G T N Y I N V H L E I R D>

2650 2660 2670 2680 2690 2700  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 AAAATTATAA GACACAATGT ATATTGGCA ATGTTTGTGT CTTAGAAGAT AACTCATTA  
 TTTTAAATATT CTGTGTTACA TATAAACCGT TACAAACACA GAATCTTCTA TTGAGTAATT  
 E N Y K T Q C I F G N V C V L E D N S L>

6/44

Figure 1, continued

2710	2720	2730	2740	2750	2760
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TACAACCATT	ATTAGGGAGA	GATAATATGA	TTAGATTCAA	TATTAGGTTA	GTAATGGCTC
ATGTTGGTAA	TAATCCCTCT	CTATTATACT	AATCTAAGTT	ATAATCCAAT	CATTACCGAG
I Q P L	L G R	D N M	I R F N	I R L	V M A>

2770	2780	2790	2800	2810	2820
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAATTTCTGA	CAAGATTCCA	ATAGTAAAG	TAAAAATGAA	GGATCCAAAT	AAAGGACCTC
TTTAAAGACT	GTTCTAAGGT	TATCATTTTC	ATTTTACTTT	CCTAGGTTTA	TTTCCTGGAG
Q I S D	K I P	I V K	V K M K	D P N	K G P>

2830	2840	2850	2860	2870	2880
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAATAAAACA	ATGGCCATTA	ACAAATGAAA	AAATTGAAGC	TTTAACAGAA	ATAGTAGAAA
TTTATTTTGT	TACCGGTAAT	TGTTTACTTT	TTTAACTTCG	AAATTGTCTT	TATCATCTTT
Q I K Q	W P L	T N E	K I E A	L T E	I V E>

2890	2900	2910	2920	2930	2940
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GACTAGAAAG	AGAAGGGAAA	GTAAAAAGAG	CAGATCCAAA	TAACCCATGG	AATACACCAG
CTGATCTTTC	TCTTCCCTTT	CATTTTCTC	GTCTAGGTTT	ATTGGGTACC	TTATGTGGTC
R L E R	E G K	V K R	A D P N	N P W	N T P>

2950	2960	2970	2980	2990	3000
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TATTTGCAAT	AAAAAAGAAA	AGTGGAAAAT	GGAGAATGCT	CATAGATTTT	AGAGAATTGA
ATAAACGTTA	TTTTTCTTT	TCACCTTTTA	CCTCTTACGA	GTATCTAAAA	TCTCTTAAT
V F A I	K K K	S G K	W R M L	I D F	R E L>

3010	3020	3030	3040	3050	3060
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ACAAATTAAC	TGAGAAAGGG	GCAGAAGTCC	AGTTAGGACT	CCCTCATCCT	GCTGGATTAA
TGTTTAATTG	ACTCTTTCCC	CGTCTTCAGG	TCAATCCTGA	GGGAGTAGGA	CGACCTAATT
N K L T	E K G	A E V	Q L G L	P H P	A G L>

3070	3080	3090	3100	3110	3120
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAATGAAAAA	ACAAGTTACT	GTGCTAGATA	TAGGAGATGC	ATACTTCACT	ATTCCTTG
TTTACTTTTT	TGTTCAATGA	CACGATCTAT	ATCCTCTACG	TATGAAGTGA	TAAGGGAACC
K M K K	Q V T	V L D	I G D A	Y F T	I P L>

3130	3140	3150	3160	3170	3180
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATCCAGACTA	TGCTCCCTAT	ACTGCATTCA	CATTACCTAG	AAAGAATAAT	GCAGGACCAG
TAGGTCTGAT	ACGAGGGATA	TGACGTAAGT	GTAATGGATC	TTTCTTATTA	CGTCCTGGTC
D P D Y	A P Y	T A F	T L P R	K N N	A G P>

7/44

Figure 1, continued

3190	3200	3210	3220	3230	3240
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GGAGGAGATA	TGTATGGTGC	AGTTTACCAC	AGGGGTGGGT	TCTAAGCCCA	TTGATATATC
CCTCCTCTAT	ACATACCACG	TCAAATGGTG	TCCCCACCCA	AGATTGCGGT	AACTATATAG
G R R Y	V W C	S L P	Q G W V	L S P	L I Y>

3250	3260	3270	3280	3290	3300
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAAGTACTTT	AGATAATATA	ATACAACCTT	TTATTAGACA	AAATCCTGAG	TTAGATATTT
TTTCATGAAA	TCTATTATAT	TATGTTGGAA	AATAATCTGT	TTAGGACTC	AATCTATAAA
Q S T L	D N I	I Q P	F I R Q	N P E	L D I>

3310	3320	3330	3340	3350	3360
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATCAATATAT	GGATGACATT	TATATAGGAT	CAAACCTAAG	TAAAAAGGAG	CATAAAGAAA
TAGTTATATA	CCTACTGTAA	ATATATCCTA	GTTTGAATTC	ATTTTCTCTC	GTATTTCTTT
Y Q Y M	D D I	Y I G	S N L S	K K E	H K E>

3370	3380	3390	3400	3410	3420
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAGTAGAAGA	ATTAAGAAAA	TTGTTATTAT	GGTGGGGATT	TGAAACCCCG	GAAGACAAAT
TTTCATCTTCT	TAATTCCTTT	AACAATAATA	CCACCCCTAA	ACTTTGGGGC	CTTCTGTTTA
K V E E	L R K	L L L	W W G F	E T P	E D K>

3430	3440	3450	3460	3470	3480
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TACAAGAAGA	GCCCCCATAT	AAGTGGATGG	GCTATGAATT	ACATCCATTA	ACATGGTCAA
ATGTTCTTCT	CGGGGGTATA	TTACCTACC	CGATACTTAA	TGTAGGTAAT	TGTACCAGTT
L Q E E	P P Y	K W M	G Y E L	H P L	T W S>

3490	3500	3510	3520	3530	3540
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TACAGCAAAA	ACAATTAGAA	ATTCCAGAAA	GACCCACATT	AAATGAACTG	CAGAAATTAG
ATGTCGTTTT	TGTTAATCTT	TAAGGTCTTT	CTGGGTGTAA	TTTACTTGAC	GTCTTTAATC
I Q Q K	Q L E	I P E	R P T L	N E L	Q K L>

3550	3560	3570	3580	3590	3600
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CAGGTAAGAT	AAACTGGGCC	AGTCAAATA	TCCCAGACTT	AAGTATAAAA	GAACCTAATA
GTCCATTCTA	TTTGACCCGG	TCAGTTTGAT	AGGGTCTGAA	TTCATATTTT	CTTGATTGAT
A G K I	N W A	S Q T	I P D L	S I K	E L T>

3610	3620	3630	3640	3650	3660
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ACATGATGAG	AGGAGATCAG	AAGTTAGACT	CAATAAGAGA	ATGGACTGTG	GAAGCCAAGA
TGTACTACTC	TCCTCTAGTC	TTCAATCTGA	GTTATTCTCT	TACCTGACAC	CTTCGGTTCT
N M M R	G D Q	K L D	S I R E	W T V	E A K>

8/44

Figure 1, continued

3670	3680	3690	3700	3710	3720
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GAGAAGTACA	AAAAGCTAAG	GAAGCTATTG	AGATGCAAGC	ACAGCTAAAT	TATTATGATC
CTCTTCATGT	TTTTCGATTG	CTTCGATAAC	TCTACGTTTCG	TGTCGATTTA	ATAATACTAG
R E V Q	K A K	E A I	E M Q A	Q L N	Y Y D>

3730	3740	3750	3760	3770	3780
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CCCACCGAGA	ATTATATGCA	AAATTAAGTT	TAGTGGGACC	ACATCAAATA	TGTTATCAAG
GGGTGGCTCT	TAATATACGT	TTTAATTCAA	ATCACCCTGG	TGTAGTTTAT	ACAATAGTTC
P H R E	L Y A	K L S	L V G P	H Q I	C Y Q>

3790	3800	3810	3820	3830	3840
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TGTATCATAA	GAACCCAGAA	TGTATTTTAT	GGTATGGTAA	GATGAATAGA	CAAAAGAAAA
ACATAGTATT	CTTGGGTCTT	ACATAAAATA	CCATACCATT	CTACTTATCT	GTTTTCTTTT
V Y H K	N P E	C I L	W Y G K	M N R	Q K K>

3850	3860	3870	3880	3890	3900
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AGGCAGAAAA	TACCTGTGAT	ATAGCTCTAA	GGGCATGTTA	TAAAATAAGA	GAAGAATCTA
TCCGTCTTTT	ATGGACACTA	TATCGAGATT	CCCGTACAAT	ATTTTATTCT	CTTCTTAGAT
K A E N	T C D	I A L	R A C Y	K I R	E E S>

3910	3920	3930	3940	3950	3960
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTATAAGAAT	AGGAAAAGAA	CCAATATATG	AAATACCTAC	TTCTAGAGAA	GCCTGGGAGT
AATATTCTTA	TCCTTTTCTT	GGTTATATAC	TTTATGGATG	AAGATCTCTT	CGGACCCTCA
I I R I	G K E	P I Y	E I P T	S R E	A W E>

3970	3980	3990	4000	4010	4020
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CAAATTTAAT	TAATTCACCA	TATCTTAAGG	CCCCACCTCC	TGAGGTAGAA	TATATCCATG
GTTTAAATTA	ATTAAGTGGT	ATAGAATTCC	GGGGTGGAGG	ACTCCATCTT	ATATAGGTAC
S N L I	N S P	Y L K	A P P P	E V E	Y I H>

4030	4040	4050	4060	4070	4080
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CTGCTGTGAA	TATAAAAAGA	GCATTAAGTA	TGATAAAAAGA	TGTTCCAATA	CCAGAAGCAG
GACGACACTT	ATATTTTCTT	CGTAATTCAT	ACTATTTTCT	ACAAGGTTAT	GGTCTTCGTC
A A V N	I K R	A L S	M I K D	V P I	P E A>

4090	4100	4110	4120	4130	4140
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAACGTGGTA	TATAGATGGA	GGCAGAAAAGC	TAGGAAAAGC	AGCAAAAAGCA	GCCTATTGGA
TTTGACCAT	ATATCTACCT	CCGTCTTTTCG	ATCCTTTTCG	TCGTTTTCGT	CGGATAACCT
E T W Y	I D G	G R K	L G K A	A K A	A Y W>



9/44

Figure 1, continued

4150	4160	4170	4180	4190	4200
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CAGATACAGG	GAAGTGGCAA	GTAATGGAGT	TAGAAGGCAG	TAATCAGAAG	GCAGAAGTAC
GTCTATGTCC	CTTCACCGTT	CATTACCTCA	ATCTTCCGTC	ATTAGTCTTC	CGTCTTCATG
T D T G	K W Q	V M E	L E G S	N Q K	A E V>

4210	4220	4230	4240	4250	4260
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAGCATTATT	ATTGGCATT	AAAGCAGGAT	CAGAGGAAAT	GAATATTATA	ACAGATTAC
TTCGTAATAA	TAACCGTAAT	TTTCGTCCTA	GTCTCCTTTA	CTTATAATAT	TGTCTAAGTG
Q A L L	L A L	K A G	S E E M	N I I	T D S>

4270	4280	4290	4300	4310	4320
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AATATGTTAT	AAATATTATT	CTTCAACAAC	CAGATATGAT	GGAGGGAATC	TGGCAAGAAG
TTATAACAATA	TTTATAATAA	GAAGTTGTTG	GTCTATACTA	CCTCCCTTAG	ACCGTTCTTC
Q Y V I	N I I	L Q Q	P D M M	E G I	W Q E>

4330	4340	4350	4360	4370	4380
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTTTAGAAGA	ATTGGAGAAA	AAAACAGCAA	TATTTATAGA	TTGGGTCCCA	GGACATAAAG
AAAATCTTCT	TAACCTCTTT	TTTTGTGCTT	ATAAATATCT	AACCCAGGGT	CCTGTATTTT
V L E E	L E K	K T A	I F I D	W V P	G H K>

4390	4400	4410	4420	4430	4440
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GTATTCCAGG	AAATGAGGAA	GTAAGATAAGC	TTTGTCAAAC	AATGATGATA	ATAGAAGGGG
CATAAGGTCC	TTTACTCCTT	CATCTATTCG	AAACAGTTTG	TTACTACTAT	TATCTTCCCC
G I P G	N E E	V D K	L C Q T	M M I	I E G>

4450	4460	4470	4480	4490	4500
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATGGGATATT	AGATAAAAGG	TCAGAAGATG	CGGGATATGA	TTTATTGGCT	GCAAAAGAAA
TACCCTATAA	TCTATTTTCC	AGTCTTCTAC	GCCCTATACT	AAATAACCGA	CGTTTTCTTT
D G I L	D K R	S E D	A G Y D	L L A	A K E>

4510	4520	4530	4540	4550	4560
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TACATTTATT	GCCAGGAGAG	GTAAGGTA	TACCAACAGG	GGTAAAGCTA	ATGCTGCCTA
ATGTAAATAA	CGGTCCTCTC	CATTTTCATT	ATGGTTGTCC	CCATTTTCGAT	TACGACGGAT
I H L L	P G E	V K V	I P T G	V K L	M L P>

4570	4580	4590	4600	4610	4620
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAGGACATTG	GGGACTAATA	ATGGGAAGAA	GCTCGATAGG	GAGTAAAGGA	TTGGATGTAT
TTCTGTAAAC	CCCTGATTAT	TACCCTTCTT	CGAGCTATCC	CTCATTTTCT	AACCTACATA
K G H W	G L I	M G R	S S I G	S K G	L D V>

10/44

Figure 1, continued

4630	4640	4650	4660	4670	4680
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TAGGAGGGGT AATAGATGAA GGATATCGAG GTGAAATTGG AGTAATAATG ATTAATGTAT					
ATCCTCCCCA TTATCTACTT CCTATAGCTC CACTTTAACC TCATTATTAC TAATTACATA					
L G G V I D E G Y R G E I G V I M I N V>					
4690	4700	4710	4720	4730	4740
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CAAGAAAATC AATCACCTTA ATGGAACAAC AAAAGATAGC ACAATTAATA ATATTGCCTT					
GTTCTTTTAG TTAGTGAAT TACCTTGTTG TTTTCTATCG TGTAAATTAT TATAACGGAA					
S R K S I T L M E Q Q K I A Q L I I L P>					
4750	4760	4770	4780	4790	4800
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GTAAACATGA AGTATTAGAA CAAGGAAAAG TTGTAATGGA TTCAGAGAGA GGAGACAAAG					
CATTTGTA CTCTATCTT GTTCTTTTC AACATTACCT AAGTCTCTCT CCTCTGTTTC					
C K H E V L E Q G K V V M D S E R G D K>					
4810	4820	4830	4840	4850	4860
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GTTATGGGTC AACAGGAGTA TTCTCCTCTT GGGTTGACAG GATTGAGGAA GCAGAAATAA					
CAATACCCAG TTGTCCTCAT AAGAGGAGAA CCCAACTGTC CTAACCTCTT CGTCTTTATT					
G Y G S T G V F S S W V D R I E E A E I>					
4870	4880	4890	4900	4910	4920
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATCATGAAAA ATTTCACTCA GATCCACAAT ACTTAAGGAC TGAATTTAAT TTACCCAAGA					
TAGTACTTTT TAAAGTGAGT CTAGGTGTTA TGAATTCCTG ACTTAAATTA AATGGGTTCT					
N H E K F H S D P Q Y L R T E F N L P K>					
4930	4940	4950	4960	4970	4980
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TGGTTGCAGA AGAGATAAGA CGAAAGTGCC CTGTATGTAG AATCAGAGGA GAACAAGTGG					
ACCAACGTCT TCTCTATTCT GCTTTCACGG GACATACATC TTAGTCTCCT CTTGTTCAAC					
M V A E E I R R K C P V C R I R G E Q V>					
4990	5000	5010	5020	5030	5040
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GAGGACAATT GAAAATAGGG CCTGGAATAT GGCAAGTGGA TTGCACACAC TTTAATAGTA					
CTCCTGTAA CTTTTATCCC GGACCTTATA CCGTTCACCT AACGTGTGTG AAATTATCAT					
G G Q L K I G P G I W Q V D C T H F N S>					
5050	5060	5070	5080	5090	5100
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AGATAATCAT TGTAGCAGTA CATGTGGAAT CAGGATTTTT ATGGGCACAG ATAATTCCAC					
TCTATTAGTA ACATCGTCAT GTACACCTTA GTCCTAAAAA TACCCGTGTC TATTAAGGTG					
K I I I V A V H V E S G F L W A Q I I P>					

11/44

Figure 1, continued

5110	5120	5130	5140	5150	5160
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AGGAGACTGC	AGATTGTACA	GTCAAGGCTC	TTCTGCAACT	TATATGTGCT	CATAATGTTA
TCCTCTGACG	TCTAACATGT	CAGTTCCGAG	AAGACGTTGA	ATATACACGA	GTATTACAAT
Q E T A	D C T	V K A	L L Q L	I C A	H N V>

5170	5180	5190	5200	5210	5220
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CAGAATTACA	AACAGACAAT	GGACCAAATT	TAAAAATCA	GAAATGGAA	GGTTTATTAA
GTCTTAATGT	TTGTCTGTTA	CCTGGTTTAA	AATTTTGTAGT	CTTTTACCTT	CCAAATAATT
T E L Q	T D N	G P N	F K N Q	K M E	G L L>

5230	5240	5250	5260	5270	5280
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATTTTATGGG	AATAAACAT	AAATTAGGGA	TACCAGGTAA	CCCACAATCA	CAGGCATTAG
TAAATACCC	TTATTTTGT	TTAATCCCT	ATGGTCCATT	GGGTGTTAGT	GTCCGTAATC
N F M G	I K H	K L G	I P G N	P Q S	Q A L>

5290	5300	5310	5320	5330	5340
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TGGAAATGC	TAATAACACA	TTAAAAGCTT	GGATTCAAAA	ATTCTACCA	GAGACTACCT
ACCTTTTACG	ATTATTGTGT	AATTTTCGAA	CCTAAGTTTT	TAAGGATGGT	CTCTGATGGA
V E N A	N N T	L K A	W I Q K	F L P	E T T>

5350	5360	5370	5380	5390	5400
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CTCTGGATAA	TGCTCTGGCC	CTAGCCCTGT	ATAGTCTCAA	CTTTAAACAA	AGGGGTAGAC
GAGACCTATT	ACGAGACCGG	GATCGGGACA	TATCAGAGTT	GAAATTTGTT	TCCCCATCTG
S L D N	A L A	L A L	Y S L N	F K Q	R G R>

5410	5420	5430	5440	5450	5460
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TAGGAAGGAT	GGCCCCTTAT	GAATTATACA	TACAACAAGA	ATCATTAAAG	ATACAAGACT
ATCCTTCCTA	CCGGGGAATA	CTTAATATGT	ATGTTGTTCT	TAGTAATTCT	TATGTTCTGA
L G R M	A P Y	E L Y	I Q Q E	S L R	I Q D>

5470	5480	5490	5500	5510	5520
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATTTTTCGCA	GATTCCACAA	AAGTTAATGA	TGCAGTGGGT	GTATTACAAA	GATCAAAAAAG
TAAAAAGCGT	CTAAGGTGTT	TTCAATTACT	ACGTCACCCA	CATAATGTTT	CTAGTTTTTC
Y F S Q	I P Q	K L M	M Q W V	Y Y K	D Q K>

5530	5540	5550	5560	5570	5580
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ACAAAAATG	GAAGGGACCA	ATGAGAGTGG	AATATTGGGG	ACAAGGATCA	GTATTATTAA
TGTTTTTTAC	CTTCCCTGGT	TACTCTCACC	TTATAACCCC	TGTTCCTAGT	CATAATAATT
D K K W	K G P	M R V	E Y W G	Q G S	V L L>

12/44

Figure 1, continued

5590 5600 5610 5620 5630 5640  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 AGGATGAAGA GAAGGGATAT TTTCTTGTAC CTAGGAGACA CATAAGAAGA GTCCCAGAAC  
 TCCTACTTCT CTTCCCTATA AAAGAACATG GATCCTCTGT GTATTCTTCT CAGGGTCTTG  
 K D E E K G Y F L V P R R H I R R V P E>

5650 5660 5670 5680 5690 5700  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 CCTGCACTCT TCCTGAAGGG GATGAGTGAC GAAGATTGGC AGGTAAGTAG AAGACTCTTT  
 GGACGTGAGA AGGACTTCCC CTACTCACTG CTTCTAACCG TCCATTCATC TTCTGAGAAA  
 M S D E D W Q V S R R L F>

ORF 2 →  
 P C T L P E G D E>  
 ← ORF1

5710 5720 5730 5740 5750 5760  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 GCAGTGCTCC AAGGAGGAGT ACGTAGTGCT ATGCTATACA TATCTAGACT ACCTCCGGAC  
 CGTCACGAGG TTCCTCCTCA TGCATCACGA TACGATATGT ATAGATCTGA TGGAGGCCTG  
 A V L Q G G V R S A M L Y I S R L P P D>

5770 5780 5790 5800 5810 5820  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 GAAAGAGAAA GGTATAAAAA AGACTTTAAG AAAAGGCTTT TGGAAAAGGA AACAGGATTC  
 CTTTCTCTTT CCATATTTTT TCTGAAATTC TTTTCCGAAA ACCTTTTCCT TTGTCCTAAG  
 E R E R Y K K D F K K R L L E K E T G F>

5830 5840 5850 5860 5870 5880  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ATACAGAGAT TAAGAAAAGC GGAAGGAATA AGGTGGAGCT TCCATACTAG AGATTATTAT  
 TATGTCTCTA ATTCTTTTCG CCTTCCTTAT TCCACCTCGA AGGTATGATC TCTAATAATA  
 I Q R L R K A E G I R W S F H T R D Y Y>

5890 5900 5910 5920 5930 5940  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ATAGGATATG TAAGAGAGAT GGTGGCCGGA TCTAGTCTAC CAGATAGTTT AAGACTGTAT  
 TATCCTATAC ATTCTCTCTA CCACCGGCCT AGATCAGATG GTCTATCAAA TTCTGACATA  
 I G Y V R E M V A G S S L P D S L R L Y>

5950 5960 5970 5980 5990 6000  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ATTTATATAA GCAATCCATT GTGGCACTGG TCATACCGTC CTGGCCTGAC AAATTTTAAT  
 TAAATATATT CGTTAGGTAA CACCGTGACC AGTATGGCAG GACCGGACTG TTTAAATTA  
 I Y I S N P L W H W S Y R P G L T N F N>

13/44

Figure 1, continued

6010	6020	6030	6040	6050	6060
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ACAGAATGGC	CTTTTGTGAA	TATGTGGATA	AAGACAGGAT	TCATGTGGGA	TGATATTGAA
TGTCTTACCG	GAAAACACTT	ATACACCTAT	TTCTGTCCTA	AGTACACCCT	ACTATAACTT
T E W	P F V N	M W I	K T G	F M W D	D I E>

6070	6080	6090	6100	6110	6120
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AGCCAGAATA	TTTGCAAAGG	AGGAGAGATT	TCACATGGAT	GGGGACCTGG	AATGGTGGGA
TCGGTCTTAT	AAACGTTTCC	TCCTCTCTAA	AGTGTACCTA	CCCCTGGACC	TTACCACCCT
S Q N	I C K G	G E I	S H G	W G P G	M V G>

6130	6140	6150	6160	6170	6180
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATTGTGATAA	AAGCTTTTAG	TTGTGGAGAA	AGAAAGATTG	AGGCTACTCC	TGTAATGATT
TAACTACTATT	TTCGAAAATC	AACACCTCTT	TCTTTCTAAC	TCCGATGAGG	ACATTACTAA
I V I	K A F S	C G E	R K I	E A T P	V M I>

6190	6200	6210	6220	6230	6240
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATAAGAGGAG	AAATAGATCC	AAAAAAATGG	TGTGGAGATT	GTTGGAATTT	GATGTGTCTT
TATTCTCCTC	TTTATCTAGG	TTTTTTTACC	ACACCTCTAA	CAACCTTAAA	CTACACAGAA
I R G	E I D P	K K W	C G D	C W N L	M C L>

6250	6260	6270	6280	6290	6300
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AGGAACTCAC	CTCCACAGAC	TTTACAAAGA	CTTGCTATGT	TGGCATGTGG	CGTGCCGGCT
TCCTTGAGTG	GAGGTGTCTG	AAATGTTTCT	GAACGATACA	ACCGTACACC	GCACGGCCGA
R N S	P P Q T	L Q R	L A M	L A C G	V P A>

6310	6320	6330	6340	6350	6360
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAGGAGTGGC	GAGGATGCTG	TAATCAACGC	TTTGTTTCTC	CTTACAGAAC	GCCTGCTGAT
TTCCTCACCG	CTCCTACGAC	ATTAGTTGCG	AAACAAAGAG	GAATGTCTTG	CGGACGACTA
K E W	R G C C	N Q R	F V S	P Y R T	P A D>

6370	6380	6390	6400	6410	6420
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTGGAGGTCA	TTCAATCCAA	GCCCAGCTGG	AGTCTATTAT	GGTCAGGGAG	CCTATGAATG
AACCTCCAGT	AAGTTAGGTT	CGGGTCGACC	TCAGATAATA	CCAGTCCCTC	GGATACTTAC
L E V	I Q S K	P S W	S L L	W S G S	L>

ORF2 ←

6430	6440	6450	6460	6470	6480
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GAAGACATAC	TAACATTATT	TAATAAGGTC	ACTAAGAAAC	TAGAAAAGGA	AAAAGCTATC
CTTCTGTATG	ATTGTAATAA	ATTATTCCAG	TGATTCTTTG	ATCTTTTCCT	TTTTCGATAG

14/44

Figure 1, continued

6490	6500	6510	6520	6530	6540
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AGAATATTTG	TATTAGCACA	TCAATTAGAA	AGGGACAAAG	TTATTAGATT	ACTACAAGGA
TCTTATAAAC	ATAATCGTGT	AGTTAATCTT	TCCCTGTTTC	AATAATCTAA	TGATGTTCTT

6550	6560	6570	6580	6590	6600
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTAGTTTGGG	GACATAGATT	TAAGAAACCC	CAAACAAAT	ACTGTTTATG	TTGGTTCTGT
AATCAAACCT	CTGTATCTAA	ATTCTTTGGG	GTTTGTTTAA	TGACAAATAC	AACCAAGACA

6610	6620	6630	6640	6650	6660
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TGCAAATTCT	ACTATTGGCA	GTTGCAATCT	ACATTATCAA	TAAGTACTGC	TTAGAAATAC
ACGTTTAAAG	TGATAACCGT	CAACGTTAGA	TGTAATAGTT	ATTGATGACG	AATCTTTATG

6670	6680	6690	6700	6710	6720
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTATAATAAT	ATTTCATTTG	CAACAATAAT	TATGGCAGAA	GGATTTGCAG	CCAATAGACA
AATATTATTA	TAAAGTAAAC	GTTGTTATTA	ATACCGTCTT	CCTAAACGTC	GGTTATCTGT
			M A E	G F A	A N R Q>
			→ ENV		

6730	6740	6750	6760	6770	6780
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATGGATAGGA	CCAGAAGAAG	CTGAAGAGTT	ATTAGATTTT	GATATAGCAA	CACAAATGAA
TACCTATCCT	GGTCTTCTTC	GACTTCTCAA	TAATCTAAAA	CTATATCGTT	GTGTTTACTT
W I G	P E E	A E E L	L D F	D I A	T Q M N>

6790	6800	6810	6820	6830	6840
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TGAAGAAGGG	CCACTAAATC	CAGGGATGAA	CCCATTTAGG	GTACCTGGAA	TAACAGATAA
ACTTCTTCCC	GGTGATTTAG	GTCCCTACTT	GGGTAAATCC	CATGGACCTT	ATTGTCTATT
E E E	P L N	P G M N	P F R	V P G	I T D K>

6850	6860	6870	6880	6890	6900
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AGAAAAGCAA	GACTATTGTA	ACATATTACA	ACCTAAGTTA	CAAGATTTAC	GGAATGAACT
TCTTTTCGTT	CTGATAACAT	TGTATAATGT	TGGATTCAAT	GTTCTAAATG	CCTTACTTGA
E K Q	D Y C	N I L Q	P K L	Q D L	R N E L>

6910	6920	6930	6940	6950	6960
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TCAAGAGGTA	AACTAGAAG	AAGGAAATGC	AGGTAAGTTT	AGAAGGGCAA	GATATTTAAG
AGTTCTCCAT	TTTGATCTTC	TTCTTTTACG	TCCATTCAAA	TCTTCCCGTT	CTATAAATTC
Q E V	K L E	E G N A	G K F	R R A	R Y L R>

15/44

Figure 1, continued

6970	6980	6990	7000	7010	7020
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATATTCTGAT GAAAATGTGC TATCTATAGT CTATTTGCTA ATAGGATATC TAAGATATTT					
TATAAGACTA CTTTACACG ATAGATATCA GATAAAGCAT TATCCTATAG ATTCTATAAA					
Y S D E N V L S I V Y L L I G Y L R Y L>					
7030	7040	7050	7060	7070	7080
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AATAAATCGT AGGAGTTTAG GATCTTTAAG ACATGATATA GACATAGAAA CACCTCAAGA					
TTATTTAGCA TCCTCAAATC CTAGAAATTC TGTACTATAT CTGTATCTTT GTGGAGTTCT					
I N R R S L G S L R H D I D I E T P Q E>					
7090	7100	7110	7120	7130	7140
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GGAATATTAT AGTAATAGTG AAAGGGGTAC CACATTAAAT CAAAAATATG CGAGAAGATG					
CCTTATAATA TCATTATCAC TTTCCCATG GTGTAATTTA GTTTTTATAC GCTCTTCTAC					
E Y Y S N S E R G T T L N Q K Y A R R C>					
7150	7160	7170	7180	7190	7200
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTGTGTTAGC ACACTTATTA TGTATTTAAT TCTTTTTCGCA GTAGGCATCT GGTGGGGAGC					
AACACAATCG TGTGAATAAT ACATAAATTA AGAAAAACGT CATCCGTAGA CCACCCCTCG					
C V S T L I M Y L I L F A V G I W W G A					
7210	7220	7230	7240	7250	7260
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TAGAGCACAA GTAGTGTGGA GACTTCCCCC TTTAGTAGTT CCAGTAGAAG AATCAGAAAT					
ATCTCGTGT CATCACACCT CTGAAGGGGG AAATCATCAA GGTCATCTTC TTAGTCTTTA					
R A Q V V W R L P P L V V P V E E S E I>					
7270	7280	7290	7300	7310	7320
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AATTTTTTGG GATTGTTGGG CACCAGAAGA ACCCGCCTGT CAAGACTTTC TTGGGGCAAT					
TTAAAAAACC CTAACAACCC GTGGTCTTCT TGGGCGGACA GTTCTGAAAG AACCCCGTTA					
I F W D C W A P E E P A C Q D F L G A M>					
7330	7340	7350	7360	7370	7380
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GATACATCTA AAAGCTAGTA CGAATATAAG TATACAAGAG GGACCTACCT TGGGGAATTG					
CTATGTAGAT TTTGATCAT GCTTATATTC ATATGTTCTC CCTGGATGGA ACCCCTTAAC					
I H L K A S T N I S I Q E G P T L G N W>					
7390	7400	7410	7420	7430	7440
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GGCTAGAGAA ATATGGGGAA CATTATTCAA AAAGGCTACC AGACAATGTA GAAGAGGTAG					
CCGATCTCTT TATACCCCTT GTAATAAGTT TTTCCGATGG TCTGTTACAT CTTCTCCATC					
A R E I W G T L F K K A T R Q C R R G R>					

16/44  
Figure 1, continued

7450	7460	7470	7480	7490	7500
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AATATGGA	AGATGGA	AACTATA	AGGACCATT	GGATGTGCT	ATAACACATG
TTATACCTTT	TCTACCTTAC	TTTGATATTG	TCCTGGTAAT	CCTACACGAT	TATTGTGTAC
I W K	R W N	E T I T	G P L	G C A	N N T C>

7510	7520	7530	7540	7550	7560
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTATAATATT	TCAGTAATAG	TACCTGATTA	TCAATGTTAT	CTAGACCGAG	TAGATACTTG
AATATTATAA	AGTCATTATC	ATGGACTAAT	AGTTACAATA	GATCTGGCTC	ATCTATGAAC
Y N I	S V I	V P D Y	Q C Y	L D R	V D T W>

7570	7580	7590	7600	7610	7620
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GTTACAAGGG	AAAGTAAATA	TATCATTATG	TCTAACAGGA	GGAAAAATGT	TGTACAATAA
CAATGTTCCC	TTTCATTTAT	ATAGTAATAC	AGATTGTCCT	CCTTTTTTACA	ACATGTTATT
L Q G	K V N	I S L C	L T G	G K M	L Y N K>

7630	7640	7650	7660	7670	7680
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATATACAAAA	CAATTAAGCT	ATTGTACAGA	CCCATTACAA	ATCCCACTGA	TCAATTATAC
TATATGTTTT	GTTAATTCGA	TAACATGTCT	GGGTAATGTT	TAGGGTGACT	AGTTAATATG
Y T K	Q L S	Y C T D	P L Q	I P L	I N Y T

7690	7700	7710	7720	7730	7740
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ATTTGGACCT	AATCAAACAT	GTATGTGGAA	CACTTCACAA	ATTCAGGACC	CTGAGATACC
TAAACCTGGA	TTAGTTTGTG	CATACACCTT	GTGAAGTGTT	TAAGTCCTGG	GACTCTATGG
F G P	N Q T	C M W N	T S Q	I Q D	P E I P>

7750	7760	7770	7780	7790	7800
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAAATGTGGA	TGGTGGGAATC	AAAGAGCCTA	TTATAAAAAAT	TGTAAATGGG	AAAAACAGA
TTTTACACCT	ACCACCTTAG	TTTCTCGGAT	AATATTTTTA	ACATTTACCC	TTTTTTGTCT
K C G	W W N	Q R A Y	Y K N	C K W	E K T D>

7810	7820	7830	7840	7850	7860
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TGTAAAGTTT	CATTGTCAAA	GAACACAGAG	TCAGCCTGGA	ACATGGCTTA	GAGCAATCTC
ACATTTCAAA	GTAACAGTTT	CTTGTGTCTC	AGTCGGACCT	TGTACCGAAT	CTCGTTAGAG
V K F	H C Q	R T Q S	Q P G	T W L	R A I S>

7870	7880	7890	7900	7910	7920
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GTCATGGAGA	CAAAGGAATA	GATGGGAATG	GAGACCAGAT	TTTGAAAGTG	AAAAGGTGAA
CAGTACCTCT	GTTTCCTTAT	CTACCCTTAC	CTCTGGTCTA	AACTTTCAC	TTTTCCACTT
S W R	Q R N	R W E W	R P D	F E S	E K V K>



17/44

Figure 1, continued

```

      7930      7940      7950      7960      7970      7980
      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *
AATATCTCTA AAGTGTAAATA GCACAAAAAA CCTAACCTTT GCAATGAGAA GTTCAGGAGA
TTATAGAGAT TTCACATTAT CGTCTTTTTT GGATTGGAAA CGTTACTCTT CAAGTCCTCT
I S L K C N S T K N L T F A M R S S G D>

      7990      8000      8010      8020      8030      8040
      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *
TTATGGAGAA GTAACGGGAG CTTGGATAGA GTTTGGATGT CATAGAAATA AATCAAACT
AATACCTCTT CATTGCCCTC GAACCTATCT CAAACCTACA GTATCTTTAT TTAGTTTTGA
Y G E V T G A W I E F G C H R N K S K L>

      8050      8060      8070      8080      8090      8100
      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *
TCATGATGAA GCAAGGTTTA GAATTAGATG TAGATGGAAT ATAGGGGAGA ATACCTCACT
AGTACTACTT CGTTCCAAAT CTTAATCTAC ATCTACCTTA TATCCCCTCT TATGGAGTGA
H D E A R F R I R C R W N I G E N T S L>

      8110      8120      8130      8140      8150      8160
      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *
CATTGATACA TGTGGAAACA CTCAAAATGT TTCAGGGGCA AATCCTGTAG ATTGTACCAT
GTAACATATGT ACACCTTTGT GAGTTTTTACA AAGTCCCCGT TTAGGACATC TAACATGGTA
I D T C G N T Q N V S G A N P V D C T M>

      8170      8180      8190      8200      8210      8220
      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *
GTATGCAAAT AAAATGTACA ATTGTTCTTT ACAAACGGG TTTACTATGA AGGTAGATGA
CATACGTTTA TTTTACATGT TAACAAGAAA TGTTTTGCC AAATGATACT TCCATCTACT
Y A N K M Y N C S L Q N G F T M K V D D>

      8230      8240      8250      8260      8270      8280
      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *
CCTTATTATG CATTTCAATA TGACAAAAGC TGTAGAAATG TATAATATTG CTGGAAATTG
GGAATAATAC GTAAAGTTAT ACTGTTTTCG ACATCTTTAC ATATTATAAC GACCTTTAAC
L I M H F N M T K A V E M Y N I A G N W>

      8290      8300      8310      8320      8330      8340
      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *
GTCTTGATCA TCTGACTTGC CACCAACATG GGGGTATATG AATTGTAAT GTACAAATAA
CAGAACATGT AGACTGAACG GTGGTTGTAC CCCCATATAC TTAACATTGA CATGTTTATT
S C T S D L P P T W G Y M N C N C T N N>

      8350      8360      8370      8380      8390      8400
      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *      *  *
TAGTAATGAT AATACTAGAA TGGCATGTCC TAACAATCAA GGCATCTTAA GGAATTGGTA
ATCATTACTA TTATGATCTT ACCGTACAGG ATTGTTAGTT CCGTAGAATT CCTTAACCAT
S N D N T R M A C P N N Q G I L R N W Y>

```

18/44

Figure 1, continued

8410	8420	8430	8440	8450	8460
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TAACCCAGTA	GCAGGATTAC	GACAATCCTT	GGAAAAGTAT	CAAGTTGTAA	AACAACCAGA
ATTGGGTCAT	CGTCCTAATG	CTGTTAGGAA	CCTTTTCATA	GTTCAACATT	TTGTTGGTCT
N P V	A G L	R Q S L	E K Y	Q V V	K Q P D>

8470	8480	8490	8500	8510	8520
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTACTTAGTG	GTCCAGGGG	AAGTCATGGA	ATATAAACT	AGAAGGAAAA	GGGCAGCTAT
AATGAATCAC	CAGGGTCCCC	TTCAGTACCT	TATATTTTGA	TCTTCCTTTT	CCCGTCGATA
Y L V	V P G	E V M E	Y K T	R R K	R A A I>

8530	8540	8550	8560	8570	8580
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TCATGTTATG	TTAGCTCTTG	CAACAGTATT	ATCTATGGCC	GGAGCAGGGA	CGGGGGCTAC
AGTACAATAC	AATCGAGAAC	GTTGTCATAA	TAGATACCGG	CCTCGTCCCT	GCCCCGATG
H V M	L A L	A T V L	S M A	G A G	T G A T>

8590	8600	8610	8620	8630	8640
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TGCTATAGGG	ATGGTAACAC	AATATCACCA	AGTTCTAGCA	ACCCATCAAG	AAGCTATTGA
ACGATATCCC	TACCATTGTG	TTATAGTGGT	TCAAGATCGT	TGGGTAGTTC	TTCGATAACT
A I G	M V T	Q Y H Q	V L A	T H Q	E A I E>

8650	8660	8670	8680	8690	8700
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
AAAGGTGACT	GAAGCCTTAA	AGATAAACAA	CTTGAGATTA	GTTACATTAG	AGCATCAAGT
TTTCCACTGA	CTTCGGAATT	TCTATTTGTT	GAATCTAAT	CAATGTAATC	TCGTAGTTCA
K V T	E A L	K I N N	L R L	V T L	E H Q V>

8710	8720	8730	8740	8750	8760
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
ACTAGTAATA	GGATTAAG	TAGAAGCTAT	GGAAAAATTT	TTATATACAG	CTTTCGCTAT
TGATCATTAT	CCTAATTTTC	ATCTTCGATA	CCTTTTAAAA	AATATATGTC	GAAAGCGATA
L V I	G L K	V E A M	E K F	L Y T	A F A M>

8770	8780	8790	8800	8810	8820
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GCAAGAATTA	GGATGTAATC	AAAATCAATT	CTTCTGCAAA	GTCCCTCCTG	AATTGTGGAT
CGTTCCTAAT	CCTACATTAG	TTTTAGTTAA	GAAGACGTTT	CAGGGAGGAC	TTAACACCTA
<u>Q E L</u>	<u>G C N</u>	<u>Q N Q F</u>	<u>F C K</u>	<u>V P P</u>	<u>E L W M&gt;</u>

*TM Peptide*

8830	8840	8850	8860	8870	8880
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GAGGTATAAT	ATGTCTATAA	ATCAAACAAT	ATGGAATCAT	GGAAATATAA	CTTTGGGGGA
CTCCATATTA	TACAGATATT	TAGTTTGTTA	TACCTTAGTA	CCTTTATATT	GAAACCCCTT

19/44

Figure 1, continued

R Y N M S I N Q T I W N H G N I T L G E>

8890 8900 8910 8920 8930 8940  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ATGGTATAAC CAAACAAAAG ATTTACAACA AAAGTTTAT GAAATAATAA TGGACATAGA  
 TACCATATTG GTTTGTTTC TAAATGTTGT TTCAAATA CTTTATTATT ACCTGTATCT  
 W Y N Q T K D L Q Q K F Y E I I M D I E>

8950 8960 8970 8980 8990 9000  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ACAAATAAT GTACAAGGA AAAAGGGAT ACAACAATTA CAAAAGTGGG AAGATTGGGT  
 TGTTTTATTA CATGTTCCCT TTTTCCCTA TGTTGTTAAT GTTTTCACCC TTCTAACCCA  
 Q N N V Q G K K G I Q Q L Q K W E D W V>

9010 9020 9030 9040 9050 9060  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 AGGATGGATA GGAAATATTC CACAATACTT AAAGGGACTA TTGGGAGGTA TCTTGGGAAT  
 TCCTACCTAT CCTTTATAAG GTGTTATGAA TTTCCCTGAT AACCTCCAT AGAACCTTA  
 G W I G N I P Q Y L K G L L G G I L G I>

9070 9080 9090 9100 9110 9120  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 AGGATTAGGA GTGTTATTAT TAATTTTATG TTTACCCACA TTGGTTGATT GTATAAGAAA  
 TCCTAATCCT CACAATAATA ATTAATAAC AAATGGGTGT AACCACTAA CATATTCTTT  
 G L G V L L L I L C L P T L V D C I R N>

9130 9140 9150 9160 9170 9180  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TTGTATCCAC AAGATACTAG GATACACAGT AATTGCAATG CCTGAAGTAG AAGGAGAAGA  
 AACATAGGTG TTCTATGATC CTATGTGTCA TTAACGTTAC GGACTTCATC TTCCTCTTCT  
 C I H K I L G Y T V I A M P E V E G E E>

9190 9200 9210 9220 9230 9240  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 AATACAACCA CAAATGGAAT TGAGGAGAAA TGGTAGGCAA TGTGGCATAT CTGAAAAAGA  
 TTATGTTGGT GTTTACCTTA ACTCCTCTTT ACCATCCGTT ACACCGTATA GACTTTTTCT  
 I Q P Q M E L R R N G R Q C G I S E K E>

9250 9260 9270 9280 9290 9300  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 GGAGGAATGA TGAAGTATCT CAGACTTATT TTATAAGGGA GATGCTGTGC TGAGTTCTTC  
 CCTCCTTACT ACTTCATAGA GTCTGAATAA AATATCCCT CTACGACACG ACTCAAGAAG  
 E E>

← ENV

9310 9320 9330 9340 9350 9360  
 \* \* \* \* \*

20/44

## Figure 1, continued

CCTTTGAGGA AGGTATGTCA TATGAATCCA TTTCAAATCA AATTAACTA ATAAAGTATG  
 GGAAACTCCT TCCATACAGT ATACTTAGGT AAAGTTTAGT TTAATTTGAT TATTCATAC

9370 9380 9390 9400 9410 9420  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TATTATAAGG TAAAAAGAAA AAAAGACAAA GAAGAAGAAG AAGGAAGAAA GCCTTCAAGA  
 ATAATATTCC ATTTTCTTT TTTTCTGTTT CTTCTTCTTC TTCCTTCTTT CGGAAGTTCT

9430 9440 9450 9460 9470 9480  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ATATGATGAC AGCTTTAGAA GATCGCTTTA GAAAGCTATT TGGCACAAAT TCTACAACGG  
 TATACTACTG TCGAAATCTT CTAGCGAAAT CTTTCGATAA ACCGTGTTTA AGATGTTGCC

9490 9500 9510 9520 9530 9540  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 GAGACAGTAC AGTGAATCT GACGATGAAC CTCCTAAAAA AGAAAAAAGG GTGGACTGGG  
 CTCTGTCATG TCACCTTAGA CTGCTACTTG GAGGATTTTT TCTTTTTTCC CACCTGACCC

9550 9560 9570 9580 9590 9600  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ATGAGTATTG GGACCCTGAA GAAATAGAAA GAATGCTTAT GGACTAGTGA CTGTTTACGA  
 TACTCATAAC CCTGGGACTT CTTTATCTTT CTTACGAATA CCTGATCACT GACAAATGCT

9610 9620 9630 9640 9650 9660  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 ACAAATGATA AATGATGGAA ACAGCTGAGC ATGACTCATA GTTAAAGCGC TAGCAGCTGC  
 TGTTTACTAT TTAATACCTT TGTCGACTCG TACTGAGTAT CAATTTTCGC ATCGTCGACG

9670 9680 9690 9700 9710 9720  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 TTAACCGCAA AACCACATCC TATGTAAAGC TTGCTGATGA CGTATAATTT GCTCCACTGT  
 AATTGGCGTT TTGGTGTAGG ATACATTTTCG AACGACTACT GCATATTAAA CGAGGTGACA

9730 9740 9750 9760 9770 9780  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 AAAAGTATAT AACCAGTGCT TTGTGAGACT TCGGGGAGTC TCTCCGTTGA GGACTTTCGA  
 TTTTCATATA TTGGTCACGA AACACTCTGA AGCCCCTCAG AGAGGCAACT CCTGAAAGCT

9790 9800 9810 9820 9830 9840  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 GTTCTCCCTT GAGGCTCCCA CAGATACAAT AAATATTTGA GATTGAACCC TGTCAAGTAT  
 CAAGAGGGAA CTCCGAGGGT GTCTATGTTA TTTATAAACT CTAACCTGGG ACAGTTCATA

9850 9860 9870 9880 9890  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 CTGTGTAATC TTTTTTACCT GTGAGGTCTC GGAATCCGGG CCGAGAACTT CGCA  
 GACACATTAG AAAAAATGGA CACTCCAGAG CCTTAGGCCG GGCTCTTGAA GCGT



FIG. 2B

FIV-NCSU g	70 *	80 *	90 *	100 *	110 *	120 *
	RLVICDLQER	REKFGSSKEI	DMAIVTLKVF	AVGLLNMTV	STAAAENMY	TQMGLDTRPS
1. FIV PPR [ 2141 ]						
	.....	.....	T.....	.....	.....	.....
2. FIV Z1 [ 2138 ]						
	.....	.....	.....	A.....	.....S.....	.....
3. FIV CG [ 2136 ]						
	.....	.....	.....	A.....	.....S.....	.....
4. FIV 14 [ 2132 ]						
	.....	.....	.....	A.....	.....S.....	.....
5. FIV TM1 [ 2012 ]						
SI.....D.....	.....	.....	T.....	A.....	.....T.....	.....
6. FIV TM2 [ 2012 ]						
SI.....D.....	.....	.....	T.....	A.....	.....T.....	.....

FIG. 2C

FIV-NCSU g	130	140	150	160	170	180
	*	*	*	*	*	*
MREAGGKEES		PPQASPIQTA	NGAPQYVALD	PKMVSIFMEK	AREGLGEEV	QLWFTAFSAN
1. FIV PPR [2141]						
TK	G	Y				
2. FIV Z1 [2138]						
K	G	Y	V			
3. FIV CG [2136]						
K	G	Y	V			
4. FIV 14 [2132]						
K	G	Y	V			
5. FIV TM1 [2012]						
V K. S	G	Y				
6. FIV TM2 [2012]						
V K. S	G	Y				

FIG. 2D

	190	200	210	220	230	240
FIV-NCSU g	*	*	*	*	*	*
	LTPTDMATLI	MAAPGCAADK	EILDESLKQL	TAEYDRTHPP	DGPRPLPYFT	AAEIMGIGLT
1. FIV PPR						
[2141]	.....	.....	.....	N.....	.....	.....
2. FIV Z1						
[2138]	.....	.....	.....	A.....	.....	.....
3. FIV CG						
[2136]	.....	.....	.....	A.....	.....	.....
4. FIV 14						
[2132]	.....	.....	.....	A.....	.....	.....
5. FIV TM1						
[2012]	S.....	S.....	T...M	.....	.....	.....
6. FIV TM2						
[2012]	S.....	S.....	T...M	.....	.....	.....

24/44



FIG. 2E

FIV-NCSU g		250	260	270	280	290	300
		* QEQQAEARFA	* PARMQCRAWY	* LEALGKLAAI	* KAKSPRAVQL	* RQAKEDYSS	* FIDRLFAQID
1. FIV PPR	[2141]						
2. FIV Z1	[2138]						
3. FIV CG	[2136]						
4. FIV 14	[2132]						
5. FIV TM1	[2012]						
6. FIV TM2	[2012]						
		P.			K.		
		P.			K.		

25/44

26/44

FIG. 2F

FIV-NCSU g	310 *	320 *	330 *	340 *	350 *	360 *
	QEONTAEVKL	YLKQSLSMAN	ANAECKKAMS	HLKPESTLEE	KLRACQEVGS	PGYKMQLLAE
1. FIV PPR [ 2141 ]	 	 I.	 	 	 I.	 
2. FIV Z1 [ 2138 ]	 	 I.	 D.	 	 I.	 
3. FIV CG [ 2136 ]	 	 I.	 D.	 	 I.	 
4. FIV 14 [ 2132 ]	 	 I.	 D.	 	 I.	 
5. FIV TM1 [ 2012 ]	 	 I.	 PD..R.	 	 	 
6. FIV TM2 [ 2012 ]	 	 I.	 PD..R.	 	 	 

FIG. 2G

27/44

FIV-NCSU g	370 *	380 *	390 *	400 *	410 *	420 *
ALTKVQVQS	KGSGPVCFNC	KKPGHLAKQC	RDVKCKNCKG	KPGHLAAKCV	QGGKKN	SGNW
1. FIV PPR [2141]						
2. FIV Z1 [2138]						
3. FIV CG [2136]						
4. FIV 14 [2132]						
5. FIV TM1 [2012]						
6. FIV TM2 [2012]						
	R..T..	PRL..	R..KEA.R..	N..KEA.R..	N..R.T..	E>
	R..T..	PRL..	R..KEA.R..	N..KEA.R..	N..R.T..	E>

28/44

FIG. 2H

FIV-NCSU g	430 ★	440 ★	450 ★
	KAGRAAAPVN	QVQQAVMP	SA PPMEERLLDL
1. FIV PPR [ 2141 ]			
.....			
		T	K.....>
2. FIV Z1 [ 2138 ]			
.....			
			K.....>
3. FIV CG [ 2136 ]			
.....			
		M	K.....>
4. FIV 14 [ 2132 ]			
.....			
		M	K.....>
5. FIV TM1 [ 2012 ]			
V.....			
		-IV	K.....>
6. FIV TM2 [ 2012 ]			
V.....			
		-IV	K.....>



30/44

FIG. 3B

env-NCSU 2	70	80	90	100	110	120
	* PKLQDLRNEL	* QEVKLEEGNA	* GKFRRARYLR	* YSDENVLSIV	* YLLIGYLRYL	* INRRSLGSLR
1. FIV 14						
[4221]	I	I	F	S	CI	120
	I	I	I	L	G	NK
2. FIV Z1						
[4202]	D	I	T	H	CI	120
	I	I	I	L	G	NK
3. FIV CG						
[4187]	I	I	F	R	CI	120
	I	I	I	L	G	NK
4. fiv19k						
[4168]	A	I	F	T	SFV	120
	I	R	I	LI	F	VD
	I	I	I	I	F	KKF
5. FIV PPR						
[4102]	R	E	F	S	LIH	120
	I	I	I	I	CT	V
	I	I	I	I	F	R

31/44

FIG. 3C

env-NCSU 2	130 *	140 *	150 *	160 *	170 *	180 *
HDIDIETPQE		EYYSNSERGT	TLNQKYARRC	CVSTLIMYLI	LFAVGIMWGA	RAQVWRLPP
1. FIV 14 [4221]	A . . . . .	C . N . R . K . . D . I . . G . . . .		LG . VTL . . . .	GII . YSTTN . . . . .	
2. FIV Z1 [4202]	A . . . . .	N . R . K . . D . I . . G . . . .		LG . VTL . . . .	G . IVYST . G . . . . .	
3. FIV CG [4187]	A . . . . .	C . N . R . K . . D . I . . G . . . .		LG . VTL . . . .	G . IVYST . G . . . . .	
4. fiv19k [4168]	A . . . . .	N . K . K . M . D . V . . GK . . . .		L . G . AAF . . . .	GII . IRTVD . . . . .	
5. FIV PPR [4102]	N . . . . .	Q . . SR . Q . . . E . I . . G . . . .		LIG . ASL . . . .	G . A . Y . L . TN . . . . .	

FIG. 3D

env-NCSU 2	190	200	210	220	230	240
	LVPVEESEI	IFWDCWAPEE	PACQDFLGAM	IHLKASTNIS	IQEGPTLGNW	AREIWGTLFK
1. FIV 14						
[ 4221 ]	.....	.....	.....	K.....	.....	240
2. FIV Z1						
[ 4202 ]	.....	.....	.....	K.....	.....	240
3. FIV CG						
[ 4187 ]	.....	D.....	.....	K.....	.....	240
4. fiv19k						
[ 4168 ]	.....	.....	.....	K.....	.....	240
5. FIV PPR						
[ 4102 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	240

32/44



33/44

FIG. 3E

env-NCSU 2	250	260	270	280	290	300
	*	*	*	*	*	*
KATRQCRGR						
1. FIV 14						
[ 4221 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			S	V		I
2. FIV Z1						
[ 4202 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			S	V		I
3. FIV CG						
[ 4187 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			S	V		I
4. fiv19k						
[ 4168 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			I	I	I	I
5. FIV PPR						
[ 4102 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	H	NK	V	I		

34/44

FIG. 3F

env-NCSU 2	310	320	330	340	350	360
	LTGGKMLYNK	YTKQLSYCTD	PLQIPLINYT	FGPNQTCMWN	TSQIQDPEIP	KCGWWNQRAY
1. FIV 14						
[ 4221 ]	V					360 M.
2. FIV Z1						
[ 4202 ]	V					360 M.
3. FIV CG						
[ 4187 ]	V					360 M.
4. fiv19k						
[ 4168 ]	E		Q			360 K.
5. FIV PPR						
[ 4102 ]	RD					360 I.

35/44

FIG. 3G

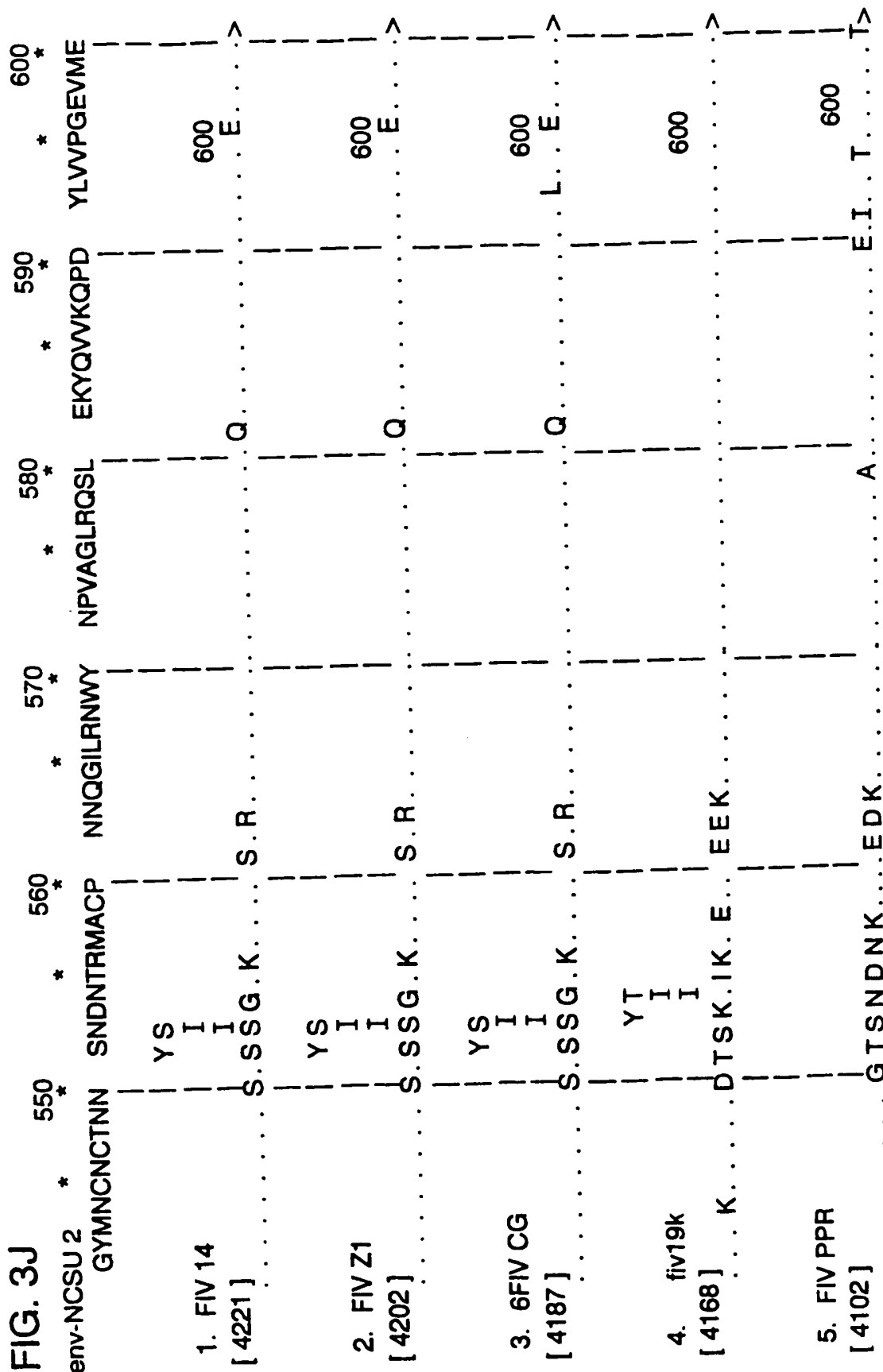
370	380	390	400	410	420
* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *
env-NCSU 2	YKNCKWEKTD	VKFHCQRTQS	QPGTWLRAIS	SWRQRNRWEW	RPDFESEKVK
YKNCKWEKTD	VKFHCQRTQS	QPGTWLRAIS	SWRQRNRWEW	RPDFESEKVK	ISLKNSTKN
1. FIV 14					
[4221]					
.NS....EAK.					
		S.F.	K.	K.	Q.
2. FIV Z1					
[4202]					
.NR....EAK.					
		S.R.	K.	L.	Q.
3. FIV CG					
[4187]					
.NS....EAK.					
		S.F.	K.	K.	P.
4. fiv19k					
[4168]					
.NQ..S..Q.					
		S.I.		R.	V.
5. FIV PPR					
[4102]					
.NS..R..S.N.					
		I.T.	K.	Q.	H.



FIG. 3I

env-NCSU 2	490	500	510	520	530	540
	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *
SGANPVDCTM	YANKMYNCSL	QNGFTMKVDD	LIMHFNMTKA	VEMYNIAGNW	SCTSDLPPTW	
1. FIV 14						
[ 4221 ]	S . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	540 SS >
2. FIV Z1						
[ 4202 ]	S . . . . .	. . . . .	V . . . . .	K . . . . .	. . . . .	540 SS >
3. FIV CG						
[ 4187 ]	S . . . . .	. . . . .	V . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	540 SS >
4. fiv19k						
[ 4168 ]	R . . . . .	D . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	M . . . . .	540 TN >
5. FIV PPR						
[ 4102 ]	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	K . . . . .	540 QN >

38/44



39/44

FIG. 3K

env-NCSU 2	610	620	630	640	650	660
	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *
YKTRRKRAAI	HVMLALATVL	SMAGAGTGAT	AIGMVTQYHQ	VLATHQEAIK	KVTEALKINN	
1. FIV 14						
[ 4221 ]					660	
P.	..	A.	I.	V.		^
2. FIV Z1						
[ 4202 ]					660	
P.	..	I.				^
3. FIV CG						
[ 4187 ]					660	
P.	..	I.		G.		^
4. fiv19k						
[ 4168 ]					660	
P.	..					^
5. FIV PPR						
[ 4102 ]					660	
YKQ	..	I.	I.	Q.	LD.I	^

FIG. 3L

40/44

env-NCSU 2	670	680	690	700	710	720
	LRLVTLEHQV	LVIGLKVEAM	EKFLYTAFAM	QELGCNQNQF	FCKVPPPELWM	RYNMSINQTI
1. FIV 14						
[ 4221 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	I.....	720 T.....>
2. FIV Z1						
[ 4202 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	I..G..T.....	720 T.....>
3. FIV CG						
[ 4187 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	I..L...T.....	720 T.....>
4. fiv19k						
[ 4168 ]	.....	.....	.....	.....	L...R...L.....	720 T.....>
5. FIV PPR						
[ 4102 ]	.....M.....	.....I.....	.....	.....	EI..K...L.....	720 TL.....>





42/44

FIG. 3N

env-NCSU 2	790	800	810	820	830	840
	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *
	KGLLGGILGI	GLGVLLILC	LPTLVDCIRN	CIHKILGYTV	IAMPEVEGEE	IQPQMELRRN
1. FIV 14						
[ 4221 ]						
2. FIV Z1						
[ 4202 ]						
3. FIV CG						
[ 4187 ]						
4. fiv19k						
[ 4168 ]						
	I . . . . .	I . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	D . D . E .	. . . . .
5. FIV PPR						
[ 4102 ]						
	I . . . . .	I . . . . .	. . . . .	S . V . . . . .	I D D . . . . .	E T V . . . . .
						K ^

43/44

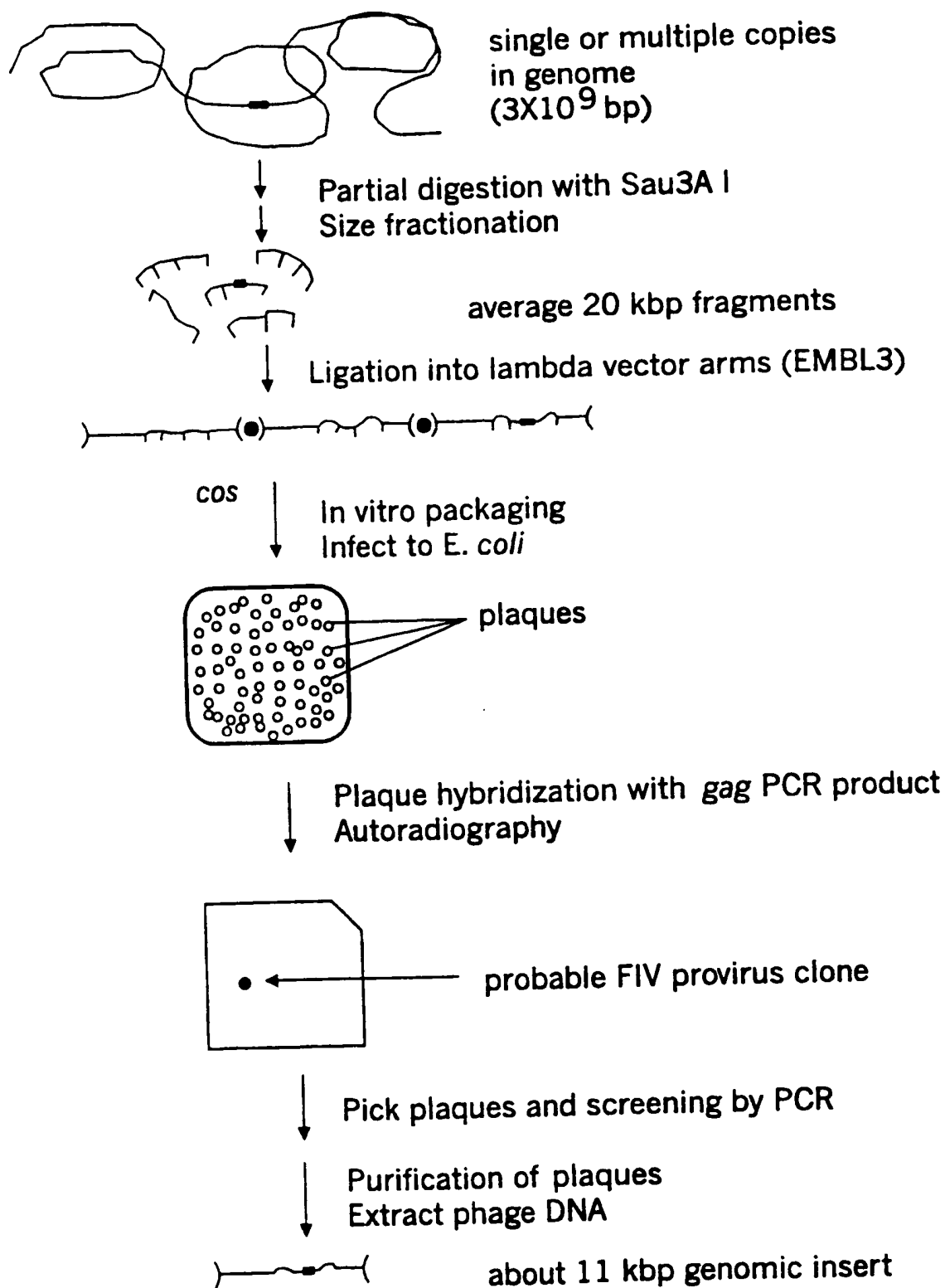
FIG. 30

env-NCSU 2                      850  
                                 \*           \*  
                                 GRQCGISEKE EE

1. FIV 14	
[ 4221 ]	
.....M.....>	
2. FIV Z1	
[ 4202 ]	
.....M.....>	
3. FIV CG	
[ 4187 ]	
.....M.....>	
4. fiv19k	
[ 4168 ]	
.....M.....>	
5. FIV PPR	
[ 4102 ]	
.....M.....>	

44/44

FIG. 4



# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.

PCT/US 98/04147

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 6 C12N15/49 C12N15/73 C12N15/86 C12N7/00 C12N5/10  
C12N1/19 C12N1/21 C07K14/155 A01K67/027

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6 C12N C07K A01K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	JOO-SUNG YANG ET AL: "MOLECULARLY CLONED FELINE IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS NCSU1 JSY3 INDUCES IMMUNODEFICIENCY IN SPECIFIC-PATHOGEN-FREE CATS" JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, vol. 70, no. 5, May 1996, pages 3011-3017, XP000605486 see abstract see page 3012 see page 3016, column 2, paragraph 2	1-9, 11, 12, 19-21
Y	---	10, 13-18
Y	WO 95 05460 A (UNIV NORTH CAROLINA ; TOMPKINS WAYNE A F (US); TOMPKINS MARY B (US)) 23 February 1995 see abstract see claims 1-11 -----	10, 13-18



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



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Date of the actual completion of the international search

17 June 1998

Date of mailing of the international search report

24/06/1998

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### Information on patent family members

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